OFA Interoperability Working Group

OFA-IWG Interoperability Test Plan Release 1.50



March 25, 2014 DRAFT

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Revision	Release Date		
0.50	Apr 4, 2006	•	First FrameMaker Draft of the Interop Test Plan which was used in the March 2006 IBTA-OpenFabrics Plugfest.
0.51	Apr 25, 2006	•	Added DAPL and updated MPI.
0.511	June 1, 2006	•	Arkady Added iWARP.
0.52	May 30, 2006	•	Added Intel MPI.
0.53	June 6, 2006	•	Updated uDAPL section provided by Arkady.
).54	June 13, 2006	•	Updated entire Test Spec based on changes made by Arkady to incorporate iWARP into the Test Spec.
0.80	June 14, 2006	•	Updated for the OFA conference in Paris and for BoD meeting. Added OFA logo and URL.
1.0	June 21, 2006	•	Released after review and approval at the OFA conference in Paris.
1.01	Aug 17, 2006	•	Updated the iWARP Equipment requirements in the General System Setup section.
1.02	Oct 31, 2006	•	Updated Table 4 for iSER, Table 5 for SRP, Table 10 for uDAPL and corresponding info in Tables 17,18 and 22 as per request by Arkady.
		•	Added new test section from Bob Jaworski for Fibre Channel Gateway.
1.03	Dec 10, 2006	•	Updated test procedures based on the October 2006 OFA Interop Event.
		•	Updated Fibre Channel Gateway test based on changes submitted by Karun Sharma (QLogic).
		•	Added Ethernet Gateway test written by Karun Sharma (QLogic).
1.04	Mar 6, 2007	•	Updated test procedures in preparation for the April 2007 OFA Interop Event
1.05	Mar 7, 2007	•	Updated iWARP test procedures based on review by Mik- kel Hagen of UNH-IOL. Added missing results tables.
1.06	April 3, 2007	•	Updated for April 2007 Interop Event based on review from OFA IWG Meeting on 3/27/07.
1.07	April 3, 2007	•	Updated for April 2007 Interop Event based on review from OFA IWG Meeting on 4/3/07
1.08	April 4, 2007	•	Added list of Mandatory Tests for April 2007 Interop Event.
1.09	April 9, 2007	•	Updated Intel MPI based on review by Arlin Davis.
1.10	April 10, 2007	•	Updated after final review by Arlin Davis and after the OFA IWG meeting on 4/10/2007

Revision History

Revision	Release Date	
1.11	Sep 7, 2007	 Updated with the latest scripts developed by UNH IOL and based on the results from the April 2007 Interop Event
1.12	Sep 12, 2007	Updated the documents to embed the test scripts in the document.
.13	Jan 22, 2008	 Updated the documents for the March 2008 OFA Interop event. IPoIB updated along with Cover Page and the Test Requirements section.
1.14	Feb 11, 2008	Added the following tests:
		1. Ethernet Switch Tests
		2. IPoIB Connected Mode
		3. RDMA Interop
		• 4. RDS
.15	Feb 18, 2008	Updates to the following tests:
		1. Ethernet Switch Tests
		2. IPoIB Connected Mode
		3. RDMA Interop
.16	Feb 25, 2008	Removed all reference to Low Latency Ethernet Switches. This is the version for the March 2008 Interop Event
1.17	March 3, 2008	Added HP-MPI
1.18	July 22, 2008	Updated HP-MPI based on results from the March 2008 Interop Event
.19	July 28, 2008	Updated HP-MPI URL for the tests.
		Added section for Open MPI
		Updated MPI based on feedback from UNH IOL
.20	July 30, 2008	Updated section for Open MPI and added tables
		Updated IB SM Failover as per Nick Wood
.21	Aug 1, 2008	Updated SRP call srp_daemon -o -e -n
		Updated IB SM Failover as Bob Jaworski
		Updated HP-MPI
		Updated Intel MPI
		Updated Open MPI
.22	Aug 29, 2008	Added a section for MVAPICH 1 under OSU MPI
1.23	Feb 16, 2009	 Updated Link Init, Fabric Init, SRP, SDP, IPoIB CM, IPoIB DM based on updates received from UNH-IOL

Revision	Release Date	
24	Feb 23, 2009	Updated Intel MPI and Open MPI to reflect the fact that they are not intended to work in a heterogeneous environ- ment.
		Updated the RDS test procedure
		Updated the Test Glossary
		Updated the Mandatory test table for April 2009
5	Feb 24, 2009	Updated the RDS Test after review by the OFA IWG group.
26	Mar 13, 2009	Restructured entire document to accommodate WinOF and OFED
		Added NFS over RDMA to the test plan.
		Added WinOF tests
		Updated HP-MPI
		Add List of Contributors
27	Mar 17, 2009	Updates based on the review from the OFA IWG
28	Mar 27, 2009	Added links in Chapter 10 to the InfiniBand Test Scripts
		Added links to HP-MPI installation Packages
29	Aug 25, 2009	 Editorial & Technical updates based on April 2009 Interop Event.
		Updated Mandatory tests for October 2009.
		Added Topology Check
		Added new Firmware Policy
80	Sep 4, 2009	 Updated Mandatory iWARP tests and several comments based on the review from Harry Cropper
		 Added changes suggested by Jess Robel from QLogic to IPoIB DM and CM and Fabric Init.
31	April 6, 2010	Added definition of homogenous to Test Glossary
		Added updates from the November 2009 Interop Event
32	April 20, 2010	Updated after the OFA IWG meeting on 4/6/2010
		 Updated MPI and MVAPICH based on changes request- ed by Jeff Laird and Intel
33	April 23, 2010	Major changes to Section 8 which describes the Software and Firmware polices
34	July 20, 2010	 Changed uDAPL for iWARP to Beta for Aug 2010 GA Event
		Removed HP MPI which is no longer supported
		 Added -mca mpi_leave_pinned 0 for OpenMPI
		• Add new parameters for MVAPICH2 for iWARP devices.

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.35	July 27, 2010	Added new parameters for MVAPICH2 for iWARP devic- es. The parameter is: MV2_USE_RDMA_CM=1
.36	Feb 22, 2011	Added Link Init section as per changes provided by Chris Hutchins and approved by OFA IWG.
		• Updated Test Plan Status for April 2011 and October 2011
		Nick Wood from UNH-IOL updated NFSoRDMA
		• Marty requested that we update SRP Results Table 6 and remove the disconnect commands.
37	Oct 4, 2011	Updated Test Plan Status for November 2011
		Added new Test Table for OS and OFED versions
		Nick Wood updated Link Init for IB
		Chris Hutchins updated RDMA Interop and RDMA Stress
		Removed XANSation testing
.38	Oct 11, 2011	Changed Link Init Section from Recommendation to MOI
		Updated Section 8 for Firmware, Software and Hardware Policies to bring in line with Logo Program Document
		Updated InfiniBand Test Table 24
39	Oct 24, 2011	 Updated Open MPI as per changes submitted by Nick Wood
		 Updated RDMA Interop small test: drop iterations from 100000 to 25000
		 Updated RDMA Interop large test, increase iterations from 100 to 300
		 Updated IPoIB Part A:, drop iterations (number of pings) from 100 to 10.
40	Oct 25, 2011	Modified the following sections
		• 12.6.9 iwarp client 100000 -> 25000
		• 12.6.13
		 olarge read client 65536 -> 1000000
		 olarge write client 65536 -> 1000000
		Added large send command (section c)

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Revision	Release Date	
1	Mar 20, 2012	General Instructions: Added note that the OpenSM will be used to run all mandatory tests in the test plan and the Vendor SM testing will include testing IPoIB, RDMA In- terop and Open MPI testing.
		• General Instructions: The OFILG decided as of April 2012 that the various ULPs contained in this test plan will only be tested if it is supported by the Operating System.
		 Logo Program Requirements: updated IB and iWARP. Made NFSoRDMA Mandatory and MVAPICH Optional.
		IPoIB: Modified the way IPoIB is set to connected or data- gram mode
		IPolB: Changed the ping interval in IPolB tests from 0.01 to 0.2
		 IPolB: Reduced number of frame sizes tested in the Ping Test.
		MVAPICH: Made testing of MVAPICH 1 & 2 Optional
		NFSoRDMA: Eliminate the need to specify nfs-utils in the NFSoRDMA installation section
		 NFSoRDMA: Changed the way the servers are mounted in NFSoRDMA
		SDP: Eliminated the need for vsftpd in SDP
		SDP: Eliminated the environment variables section in SDP
		 SDP: Changed the way the netperf server is started in SDP
		 SDP: Made SDP mandatory only for those Operating Systems that support it.
		• SRP: Mandated that Targets only advertise two volumes in order to reduce the amount of time required to run the tests
.42	Apr 3, 2012	 Updated Ethernet Test requirements to move NFSoRDMA to Beta for April 2012
		 Changed the status of Intel MPI and OSU MVAPICH to deprecated meaning the tests are no longer being run or supported.
		Updated SRP notes as per Marty Schlining
3	Aug 14, 2012	 Updated the definition for \$NP in MVAPICH section 12.10.2, 2, ii
		 Updated Mandatory test tables for iWARP and IB
		 Cleared all change bars for October 2012 Interop event
		5 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·

Revision	Release Date	
.44	Sep 18, 2012	Removed Intel MPI because it is not Open Source
		Removed SDP because no longer supported in OFED
		 Removed Ethernet Fabric Initialize, Failover and recon- vergence. No longer applicable given DCB etc.
		 Removed TI RDS for iWARP because RDS does not sup- port iWARP
		 Remove iWARP Connectivity - replaced by RDMA Interop test section
		Added section 8 for OS Installation and OS Policy
5	Oct 9, 2012	Add second test of SRP
		Add RoCE test sections
46	Dec 17 2012	Added note about NetApp Targets to SRP section
		Added Ubuntu notes to section 9.2.2.1
		Added Ubuntu notes to section 11.2.2 Fabric Init
		Added Ubuntu notes to section 11.6 SRP
		Added Ubuntu notes to section 13.2.1 NFSoRDMA
		Added Ubuntu notes to section 13.3.1 RDS
		Added Ubuntu notes to section 13.5 RDMA Basic Interop
		Added Ubuntu notes to section 13.5 RDMA Stress Test
7-v2	Mar 26,2013	Updated the requirements for the OFILP for April 2013
		 RoCE Updates suggested by IBM
		 Updated Section 9 regarding the OS and OFED
		 Added RoCE Stress Test to Table 16 and updated Section 13.6 RDMA Stress test
		Added RSockets to the list of tests for future adoption
		Added IPv6 to the list of tests for future adoption
		 Added Bonding for RoCE Ethernet interfaces to the list of tests for future adoption
7-v3	April 16, 2013	 Updated section 3.1 of the uDAPL test plan as per sug- gestion from Nate Landolt (UNH-IOL). Changed second
		RR to RW
8-v2	May 21, 2013	Corrected typo in 13.5.12 - Nate Rubin
		 Added Open MPI Command line for RoCE as reported by Jeff Kopko from Emulex in 13.7.6
		 Updated RDMA Basic Interop Tests for Emulex. Specified the max depth to be -t 127. See Sections 13.5.9, 13.5.11, 13.5.13
		 Added section 13.7.2 on how to Install Open MPI for OFED 3.5 and later
		 Added section 13.7.3 on how to configure and build Open MPI 1.6.x for PowerLinux systems
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Revision	Release Date	
1.48-v3	May 22, 2013	 Changed max depth to 126 for Emulex cards in section 13.5.xx Addedmca btl openib,self to the PowerLinux command line in section 13.7.6
		Updated Topology Diagrams for IB, iWARP and RoCE
1.48-v4	May 23, 2013	• Updated the language in Sections 13.7.1-9 and 13.7.4-3 as per feedback from Brad Benton.
1.49-v1	Aug 11 2013	 Updated the mandatory requirements for IB, iWARP and ROCE.
1.49-v2	Aug 13 2013	 Updated the description of the Emulex ROCE hardware as per the request of Jeff Kopko.
1.49-v3	Sep 9, 2013	 Updated the NFSoRDMA Section as per the notes from Nate Rubin of UNH-IOL
1.49-v4	Sep 24, 2013	Updated the RSockets Section as per the notes from Nate Rubin of UNH-IOL
1.49-v5	Oct 21, 2013	 Updated the RSockets Section to include the LD_PRELOAD command and also to change the -T op- tion for the server to match with the Client -T command
		 Updated the RDMA Interop section to remove the depre- cated rdma_bw commands from the iWARP section. As of OFED 3,5, iWARP must use the commands ib_write_bw - R -x 0, ib_send_bw -R -x 0 and ib_read_bw -R -x 0.
1.49-v6	Nov 5, 2013	Updated the RDMA Interop section to remove the special Emulex option -t 126 which is no loner needed.
		• Updated the RDMA Interop section to include the "-s" option for bot the server and the client in all operations.
1.50-v1	Mar, 25 2014	 Updated document for April 2014 Interop Event Added IpoCE to RoCE specific test pan

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	Conditional text tag <i>Proposal</i> is shown in turquoise (r0_g128_b128).	18 19
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		40 41

OFA Interoperability Working Group OFA-IWG INTEROPERABILITY TEST PLAN	Introduction RELEASE 1.50	March 25, 2014 DRAFT
1 INTRODUCTION		1
	Server OEM customers have expressed the ne ware to interoperate.	3
	Specifically, InfiniBand HCA, OpenFabrics host finiBand Switches, gateways, and bridges with by OEMs, and IB integrated server OEM vendo Fabrics host software to interoperate with Ether software and hardware provided by Ethernet Sy grated server OEM vendors.	management software provided ⁵ rs. And, iWARP RNIC and Open- ⁶ rnet Switches and management 7
	It is necessary that the interoperability test effort interoperability testing is conducted under the a working organizations. For InfiniBand it is the IB of the CIWG and for iWARP it is the IETF.	uspices of the appropriate net- 11
1.1 PURPOSE		14
	This document is intended to describe the prod plaining each test and its references. The purpo	
	 Define the scope, equipment and software verifying full interoperability of RDMA HW a InfiniBand HCAs using the latest OpenFabr available OEM Switches and their manager IB Switch vendors are Intel and Mellanox. F RNICs using the latest OpenFabrics OFED OEM Ethernet Switches, Bridges, Gateway their management software. 	needs, and test procedures for and SW. For Infiniband HW it is ics OFED software with currently ment software. The target OEM18 19 20 20For iWARP HW it is iWARP software with currently available s, Edge Devices and so on with23
	 Serve as a basis for evaluating customer as software interoperability and OFA Logo. 	25
	 Serve as a basis for extensions to InfiniBan lated to interoperability and use of these tes PlugFest events organized by IBTA. 	
	Serve as a basis for extensions to iWARP t software related to interoperability and use coming PlugFest events organized by the L	of these test procedures in up- 30
1.2 INTENDED AUDIENCE		32
	The following are the intended audience for this	document: 33
	 Project managers in OEM Switch, Router, Onies to understand the scope of testing and this test plan and procedures as necessary 	participate in the extension of 36
	 IBTA and CIWG, and iWARP and UNH IOL companies to evaluate the scope of testing of this test plan and procedures as necessary 	iWARP testing personnel and and participate in the extension ary to meet their requirements.
	 Test engineering and project leads and man testing based on this document. 	40

 5) Integrators and OEM of RDMA products. 1.3 TEST PLAN STRUCTURE This test plan is divided into two main sections. 1) Interoperability testing using OFED for Linux. a) See Sections 10-12 2) Interoperability testing using WinOFED for Windows Platforms. a) See Section 13 Sections 1.4 through 1.10 provide an overview of the tests which are described in detail in sections 10 through 13.	OFA Interoperability Working Group OFA-IWG INTEROPERABILITY TEST PLAN	Introduction RELEASE 1.50	March 25, 2014 DRAFT
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2) Interoperability testing using WinOFED for Windows Platforms. a) See Section 13 Sections 1.4 through 1.10 provide an overview of the tests which are described in detail in sections 10 through 13.			
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Sections 1.4 through 1.10 provide an overview of the tests which are described in detail in sections 10 through 13.			
in detail in sections 10 through 13.		,	
in detail in sections 10 through 13.			
			of the tests which are described

1.4 INFINIBAND ONLY - TEST OVERVIEW 1 2 The tables below list all of the specific test procedures for InfiniBand Devices. See the Transport Independent section for tests that apply to all transports. 3 4 5 Table 1 - IB Link Initialize 6 7 Test Description Test # 8 1 Phy link up all ports Check that all relevant LEDs are on for all HCAs and switches. 9 10 11 12 Table 2 - IB Fabric Initialization 13 Test Description Test # 14 15 1 Fabric Initialization Run SM from each node in cluster and see that all ports are in Armed or Active state. 16 Table 3 - IB IPoIB - Connect Mode (CM) 17 18 Test Description Test # 19 20 1 Ping all to all Run SM from one of the nodes and check all nodes responding. Repeat with all SMs. 21 2 Connect disconnect host Run SM from one of the nodes and check all nodes responding. 22 3 FTP Procedure Using a 4MB test file, put the file, then get the file and finally compare the file. 23 24 25 Table 4 - IB IPoIB - Datagram Mode (DM) 26 27 Test Description Test # 28 Ping all to all 1 Run SM from one of the nodes and check all nodes responding. Repeat with all SMs. 29 30 2 Connect disconnect host Run SM from one of the nodes and check all nodes responding. 31 3 Using a 4MB test file, put the file, then get the file and finally compare the file. **FTP** Procedure 32 33

Table 5 - IB SM Tests

			38
Test #	Test	Description	39
1	Basic sweep test	verify that all SMs are NOT ACTIVE (after receiving the SMSet of SMInfo to DISABLE) and that the selected SM (SM1) is the master (40 41 42

Table 5 - IB SM Tests

Test #	Test	Description
2	SM Priority test	Verify Subnet and SMs behavior according to the SMs priority.
3	Failover - Disable SM1	Disable the master SM and verify that standby SM becomes master and configures the cluster.
4	Failover - Disable SM2	Disable the master SM and verify that standby SM becomes master and configures the cluster.

Table 6 - IB SRP Tests

Test #	Test	Description
1	Basic dd application	Run basic dd application from SRP host connected to target.
2	IB SM kill	Kill the IB master SM while test is running and check that it completes properly.
3	Disconnect Host	Unload SRP Host and check SRP connection properly disconnected.
4	Disconnect Target	Unload SRP Target and check SRP connection properly disconnected.

Table 7 - IB Ethernet Gateway

Test #	Test	Description
1	Basic Setup	Connect the HCA of the IB host and Ethernet Gateway to the IB fabric. Connect the Ethernet gateway to the Ethernet network or Ethernet device. Start the SM to be used in this test.
2	Start ULP	Determine which ULP your ethernet gateway uses and be sure that ULP is running on the host.
3	Discover Gateway	Restart the ULP or using the tool provided by the ULP, make sure that the host "discovers" the Ethernet Gateway.
4	SM Failover	While the ping is running, kill the master SM. Verify that the ping data transfer is unaffected.
5	Ethernet gateway reboot	Reboot the Ethernet Gateway. After the Ethernet Gateway comes up, verify that the host can discover the Ethernet Gateway as it did before and we are able to configure the interfaces.
6	ULP restart	Restart the ULP used by Ethernet Gateway and verify that after the ULP comes up, the host can discover the Ethernet Gateway and we are able to configure the interfaces.
7	Unload/load ULP	Unload the ULP used by Ethernet Gateway and check that the Ethernet Gateway shows it disconnected. Load the ULP and verify that the Ethernet gateway shows the connection.

Table 8 - IB Fibre Channel Gateway

Test #	Test	Description	38
1	Basic Setup	Connect the HCA of the IB host to the IB fabric. Connect the FC Gateway to the IB Fabric. Connect the FC Gateway to the FC network or FC device. Start the SM to be used in this test.	39 40
2	Configure Gateway	Configure the FC Gateway appropriately (how to do this is vendor specific).	41

Test #	Test	Description
3	Add Storage Device	Use ibsrpdm tool in order to have the host "see" the FC storage device. Add the storage device as target.
4	Basic dd application	Run basic dd application from SRP host connected to target.
5	IB SM kill	Kill the IB master SM while test is running and check that it completes properly.
6	Disconnect Host/Target	Unload the SRP host / SRP Target (target first/host first) and check that the SRP connection is properly disconnected.
7	Load Host/Target	Load the SRP host / SRP Target. Using ibsrpdm, add the target.
8	dd after SRP Host and Target reloaded	Run basic dd application from the SRP host to the FC storage device.
9	Reboot Gateway	Reboot the FC Gateway. After FC Gateway comes up, verify using ibsrpdm tool that the host see the FC storage device. Add the storage device as target.
10	dd after FC Gateway reboot	Verify basic dd works after rebooting Gateway.

 Table 8 - IB Fibre Channel Gateway

Ethernet Only - Test Overview RELEASE 1.50

1.5 ETHERNET ONLY - TEST OVERVIEW

The tables below list all of the specific test procedures for iWARP and Ethernet2Devices. See the Transport Independent section for tests that apply to all transports.3

Table 9 - iWARP Link Initialize

Test #	Test	Description	
1	Phy link up all ports	Check that all relevant green LEDs are on for all RN ICs and switches.	
2	Verify basic IP connectiv- ity	Verify IP and RDMA connectivity can occur by driving minimum size ICMP echo requests and replies across the link or equivalent traffic.	

Table 10 - RoCE Link Initialize

Test #	Test	Description
1	Phy link up all ports	Check that all relevant green LEDs are on for all RCAs and switches.
2	Verify basic IP connectiv- ity	Verify IP and RDMA connectivity can occur by driving minimum size ICMP echo requests and replies across the link or equivalent traffic.

Transport Independent - Test Overview RELEASE 1.50

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1.6 TRANSPORT INDEPENDENT - TEST OVERVIEW

The tables below list the test procedures that apply to devices regardless of the 2 transport.

Table 11 - TI iSER

Test #	Test	Description
1	Basic dd application	Run basic dd application from iSER host connected to target.
2	IB SM kill	[IB Specific] - Kill the IB master SM while test is running and check that it completes properly.
3	Disconnect Initiator	Unload iSER Host and check iSER connection properly disconnected.
4	Disconnect Target	Unload iSER Target and check iSER connection properly disconnected.
5	Repeat with previous SM Slave	[IB Specific Test] Repeat steps 1-4 now with the previous slave SM (we did not actually stop the target).

Table 12 - TI NFS Over RDMA

Test #	Test	Description
1	File and directory creation	A total of six files and six directories are created
2	File and directory removal	removes the directory tree that was just created by test1
3	Lookups across mount point	changes directory to the test directory and gets the file status of the working directory
4	Setattr, getattr, and lookup	Permissions are changed (chmod) and the file status is retrieved (stat) for each file
5	Read and write	Creates a file (creat), Gets status of file (fstat), Checks size of file, Writes 1048576 bytes into the file (write) in 8192 byte buffers, Closes file (close), Gets status of file (stat), Checks the size of the file
6	Readdir	The program creates 200 files (creat). The current directory is opened (opendir), the begin- ning is found (rewinddir), and the directory is read (readdir) in a loop until the end is found
7	Link and rename	This program creates ten files. For each of these files, the file is renamed (rename) and file statistics are retrieved (stat) for both the new and old names
8	Symlink and readlink	This program makes 10 symlinks (symlink). It reads (readlink), and gets statistics for (lstat) each, and then removes them (unlink).
9	Statfs	This program changes directory to the test directory (chdir and/or mkdir) and gets the file system status on the current directory (statfs).

Table 13 - TI RDS

Test	Description	40
rds-ping procedure	Run rds-ping and verify that you can reach all hosts in the cluster	41

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Table 13 - TI RDS

Test #	Test	Description	
2	rds-stress procedure	Set up passive receiving instance and an active sender and verify data is exchanged without error	

Table 14 - TI uDAPL

Test #	Test	Description	
1	Point-to-Point Topology	Connection and simple send receive.	
2	Point-to-Point Topology	Verification, polling and scatter gather list.	
3	Switched Topology	Verification and private data.	
4	Switched Topology	Add multiple endpoints, polling, and scatter gather list.	
5	Switched Topology	Add RDMA Write.	
6	Switched Topology	Add RDMA Read.	
7	Multiple Switches	Multiple threads, RDMA Read, and RDMA Write.	
8	Multiple Switches	Pipeline test with RDMA Write and scatter gather list.	
9	Multiple Switches	Pipeline with RDMA Read.	
10	Multiple Switches	Multiple switches.	

Table 15 - RDMA Basic Interop

Test #	Test	Description	
1	Small RDMA READ	Create an RDMA command sequence to send a READ operation of one byte.	
2	Large RDMA READ	Create an RDMA command sequence to send a READ operation of 10,000,000 bytes	
3	Small RDMA Write	Create an RDMA command sequence to send a Write operation of one byte	
4	Large RDMA Write	Create an RDMA command sequence to send a Write operation of 10,000,000 bytes	
5	Small RDMA SEND	Create an RDMA command sequence to send a SEND operation of one byte.	
6	Large RDMA SEND	Create an RDMA command sequence to send a SEND operation of one million bytes	
7	Small RDMA Verify	Create an RDMA command sequence to send a VERIFY operation of one byte.	
8	Large RDMA Verify	Create an RDMA command sequence to send a VERIFY operation of 10,000,000 bytes	

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Table 16 - RDMA Stress Tests

Test #	Test	Description
1	Switch Load	For one pair of endpoints generate a stream of RDMA READ operation in one direction and RDMA write operations in the opposite direction. For all remaining endpoint pairs configure an RDMA WRITE operation of 1 byte and have it sent 10000 times on both streams of the endpoint pair.
2	Switch Fan In	Connect all possible endpoint pairs such that data exchanges between pairs must traverse the pair of ports interconnecting the switch
3	RoCE Stress Test	Stress the RoCE adapter by simultaneously transmitting both RoCE/IB traffic and IP level Ether- net traffic

Table 17 - RSockets

Test #	Test	Description	
1	Socket calls	For each client, run socket tests for all size transfers rstream -s <server-ip-address> -T s -S all</server-ip-address>	
2	Asynchronous calls	For each client run asynchronous tests for all size transfers rstream -s <server-ip-address> -T a -S all</server-ip-address>	
3	Blocking calls	For each client run blocking tests for all size transfers rstream -s <server-ip-address> -T b -S all</server-ip-address>	
4	Non-blocking calls	For each client run blocking tests for all size transfers rstream -s <server-ip-address> -T n -S all</server-ip-address>	
5	Verified transfers	For each client run blocking tests for all size transfers rstream -s <server-ip-address> -T v -S all</server-ip-address>	

1.7 OPEN MPI - TEST OVERVIEW

Table 18 - TI - O	nen MPI Test	Suite Description
1010 - 11 - 0	pen mir i rese	Sunc Description

Test #	Open MPI TESTs	Open MPI TESTs Suite Description	
		Phase 1: "Short" tests	
1	2	OMPI built with OpenFabrics support	
2	3	OMPI basic functionality (hostname)	
3	4.1	Simple MPI functionality (hello_c)	
4	4.2	Simple MPI functionality (ring_c)	
5	5	Point-to-point benchmark (NetPIPE)	
6	6.1.1	Point-to-point benchmark (IMB PingPong multi)	
7	6.1.2	Point-to-point benchmark (IMB PingPing multi)	
		Phase 2: "Long" tests	
8	6.2.1	Point-to-point benchmark (IMB PingPong)	
9	6.2.2	Point-to-point benchmark (IMB PingPing)	
10	6.2.3	Point-to-point benchmark (IMB Sendrecv)	
11	6.2.4	Point-to-point benchmark (IMB Exchange)	
12	6.2.5	Collective benchmark (IMB Bcast)	
13	6.2.6	Collective benchmark (IMB Allgather)	
14	6.2.7	Collective benchmark (IMB Allgatherv)	
15	6.2.8	Collective benchmark (IMB Alltoall)	
16	6.2.9	Collective benchmark (IMB Reduce)	
17	6.2.10	Collective benchmark (IMB Reduce_scatter)	
18	6.2.11	Collective benchmark (IMB Allreduce)	
19	6.2.12	Collective benchmark (IMB Barrier)	
20	6.3.1	I/O benchmark (IMB S_Write_Indv)	
21	6.3.2	I/O benchmark (IMB S_IWrite_Indv)	
22	6.3.3	I/O benchmark (IMB S_Write_Expl)	
23	6.3.4	I/O benchmark (IMB S_IWrite_Expl)	
24	6.3.5	I/O benchmark (IMB P_Write_Indv)	
25	6.3.6	I/O benchmark (IMB P_IWrite_Indv)	
26	6.3.7	I/O benchmark (IMB P_Write_Shared)	

Test # Open MPI TESTs Open MPI TESTs Suite Description				
27	6.3.8	I/O benchmark (IMB P_IWrite_Shared)		
28	6.3.9	I/O benchmark (IMB P_Write_Priv)		
29	6.3.10	I/O benchmark (IMB P_IWrite_Priv)		
30	6.3.11	I/O benchmark (IMB P_Write_Expl)		
31	6.3.12	I/O benchmark (IMB P_IWrite_Expl)		
32	6.3.13	I/O benchmark (IMB C_Write_Indv)		
33	6.3.14	I/O benchmark (IMB C_IWrite_Indv)		
34	6.3.15	I/O benchmark (IMB C_Write_Shared)		
35	6.3.16	I/O benchmark (IMB C_IWrite_Shared)		
36	6.3.17	I/O benchmark (IMB C_Write_Expl)		
37	6.3.18	I/O benchmark (IMB C_IWrite_Expl)		
38	6.3.19	I/O benchmark (IMB S_Read_Indv)		
39	6.3.20	I/O benchmark (IMB S_IRead_Indv)		
40	6.3.21	I/O benchmark (IMB S_Read_Expl)		
41	6.3.22	I/O benchmark (IMB S_IRead_Expl)		
42	6.3.23	I/O benchmark (IMB P_Read_Indv)		
43	6.3.24	I/O benchmark (IMB P_IRead_Indv)		
44	6.3.25	I/O benchmark (IMB P_Read_Shared)		
45	6.3.26	I/O benchmark (IMB P_IRead_Shared)		
46	6.3.27	I/O benchmark (IMB P_Read_Priv)		
47	6.3.28	I/O benchmark (IMB P_IRead_Priv)		
48	6.3.29	I/O benchmark (IMB P_Read_Expl)		
49	6.3.30	I/O benchmark (IMB P_IRead_Expl)		
50	6.3.31	I/O benchmark (IMB C_Read_Indv)		
51	6.3.32	I/O benchmark (IMB C_IRead_Indv)		
52	6.3.33	I/O benchmark (IMB C_Read_Shared)		
53	6.3.34	I/O benchmark (IMB C_IRead_Shared)		
54	6.3.35	I/O benchmark (IMB C_Read_Expl)		
55	6.3.36	I/O benchmark (IMB C_IRead_Expl)		
56	6.3.37	I/O benchmark (IMB Open Close)		

Table 18 - TI - Open MPI Test Suite Description

1.8 OSU MPI - TEST OVERVIEW

Table 19 - TI - OSU MPI

Test #	Test	Description
1	Test 1: PingPong	
2	Test 1: PingPing point-to-point	
3	Test 2: PingPong	
4	Test 2: PingPing	
5	Test 2: Sendrecv	
6	Test 2: Exchange	
7	Test 2: Bcast	
8	Test 2: Allgather	
9	Test 2: Allgatherv	
10	Test 2: Alltoall	
11	Test 2: Alltoallv	
12	Test 2: Reduce	
13	Test 2: Reduce_scatter	
14	Test 2: Allreduce	
15	Test 2: Barrier	

.9 REQUIREMENTS FOR OFA	The following table idation during the A	indicates the mandato pril 2014 Interop Debu eprecated means tha	ory tests that will be used for Interop Va ug Event and the Interop GA Event usin t the test is no longer being actively ru	g 3
Table 20 - Infin	iBand Transport T	est Status for Apri	l 2014 Interop Event	6
Test Procedure		Linux	WinOF	7 8
IB Link Initialize		Mandatory	Mandatory	9
IB Fabric Initializatio	n	Mandatory	Mandatory	10 11
IB IPoIB Connected	Mode	Mandatory	Not Available -1	12
IB IPoIB Datagram M	Iode	Mandatory	Beta	13
IB SM Failover/Hand	over - OpenSM	Mandatory	Beta	14 15
IB SM Failover/Hand	over - Vendor SM	Optional	Optional	16
IB SRP		Mandatory	Beta	17
IB Ethernet Gateway		Beta	Not Available - 3	18 19
IB Fibre Channel Gat	eway	Beta	Not Available - 3	20
TI iSER		Deprecated	Beta	21 22
TI NFS over RDMA		Mandatory	Not Available - 1	22
TI RDS		Optional	Not Available - 2	24
TI RSockets		Beta	Not Available - 2	25
TI uDAPL		Mandatory	Beta	26 27
TI Basic RDMA Inter	rop	Mandatory	Not Available - 3	28
TI RDMA Stress		Mandatory	Not Available - 3	29
TI MPI Open MPI		Mandatory	Not Available - 2	30 31
TI MVAPICH - OSU		Deprecated	Not Available - 2	32
		ns one of three things	: d by the WinOFED stack.	33 34 35 36

- 2) The ULP application has not been ported to the WinOFED Stack.
- 3) The test has not been updated for WinOFED.

Optional means that this test will not be made mandatory because it depends on
proprietary vendor capabilities. The test may be run during the OFA Interop
Events and reported in the results but it will not affect eligibility for the OFA Logo39
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Test Procedure	Linux
iWARP Link Initialize	Mandatory
TI iSER	Deprecated
TI NFS over RDMA	Beta
TI uDAPL	Mandatory
TI Basic RDMA Interop	Mandatory
TI RDMA Stress	Mandatory
TI MPI Open MPI	Mandatory
TI MVAPICH2 - OSU	Deprecated

 Table 21 - iWARP Transport Test Status for April 2014- OFED 3.12 RC2

 Table 22 - RoCE Transport Test Status for April 2014 - OFED 3.12 RC2

Test Procedure	Linux
RoCE Link Initialize	Mandatory
RoCE Fabric Init	TBD
RoCE IPoCE	Beta
RoCE InfiniBand Gateway	TBD
RoCE Fibre Channel Gateway	TBD
TI RSockets	Mandatory
TI iSER	Deprecated
TI NFS over RDMA	Beta
TI uDAPL	Mandatory
TI Basic RDMA Interop	Mandatory
TI RDMA Stress	Beta
TI MPI Open MPI (Homogeneous only because of x86 and Power PC)	Mandatory

1.10 SUBJECTS NOT COVERED

Table 23 - SUBJECTS NOT COVERED

Number	Subject/ Feature	Description	Due Date
1	iWARP peer to peer	Future Testing	TBD
2	IPv6 testing	Future Testing	TBD
3	RDMA_CM Tests	IBM wants to develop tests for processor-heterogeneous (x86_64/ppc64) setups.	TBD
4	Bonding over RoCE	IBM wants to make sure Link Aggregation works. If they have two devices, they would like to test fail over	TBD

1.11 TEST GLOSSARY

Table 24- Test Glossary

Technical Terms	
DCB	Data Center Bridging (used in RoCE)
НСА	IB Host Channel Adapter
IPoIB	IP over InfiniBand
iSER	iSCSI Extensions for RDMA
MPI	Message Passing Interface
RCA	RoCE Channel Adapter
RDF	Readme File
RDS	Reliable Datagram Sockets
RNIC	RDMA NIC (iWARP Network Interface Card)
RoCE	RDMA over Converged Ethernet
SA	IB Subnet Administration
SDN	Software Defined Network
SDP	Sockets Direct Protocol
SM	IB Subnet Manager
SPB	Shortest Path Bridging (used in RoCE)
SRP	SCSI RDMA Protocol
TD	Test Descriptions
TI	Transport Independent (tests)
TRILL	Transparent Interconnect of Lots of Links is a IETF Standard implemented by devices called RBridges (Routing Bridges) or TRILL Switches (used in RoCE)

OFA Interoperability Working Group	Test Glossary	March 25, 2014
OFA-IWG INTEROPERABILITY TEST PLAN	RELEASE 1.50	DRAFT

Table 24 - Test Glossary

Technical Terms		2 3
uDAPL	User Direct Access Programming Library	4
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1.12 HOMOGENOUS VERSUS HETEROGENEOUS

Heterogeneous & homogeneous clusters are the same with one exception: the end points must be from the same vendor in homogeneous clusters. The table below defines the guidelines for building homogeneous and heterogeneous clusters

Description	Homogenous	Heterogeneous
Mixing switches (both models and vendor products)	Encouraged	Encouraged
The use of any InfiniBand subnet manager	Encouraged	Encouraged
All devices of the same model number shall use the same firmware.	Mandatory	Mandatory
Any mix of products from the same vendor is acceptable - e.g. differ- ent model HCAs	Encouraged	Encouraged
A mix of end points (HCA/RNIC) from different OFA vendors	Prohibited	Mandatory
Mixing x86-32 (ix86) and x86_64 Operating System - see notes	Not-Tested	Not-Tested
32 bit architecture and 32 bit OS - see notes	Not-Tested	Not-Tested
Mixing x86-32 and x86-64 user-level application	Optional	Optional
Mixed system architecture - x86 servers mixed with IA-64 (Itanium) servers	Not-Tested	Not-Tested
Mixed system architecture - x86_64 and ppc64 interoperability - this is only tested with IBM RoCE Adapters	Optional	Optional
Mixing endianness in system OS - this is only tested using ppc64 and IBM RoCE Adapters	Optional	Optional
Mixing the quantity of server RAM installed on the hosts	Encouraged	Encouraged
Mixing the server clock speeds	Encouraged	Encouraged
Mixing the number of server cores	Encouraged	Encouraged
Mixing PCIe generations	Encouraged	Encouraged
All servers shall run the same OFED version.	Encouraged	Encouraged
Mixing supported Operating Systems	Encouraged	Encouraged

Notes: Intel drivers do not support 32 bit operating systems

Use of OpenFabrics Software for Pre-Testing RELEASE 1.50

2 USE OF OPENFABRICS SOFT	WARE FOR PRE-TESTING	1
	Depending on the schedule of testing and bugs or issues encountered, different snapshots of latest OpenFabrics software will be used during pre-testing prior to	2
	the Interoperability Event. Any changes that result in the OpenFabrics software from interoperability testing per this test plan will be deposited back into the	3
	OpenFabrics repository so that the OpenFabrics development community will have full access to any bug fixes or feature additions that may result out of this testing effort. The frequency of such deposits will be determined based on com-	4
	pletion of adequate testing of the said fixes or feature additions.	5
3 USE OF OPENFABRICS SOF	TWARE FOR IBTA/CIWG COMPLIANCE PLUGFESTS	6
	During the pre-testing phase, UNH-IOL will apply all reasonable effort to ensure that the OpenFabrics source and binary repositories are up-to-date with the lat-	7
	est OFED release. This will enable cable interoperability testing at plugfests to be conducted using software directly sourced from the OpenFabrics tree.	8
	Should there be any issues with the OpenFabrics community not accepting cer-	9
	tain bug fixes or features with the time frames matching with Compliance Events, UNH-IOL will inform all participants about the same and offer those bug	10
	fixes or features in source code and binary formats directly to the participants and InfiniBand solution suppliers.	11 12
4 USE OF OPENFABRICS SOF	TWARE FOR OFA IWG INTEROPERABILITY EVENTS	13
	During the pre-testing phase, UNH-IOL will apply all reasonable effort to ensure that the OpenFabrics source and binary repositories are up-to-date with the latest OFED releases chosen by the OFA IWG for use in the Interoperability Event.	14 15
	Should there be any issues with the OpenFabrics community not accepting cer-	16
	tain bug fixes or features with the time frames matching with Interoperability Events, UNH-IOL will inform all participants about the same and offer those bug	17
	fixes or features in source code and binary formats directly to the participants and InfiniBand solution suppliers.	18
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IB HW Units RELEASE 1.50

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5 GENERAL SYSTEM SETUP Configuration

The test environment for the user interface contains:

5.1 IB HW UNITS

Table 25- IB Equipment

Equipment	Amount	Details	Check
Servers with OS installed	12 or more	The OS should be supported by OpenFabrics Software.	
4X IB Cables	30 or more	Between 1 meter => 10 meters.	
IB Switches	4	The number and types of switches needed from member com- panies or OEMs is dependent on variations in subnet manage- ment and other IBTA defined management software. For example if the software on Switch A is different from the software used in Switch B, both Switches will be needed. Note that it is not dependent on number of ports supported by a switch.	
IB HCAs	12 or more		

5.2 IB SOFTWARE

5.2.1 LINUX/WINDOWS PLATFORMS
5.2.2 OFED - MOST CURRENT TESTED RELEASE
5.2.3 IB HCA FW – VERSION XXX - VENDOR SPECIFIC
5.2.4 IB SWITCH FW CANDIDATE - VERSION XXX - VENDOR SPECIFIC

5.2.5 IB Switch SW – VERSION XXX - VENDOR SPECIFIC

5.3 IWARP HW UNITS

Table 26 - iWARP Equipment

Equipment	Amount	Details	Check
Servers with OS installed	5 or more	The OS should be supported by OpenFabrics Software.	
4X CX4 or SFP Cables	10 or more	Between 1 meter => 10 meters.	
10 GbE Switches	1	At least one 10 GbE switch must be made available to support the various RNICs in the Fabric There is no need to have multiple switches if there are enough ports on the primary switches to support all the devices in the fabric.	
iWARP RNIC	5 or more	Each vendor must supply 5 or more RNICs in order to support MPI testing.	

.4 IWARP SOFTWAR	E		
5.4.1 LINUX PLA	TFORMS		
5.4.2 OFED - M	OST CURRENT TES	STED RELEASE	
5.4.3 IWARP R	NIC FW – Version	N XXX - VENDOR SPECIFIC	
5.4.4 10GвE Sv	VITCH FW CANDID	ATE – VERSION XXX - VENDOR SPECIFIC	
5.4.5 10GвE Sv	VITCH SW – V ERSI	ON XXX - VENDOR SPECIFIC	
5.4.6 VENDOR S	PECIFIC NOTES		
Both nes a fpdu". The modified o	and cxgb4 have th e Chelsio paramet	interoperability between cxgb4 and nes if peer2pe eir own proprietary ways of doing "client must se er file /sys/module/iw_cxgb4/parameters/peer2pe tain the appropriate value for each test. For exam DAPL test.	end the first eer should be
1)The		llowing given the current situation: ormance tests) will always send data from server side iWARP vendors.	first. This test will
	dapltest -T T (trans t it always sends fro	saction tests) should work fine with both IB and iWARI om client side first.	^D vendors given
	commend using only de tests.	y dapltest transaction mode (-T T) in your test plan an	d removing -T P
5 ROCE HW UNITS			
	Tal	ble 27 - RoCE Equipment	
Equipment	Amount	Details	Check
Servers with OS installed	5 or more	The OS should be supported by OpenFabrics Software.	
4X QSFP+ Cables	10 or more	Between 1 meter => 10 meters.	
GbE DCB Switches	1	At least one 10 or 40 GbE DCB switch must be made avail-	

GbE DCB Switches

RoCE RCA

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5 or more

5.6 ROCE SOFTWARE	34
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	39 40
5.6.5 10/40 GBE DCB SWITCH SW – VERSION XXX - VENDOR SPECIFIC	70 // 1

MPI testing.

At least one 10 or 40 GbE DCB switch must be made avail-

able to support the various RCAs in the Fabric. There is no need to have multiple switches if there are enough ports on

the primary switches to support all the devices in the fabric.

Each vendor must supply 5 or more RCAs in order to support

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OFA Interoperability Working Group	MPI testing	March 25, 2014
OFA-IWG INTEROPERABILITY TEST PLAN	RELEASE 1.50	DRAFT

5.7 MPI TESTING

AFT TESTING	1
 HCA/RCA/RNIC vendors must provide a minimum of five adapters. The adapters need not be all the same model, but they can be. 	2 3
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6 IB	HW DES	CRIPTIC	N & CONN	ECTIVITY			
				The test contains t	wo major parts. This	description is for ea	ach of those parts.
C 1 D		MNECTI		1)			
0. I E				•			
					PORT 1 TO LOWEST		
					PORT 1 TO HIGHEST	PORT NUMBER IN	SWITCH
		-	-	NT INFINIBAND CA	BLES		
5.2 S			OFTWARE				
	6.2.1 \$	SWITCHE	S PROVIDED	D BY OEMS			
				versions supported	d by the Switch OEM hat OEMs provide six	s. Port count is not	ull breadth of software critical for the tests. It all variations of soft-
	6.2.2 (BRICS SOFT	WARE RUNNING ON	Hosts		
				Where there are do	ependencies of OEM	provided and IBTA	defined management
					subnet managers and		
					PenFabrics software		such software should
					nicated to UNH-IOL.		
		0					
.3 C	LUSTER						
				S 1-6 SHOULD BE CO		RT 1 OR 2 TO PORT	S X IN ALL SWITCHES
	c			_	ate for IB Interop ६	Setup	
Г				-	- 	•	[]
	Host	-	Host or		Host or	Host or	Host or
	Target	[1	Target 2	2 Target 3	Target 4	Target 5	Target 6
				2			
				-		2	
				I	1		
	1				11111111		1
		\downarrow \downarrow	↓ 1		↓ ↓ [•]	_	
			▼				1
		Switch	1	Switch 2	Switch 3	Switch 4	
							_
							_
							_

Switch 5

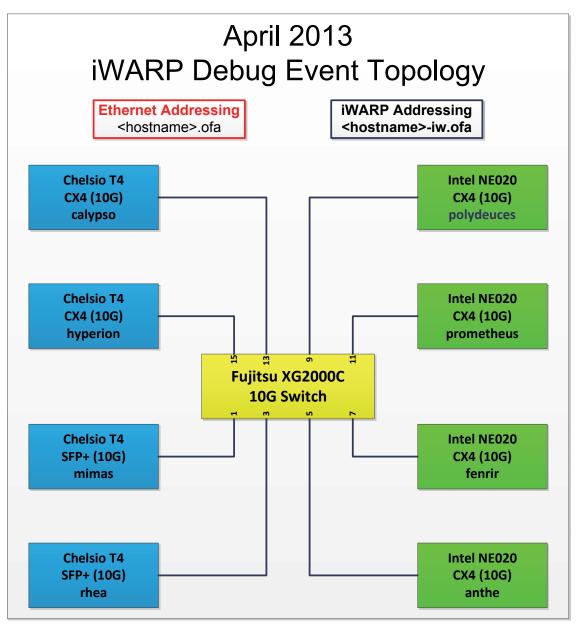
7 IWARP HW DESCRIPTION & CONNECTIVITY 9.1 IWARP BASIC CONNECTIVITY (P1P1) 9.1.1 RNIC 1 ON ONE HOST SHOULD BE DIRECTLY CONNECTED TO RNIC 2 ON ANOTHER HOST OR TO A 10GBE switch. 9.1.2 WITH 10GBE CABLES 9.2 SWITCHES AND SOFTWARE NEEDED 9.2 SWITCHES PROVIDED BY OEMS 9.3 It is necessary that Switches provided by OEMs cover the full breadth of software versions supported by the Switch OEMs. Port count is not critical for the tests. It is recommended that OEMs provide a switch per variations of software supported on the Switch. 9.2 OPENFABRICS SOFTWARE RUNNING ON RNICS 9.3 Where there are dependencies of OEM provided with OpenFabrics software running on RNICs, such software should be provided to UNH-IOL for interoperability testing, and any known dependencies should be communicated to UNH-IOL.



7.3 IWARP FABRIC CONNECTIVITY

7.3.1 HOSTS SHOULD BE CONNECTED TO SWITCHES USING 10GBE CABLES.

Figure 2 April 2013 iWARP Interop Setup

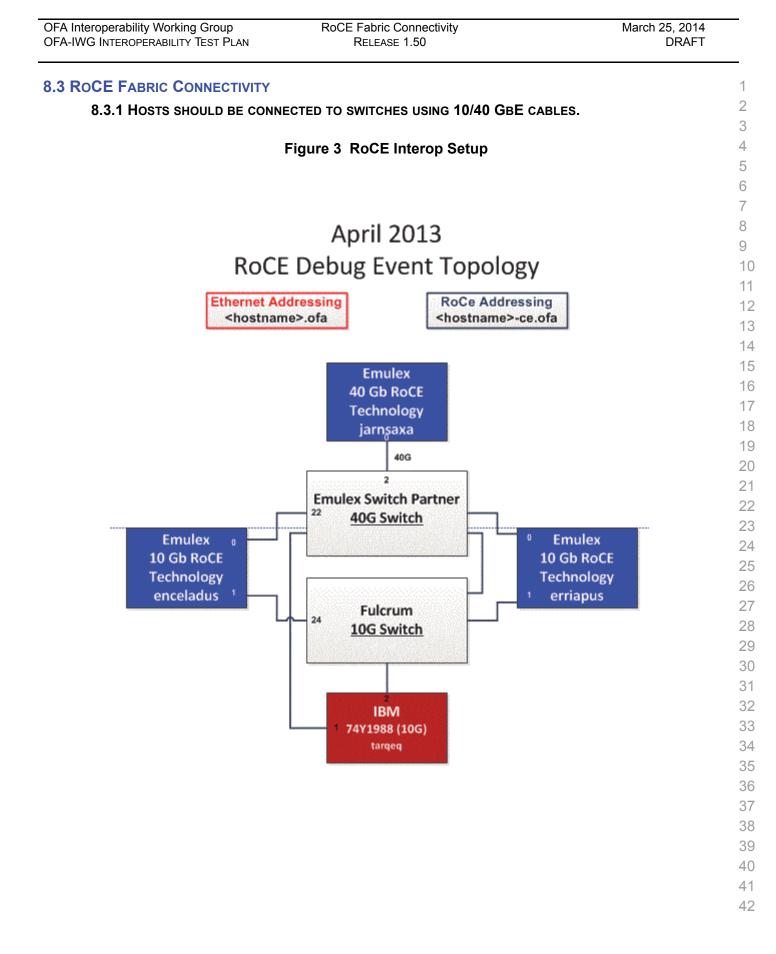


7.4 GATEWAY, BRIDGES, ROUTERS CONNECTIVITY

TBD

8 ROCE HW DESCRIPTION & C	ONNECTIVITY	1			
8.1 ROCE BASIC CONNECTIVITY (P1P1)					
8.1.1 RCA 1 ON ONE HOS ⁻	T SHOULD BE DIRECTLY CONNECTED TO RCA 2 ON ANOTHER HOST OR TO A	3			
10/40 GBE SWITCH DCB ENABLED.					
8.1.2 CONNECTED WITH 10)/40 GBE CABLES	5			
8.2 SWITCHES AND SOFTWARE	NEEDED	6			
8.1.2 CONNECTED WITH 10/40 GBE CABLES 8.2 SWITCHES AND SOFTWARE NEEDED 8.2.1 SWITCHES PROVIDED BY OEMS RoCE testing was introduced as of October 2012 and the choice of Ethernet Fab- rics such as Fabric Path, QFabric, MLAG, SPB, TRILL and others are initially not being addressed. This allows us to start Beta Testing RoCE with just one 10/40 GbE Ethernet Switch which is DCB enabled. In future Interop events we will con- sider using multiple switches from vendors such as Brocade, Cisco, Extreme, HP, Mellanox and others which will allow us to test various Ethernet Fabric solutions. 8.2.2 OPENFABRICS SOFTWARE RUNNING ON RCAS Where there are dependencies of OEM provided with OpenFabrics software run-					
	rics such as Fabric Path, QFabric, MLAG, SPB, TRILL and others are initially not being addressed. This allows us to start Beta Testing RoCE with just one 10/40 GbE Ethernet Switch which is DCB enabled. In future Interop events we will consider using multiple switches from vendors such as Brocade, Cisco, Extreme, HP,	8 9 10 11 12 13			
8.2.2 OPENFABRICS SOFT	WARE RUNNING ON RCAS	14			
	Where there are dependencies of OEM provided with OpenFabrics software run- ning on RCAs, such software should be provided to UNH-IOL for interoperability testing, and any known dependencies should be communicated to UNH-IOL.	15 16 17 18			
8.2.3 ROCE PRIORITY LEVELS					
	Ethernet provides a construct, called a Priority Level which corresponds concep- tually to InfiniBand's SLs. Eight priorities, numbered zero through seven are sup- ported. As in InfiniBand, a verbs consumer accessing a RoCE port specifies its desired service level, which is then mapped to a given Ethernet Priority. The de- fault mapping is as follows:	19 20 21 22 23			
	 SL 0-7 are mapped directly to Priorities 0-7 respectively SL 8-15 are reserved. 	24 25			
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FW & SW installation RELEASE 1.50

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9 FW & SW INSTALLATION

9.1 BURNING THE FW

9.1.1 FIRMWARE POLICY

Firmware Policy during the Interop Debug Event

The firmware used during the Interop Debug Event is at the discretion of the device vendor. Vendors will be allowed to make changes to the firmware during the Interop Debug Event. However changes should be made as early in the event period as possible to reduce the amount of retesting which will result from these changes.

Firmware Policy during the Interop GA Event

The firmware image used during the Interop GA Event must be provided to the UNH-IOL at least one week prior to the event. No firmware changes of any kind are allowed during the Interop GA Event. If the vendor does not provide updated firmware by the deadline, then the UNH-IOL will use the firmware from the Interop Debug Event or from the vendor's website, whichever is more current.

Firmware Policy after the Interop GA Event

The firmware used to obtain the OFA Logo (or a child of this firmware with the same base functionality) must be the default publicly available firmware on the vendor's website and must be the default firmware that is shipped with the product. This must be completed within six months of the Interop GA Event.

9.1.2 PLEASE REFER TO FIRMWARE BURNING TOOLS AND PROCEDURES DOCUMENTATION FROM HCA IB VENDOR

9.2 OPERATING SYSTEM INSTALLATION

9.2.1 OPERATING SYSTEM POLICY

The OS used during an Interop Debug Event will be determined by the OFA IWG24and will be known as the primary OS. All available updates will be installed prior25to the start of the Interop Debug Event and frozen in place for the duration of the26Interop Debug Event. In the event that some hardware is not supported by the272013 Interop Debug Event, RHEL 6.x will be used for IBM RoCE Adapters since28there are no CentOS, Scientific Linux or Ubuntu distributions for PowerPC platforms.29

The OS used during an Interop GA Event will be the same agreed-upon versions of the OS tested during the Interop Debug Event. The updates applied at the start of the Interop Debug Event will remain frozen in place for the duration of the Interop GA Event.

In addition to the mandatory testing performed using the primary OS, beta testing using the secondary operating systems may be performed after completion of mandatory testing. The secondary operating systems are deployed in a similar manner to the primary OS, in that updates are applied at the beginning of the Interop Debug Event and frozen in place for the duration of the Interop GA Event.

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9.2.2 OPERATING SYSTEM IN	ISTALLATION
	Install the primary OS on all hosts in the cluster. Use a package manager to up- date all installed packages to their latest versions available as of the start of the Interop Debug Event.
	Install the secondary operating systems on all hosts in the cluster. Use a package manager to update all installed packages to their latest versions available as of
	the start of the Interop Debug Event. Install and test as many secondary oper- ating systems as time permits.
).2.21 Ubuntu	
	For Ubuntu 12.04 and 12.10 Server edition, run the following commands to en- able the IB interface and then assign the IP address in /etc/network/interfaces
	 apt-get install ibutils infiniband-diags srptools mpitests
	 modprobe mlx4_ib #Mellanox ConnectX cards
	modprobe rdma_ucm
	modprobe ib_umad
	modprobe ib_ipoib
	•
	Notes:
	 Most of the commands used here and in the following tests require root- level privileges. Either use 'sudo -i' to simulate a Root login shell or prepend 'sudo' to all the commands.
	 The OFED version included in packages and modules available in Ubuntu
	12.04 and 12.10 is OFED 1.4.2.
3.3 SW INSTALLATION	
0.3.1 SOFTWARE POLICY	
	Software Policy during an Interop Debug Event
	The software used during an Interop Debug Event will be an agreed-upon RC re-
	lease of the subsequent OFED version. During the Interop Debug Event vendors will be allowed to make changes to the software, provided that the changes are
	based on the same RC release. Vendors are not allowed to extensively modify
	the software or completely replace it.A vendor supplied version of OFED may be
	used during the event if the current version of OFED does not include drivers re-
	quired for a new product. However the vendor must follow the guidelines de-
	scribed in the OFA Logo Program and make the drivers available within 6 months and include them in the next GA version of OFED.
	Software Policy during the Interop GA event
	The software used during an Interop GA Event will be the GA release of the same
	OFED version as was used during the Interop Debug Event. No software

OFED version as was used during the Interop Debug Event. No software changes of any kind are allowed during the Interop GA Event. It is the vendor's responsibility to ensure that any changes made during the Interop Debug Event are present in the OFED GA release. Vendors whose products do not use firmware may request that patches be applied to an OFED GA release if that release 42

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	has	s known defects that prevent the vendor product from being interoperable. The	1		
		bitration Committee will be responsible for approving the requested patches.	2		
	Software Policy after the Interop GA event				
	All	products that are granted the OFA Logo must be distributed by default with the	4 5		
	OFED GA version (or a later revision of OFED with the same base functionality).				
9.3.2 PLEASE REFER TO SOFTWAR	E IN	STALLATION MANUAL FROM HCA IB VENDOR.	6 7		
9.3.3 PLEASE REFER TO SOFTWAR	e in	STALLATION MANUAL FROM RNIC VENDOR.	8		
9.4 SUMMARY			9		
	•	For the Interop GA Event the vendor cannot update or change any part of	10		
		the device under test - this includes hardware, firmware and software. The only exception is for an outright hardware failure in which case the hardware	11		
		may be replaced with an identical piece of hardware with the same SW and FW.	12 13		
	•	If an end user requests customized firmware or a modified version of OFED,	14		
		then the vendor must disclose that this is not an OFA certified configuration.	15		
	•	The OFA reserves the right to revoke the OFA Logo for products that do not	16		
		follow these policies. These policies will be in effect for the April 2011 Interop Events and all	17 18		
		events thereafter.	19		
9.5 HARDWARE POLICY			20		
		r MPI testing, HCA/RNIC vendors must provide at least five adapters. The	21		
	ada	apters need not be all the same model, but they can be.	22		
9.6 OFED USAGE			23 24		
	•	OFED Release Candidates (RC) should be used during the Interop Debug	25		
		Event. This allows vendors to resolve bugs and issues and commit them to the OFED tree before the OFED General Availability (GA) is released.	26		
	•	OFED GA versions shall be used for the Interop GA Events.	27		
			28		
10 GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS			29		
10.1 FIRST STEP INSTRUCTIONS			30 31		
	1)	Burn the FW release XXX on all HCAs and RNICs using the above proce- dure as required by vendor.	32		
	2)	Host and Target Configuration	33		
	-)	a) Install OFED software on host systems (using a 64 bit OS) configured to	34		
		run OFED.	35 36		
		 Install WinOF software on host systems (using a 64 bit OS) configured to run WinOF. 	37		
		 c) Configure non-OFED systems for use in the cluster as per the vendors instructions. 	38 39		
		 Configure iSER/SRP targets for use in the cluster as per the vendors in- structions. 	40 41		
			42		

 10.3 OPERATING SYSTEM CONSIDERATIONS 1) The OFILG decided as of April 2012 that the various ULPs contained in this test plan will only be tested if it is supported by the Operating System. 2) As a requirement for the OFILG Logo, a vendor's DUT must pass all mandatory testing using an agreed upon primary OS and OpenSM. Additional beta testing is performed using secondary Operating Systems. This beta testing has no bearing on whether the OFILG Logo is granted to a device to is purely informative. 	OFA Interoperability Working Group OFA-IWG INTEROPERABILITY TEST PLAN		General Instructions RELEASE 1.50	March 25, 2014 DRAFT	_
 4) Burn the switch or gateway with the released FW as required by vendor. 6) Connect the Hosts and Targets to an appropriate switch following the basic connectivity. 10.2 INFINIBAND SUBNET MANAGERS 1) The OpenSM will be used to run all mandatory tests in the test plan 2) Vendor SM testing will include testing IPOIB, RDMA Interop and Open MPI 9 testing. In order to reduce the scope of testing, ISER, NFS over RDMA, RDS, SDP, SM Failover and SRP will not be performed using vendor SMs. 10.3 OPERATING SYSTEM CONSIDERATIONS 1) The OFILG decided as of April 2012 that the various ULPs contained in this test plan will only be tested if it is supported by the Operating System. 2) As a requirement for the OFILG Logo, a vendor's DUT must pass all mandatory testing using an agreed upon primary OS and OpenSM. Additional beta testing is performed using secondary Operating Systems. This beta testing is performed using on whether the OFILG Logo is granted to a device to is purely informative. 		3)		stack as required by	1 2
 connectivity. 10.2 INFINIBAND SUBNET MANAGERS The OpenSM will be used to run all mandatory lests in the test plan Vendor SM testing will include testing IPoIB, RDMA Interop and Open MPI testing. In order to reduce the scope of testing, ISER, NFS over RDMA, RDS, SDP, SM Failover and SRP will not be performed using vendor SMs. 10.3 OPERATING SYSTEM CONSIDERATIONS The OFILG decided as of April 2012 that the various ULPs contained in this test plan will only be tested if it is supported by the Operating System. As a requirement for the OFILG Logo, a vendors DUT must pass all mandatory testing using an agreed upon primary OS and OpenSM. Additional beta testing is performed using secondary Operating Systems. This beta testing has no bearing on whether the OFILG Logo is granted to a device it is purely informative. 		4)	Burn the switch or gateway with the released FW as	required by vendor.	
 The OpenSM will be used to run all mandatory tests in the test plan Vendor SM testing will include testing IPOIB, RDMA Interop and Open MPI testing, in order to reduce the scope of testing, ISER, NFS over RDMA, RDS, SDP, SM Pallover and SRP will not be performed using vendor SMs. 10.3 OPERATING SYSTEM CONSIDERATIONS The OFILG decided as of April 2012 that the various ULPs contained in this test plan will only be tested if it is supported by the Operating System. As a requirement for the OFILG Logo, a vendor's DUT must pass all mandatory testing using an agreed upon primary OS and OpenSM. Additional beta testing is performed using secondary Operating Systems. This beta testing has no bearing on whether the OFILG Logo is granted to a device it is purely informative. 		5)	•	itch following the basic	
 1) The Operation will include testing IPoIB, RDMA Interop and Open MPI testing, in order to reduce the scope of testing, iSER, NFS over RDMA, RDS, SDP, SM Failover and SRP will not be performed using vendor SMs. 10.3 OPERATING SYSTEM CONSIDERATIONS 1) The OFILG decided as of April 2012 that the various ULPs contained in this test plan will only be tested if it is supported by the Operating System. 2) As a requirement for the OFILG Logo, a vendor's DUT must pass all mandatory testing using an agreed upon primary OS and OpenSM. Additional testing has no bearing on whether the OFILG Logo is granted to a device It is purely informative. 	10.2 INFINIBAND SUBNET MANA	AGE	RS		6
 Vendo SM Essing in Prob. (CDM) interby and Open MPT testing, in order to reduce the scope of testing, iSER, NFS over RDMA, RDS, SDP, SM Fallover and SRP will not be performed using vendor SMs. 10.3 OPERATING SYSTEM CONSIDERATIONS The OFILG decided as of April 2012 that the various ULPs contained in this test plan will only be tested if it is supported by the Operating System. As a requirement for the OFILG Logo, a vendor's DUT must pass all mandatory testing using an agreed upon primary OS and OpenSM. Additional beta testing is performed using secondary Operating Systems. This beta testing is performed using secondary Operating Systems. This beta testing informative. 		1)	The OpenSM will be used to run all mandatory tests	in the test plan	7
 The OFILG decided as of April 2012 that the various ULPs contained in this test plan will only be tested if it is supported by the Operating System. As a requirement for the OFILG Logo, a vendor's DUT must pass all mandatory testing using an agreed upon primary OS and OpenSM. Additional beta testing has no bearing on whether the OFILG Logo is granted to a device It is purely informative. 		2)	testing. In order to reduce the scope of testing, iSEF	R, NFS over RDMA,	
 1) The brind will only be tested if it is supported by the Operating System. 2) As a requirement for the OFILG Logo, a vendor's DUT must pass all mandatory testing using an agreed upon primary OS and OpenSM. Additional beta testing is performed using secondary Operating Systems. This beta testing has no bearing on whether the OFILG Logo is granted to a device it is purely informative. 	10.3 OPERATING SYSTEM CONS	SIDE	RATIONS		11
datory testing using an agreed upon primary OS and OpenSM. Additional beta testing is performed using secondary Operating Systems. This beta testing has no bearing on whether the OFILG Logo is granted to a device it is purely informative.		1)	•		12 13
19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 20 27 28 29 30 30 31 31 32 33 34 34 35 36 36 37 37 38 39 30 30 31 32 33 34 34 35 36 36 37 37 38 39 30 30 30 31 32 33 34 34 35 36 36 37 37 38 39 30 30 30 30 31 32 33 33 34 34 35 36 36 37 37 38 39 30 30 30 30 30 30 30 30 30 30 30 30 30		2)	datory testing using an agreed upon primary OS and beta testing is performed using secondary Operating testing has no bearing on whether the OFILG Logo	d OpenSM. Additional g Systems. This beta	14 15 16 17
20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 30 31 32 33 34 34 35 36 37 38 39 30 30 31 32 33 34 34 34 35 36 37 38 39 30 30 31 31 32 33 34 34 35 36 36 37 37 38 39 30 30 30 31 31 32 33 34 34 34 36 36 37 37 38 39 30 30 30 30 30 30 30 30 30 30 30 30 30					
21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 30 31 32 33 34 34 35 36 36 37 38 39 40 40 41					
22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 36 37 38 39 39 30 31 32 30 31 32 33 34 34 35 36 36 37 38 39 39 39 39 39 39 39 39 39 39 39 39 39					
23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 30 31 32 33 34 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41					
24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41					23
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11 INFINIBAND SPECIFIC INTEROP PROCEDURES USING OFED 1			
Νο	Note: UNH-IOL has created automated scripts to run many of the OFED based.		
	tests. Please contact them at <u>ofalab@iol.unh.edu</u> if you wish to obtain copies of		
the	latest scripts	4	
11.1 IB LINK INITIALIZE USING OFI	ED FOR LINUX	5	
11.1.1 Procedure		6	
1)	Select a pair of devices to test from the created topology	7	
,	Determine the maximum part width and long around supported by both do	8	
_)	vices	9	
3)	Select a cable to use which has been certified for the link parameters deter-	10	
	mined by step 2 of section 10.1.1 during an IBTA Flugiest neid within the	11	
		12	
4)		13 14	
5)	Shuldown an Sivis furning on the selected devices	14	
6)	Connect the selected devices back to back using the cable selected during	16	
7)		17	
()	wait for a physical indication that a link has been established	18	
8)	verify that the link created in step 0 of section 10.1.1 has come up with the	19	
9)		20	
		21	
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	·, ·· ·· ·· ·· ·· ·· · · · · · · · · ·	23	
	ization testing	24 25	
11.1.2 Method of Implementation for a	all Linux OSs	26	
1)	To perform step 7 of section 10.1.1:	27	
	a) Look for link LEDs on the ports you are using	28	
2)	To perform step 8 of section 10.1.1:	29	
	a) ssh into a device supporting such remote connections and is running	30	
	the OFED stack; usually a compute node with an HCA	31	
	, 3	32	
	c) chock the topology me croated by the provide command.	33	
	i) Match the GOID's to the devices in the selected pair	34	
	ii) veniy link width is the highest common denominator of pair capabil-	35	
		36	
	ing verify link speed is the highest common denominator of pair capa-	37	
		38	
3)		39 40	
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		—
i)	Should be a compute node with an HCA that is linked to a switch that is part of the desired pairing	1 2
ii)	Carefully match the GUIDS as you now have more than just two in	3
	the topology file	4
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11.2 IB FABRIC INITIALIZATION USING OFED

11.2.1 Architect the Network we want	to build.
1)	Develop a cluster diagram based on the devices that have been submitted for Interop Testing and assign IP addresses to the IPoIB interfaces and the ethernet management interfaces.
2)	See Figure 4- Sample Network Configuration below.
11.2.2 Procedure	
1)	Connect the HCAs and switches as per the Architected Network and make sure that no SM/SA is running on the Fabric.
2)	Start an SM on a device and let it initialize (all SM's will need to be tested)
	Visually verify that all devices are in the active state. Verify that the LED is on when the port is active.
4)	Run "ibdiagnet -wt <file>" to generate a topology file</file>
	Run "ibdiagnet -pc" to clear all port counters
	Wait 17 seconds as per the specifications requirements.
	Run "ibdiagnet -c 1000" to send 1000 node descriptions.
	Run "ibdiagnet" to generate fabric report.
,	a) Use /tmp/ibdiagnet.sm file to determine running sm
	b) sminfo can also be used to determine the master SM or saquery -s to find all SMs.
	Note : "ibdiagnet -r" seg faulted but was fixed in OFED 1.5 according to Bug 1618
	Run "ibchecknet" to build guid list.
10)) Run "ibdiagnet -t <file>" to compare current topology to the previously gen- erated topology file</file>
	Note : For Ubuntu, ibdiagnet -t <tp> requires local system name speci- fied. Use ibstat to find a match and do 'ibdiagnet -s <sys name=""> -t <tp>'.</tp></sys></tp>
11.2.3 Verification Procedures	
1)	Review "PM Counters" section of the fabric report. There should be no il- legal PM counters. The Specification says there should be no errors in 17 seconds.
2)	Review "Subnet Manager " section of the fabric report. Verify that the running SM is the one you started and verify number of nodes and switches in the fabric.
3)	Review the ibchecknet report and verify that there are no duplicate GUIDs in the fabric
4)	Verify that step 10 above indicates that the topology before the test and the topology after the test are the same.

23 Restart all devices in the fabric and follow Sections 10.2.2 and 10.2.3. Run the SM from a different device in the fabric until all SMs present have been used. All 24 SMs on managed switches (including those switches running **opensm**) should be tested and at least one instance of opensm on an HCA must be tested. If there 25 are HCAs from more than one vendor, then **opensm** should be run from each vendor's HCA. 26

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Each device must pass all verification procedures with every SM to pass Fabric 1 Initialization test.

Table 28	- ibdiagnet	commands

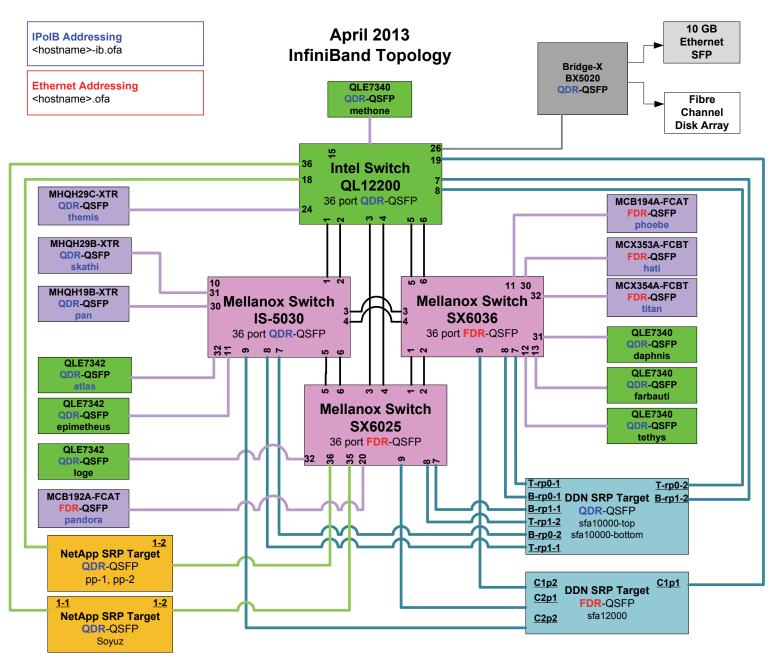
Commands	Description
Ibdiagnet -c 1000	Send 1000 node descriptions
ibdiagnet -h	Help
Ibdiagnet -lw 4x - ls 2.5	Specify link width and speed
lbdiagnet - pc	Clear counters
ibdiagnet -t <file></file>	Compare current topology to saved topology
ibdiagnet -wt	Writes the topology to a file

Note: The topology file is being generated after the SM starts but before any
testing has started. The topology comparison is being performed after testing has
been completed but before the systems get rebooted. A topology check is per-
formed during every part of every test section that does not specifically state
"change the topology". For example Fabric Init only has 1 part so there is only 1
check but RDS has 2 parts so 2 checks are performed. However, IPoIB has 3
parts for each of 2 modes but 1 of those parts specifically says to change the to-
pology so only 4 checks occur.12
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Figure 4 - Sample Network Configuration



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<u>.</u>.

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11.3 IB IPOIB CONNECT MODE	(Cl	M) เ	JSING OFED	1		
11.3.1 SETUP				2 3		
		Connect the HCAs and switches as per the Architected Network and make sure that no SM is running on the Fabric.				
	ti i da					
			ocedure, as the previous ones, will be based on the cluster connectivity. SA which supports IPoIB (sufficient IB multicast support) will be running	5 6		
			HCAs, or on a switch with an embedded SM/SA or a third HCA which	7		
			only run SM/SA for the partner pair (with a switch in the middle). This pro-	8 9		
			has been developed for Linux and may be ported to Windows if there is ent vendor support.			
	••••			10		
	Optional . In the procedures below, an ib analyzer can be inserted in the appro-			11		
	•		nk to obtain traces and validate the aspects of the procedures specifically	12		
	uela	allec	l below in subsequent sections.	13		
11.3.2 IPOIB INTERFACE CREATIO	N AI	ND I	POIB SUBNET CREATION	14 15		
	1)	Cor	figure IPoIB address. All addresses must reside on the same subnet.	16		
		a)	Set interfaces to 10.0.0.x/24 (10.0.0.x/netmask 255.255.255.0) using	17		
		,	the command ifconfig ib0 10.0.0.x netmask 255.255.255.0	18		
11.3.3 .BRINGING THE IPOIB IN CO	11.3.3 BRINGING THE IPOIB IN CONNECTED MODE					
	1)	ech	o 'connected' > /sys/class/net/ib0/mode	20		
	2)	Vali	date CM mode by checking that "/sys/class/net/ <i f="" name="">/mode" equal</i>	21		
		to '	connected'	22		
	3)	Rep	beat steps 1-2 in section 10.3.3 on all nodes being tested.	23		
				24		
11.3.4 PING PROCEDURES				25		
Step A	1)	Sto	p all SM's and verify that none are running	26		
otop A	'		ver cycle all switches in the fabric (this insures that the new SM will con-	27 28		
	2)		re all the links and create the multi-cast join).	20 29		
	3)	Sta	rt an SM (All SM's will need to be tested) and let it initialize	30		
		a)	Visually verify that all devices are in the active state. Verify that the LED	31		
			is on when the port is active.	32		
		b)	Run "ibdiagnet -r" and verify that the SM you started is the one that is	33		
			running and and that it is the master. You will need to know the GUID of the device since the SM will be reassigned on each reboot.	34		
		c)	Verify that all nodes and switches were discovered.	35		
		0)	-	36		
			Note : Ibdiagnet may show more switches than indicated by the physical number of switch platforms present. This is because some switches have multiple switch chips	37 38		
		-	multiple switch chips.	39		
	4)		amine the arp table (via arp -a) and remove the destination node's ib0 ad- ss from the sending node's arp table (via arp -d).	40		

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	5)	Ping every HCA except localhost with packet sizes of 511, 1025, 2044, 8192, 32768 and 65507.	1
		a) ping -i 0.2 -t 3 -c 10 -s <ping size=""> <destination></destination></ping>	3
		i) "-i" - interval 0.2 seconds	4
		ii) "-t" - IP Time to Live equals 3 seconds	5
		iii) "-c" - count equals 100	6
		iv) "-s" - size of the ping	7
		v) "destination" - the IP address of the IPoIB interface being pinged.	8
		b) Repeat step #4 before issuing each ping command. Every packet size is a new ping command.	1
	6)	In order to pass Step A, a reply must be received for every ping sent (without losing a single packet) while using each one of the SMs available in the cluster.	1 1 1
Step B	1)	Bring up all HCAs but one.	1
	2)	Start an SM (all SMs will need to be tested).	1
	3)	Check for ping response between all node (All to All).	1
		a) A response from the disconnected HCA should not be returned.	1
	4)	Disconnect one more HCA from the cluster.	1
	5)	Ping to the newly disconnected HCA from all nodes (No response should be returned).	2
	6)	Connect the first machine (the one that was not connected) and check for ping response from all nodes that are still connected.	2
	7)	Connect the disconnected HCA to a different switch on the subnet which will change the topology.	2
	8)	Ping again from all nodes (this time we should get a response).	2
	9)	Follow Step B, this time bring the interface down and then back up using if- config ibX down and ifconfig ibX up commands instead of physically discon- necting the HCAs.	2
		Note : Each step must exhibit the expected behavior while using each SM in order for the device to pass Step B overall.	2 3
Step C	ins	low Step A and B using a different SM until all SM's have been used. Only one cance of each available SM is required. Steps A, B, and C must pass in order the device to pass 10.3.4 overall.	3 3 3
11.3.5 SFTP PROCEDURE			3
	the	TP procedures require an SFTP server to be configured on each machine in partner pair. An SFTP client needs to be available on each machine as well. e default RHEL install includes both.	3 3 3 3
	pai	MB file will be SFTP'd to the partner and then SFTP'd back and binary com- ed to the original file, this will be done in each direction and then bidirectional ng every SM available.	

11.3.5.1 SETUP		1
1)) Make sure vsftpd is installed on each node for SFTP application.	2
2)) A special account for this should be created as follows:	3
	b) Username: Interop	4
	c) Password: openfabrics	5 6
11.3.5.2 PROCEDURE		7
1)) Run SFTP server on all nodes.	8
2)	,	9
۷)		10
3)	a) Verify that the running SM is the one you started.SFTP:	11
3)		12
	 a) Connect an HCA pair via SFTP on IPoIB using the specified user name and password. 	
	b) Put the 4MB file to the /tmp dir on the remote host.	14 15
	c) Get the same file to your local dir again.	16
	d) Compare the file using the command <i>cmp tfile tfile.orig</i> .	17
	i) The two must be identical	18
4)) Repeat the procedure with a different SM.	19
	Note: Every node must SFTP the 4MB file to all others using all SM's and the	20
	files must be identical as determined by the binary compare in order for the	21
	device to pass 10.3.5 overall.	22
	Note : Sections 10.3.4 and 10.3.5 must pass using the configuration determined by sections 10.3.1, 10.3.2, and 10.3.3 for the device to pass IPoIB	23 24
	Connected mode overall.	24
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11.4 IB IPOIB DATAGRAM M	ODE (DM	USING OFED	1
11.4.1 SETUP				2
	Co	nneo	t the HCAs and switches as per the Architected Network and make sure	3
	tha	t no	SM is running on the Fabric.	4
	Thi	s pro	ocedure, as the previous ones, will be based on the cluster connectivity.	5
			SA which supports IPoIB (sufficient IB multicast support) will be running	6
			HCAs, or on a switch with an embedded SM/SA or a third HCA which	7
			only run SM/SA for the partner pair (with a switch in the middle). This pro- has been developed for Linux and may be ported to Windows if there is	8 9
			nt vendor support.	10
	0	410	all in the presedures below, on ID each was see he incerted in the energy	11
	-		nal : In the procedures below, an IB analyzer can be inserted in the appro- nk to obtain traces and validate the aspects of the procedures specifically	12
	•		below in subsequent sections.	13
				14
11.4.2 IPOIB INTERFACE CREA	-			15
	1)	Co	nfigure IPoIB address. All addresses must reside on the same subnet.	16
		a)	Set interfaces to 10.0.0.x/24 (10.0.0.x/netmask 255.255.255.0) using the command <i>ifconfig ib0 10.0.0.x netmask 255.255.255.0</i>	17
				18
11.4.3 BRINGING THE IPOID IN		-	-	19
	,		io 'datagram' > /sys/class/net/ib0/mode	20
	2)		idate DM mode by checking that "/sys/class/net/ <i f="" name="">/mode" equal datagram'</i>	21 22
	3)		beat steps 1-2 in section 10.4.3 on all nodes being tested.	23
	0)	T(C)		23
				25
11.4.4 PING PROCEDURES				26
Step A	1)	Sto	p all SM's and verify that none are running	27
	2)	Po	wer cycle all switches in the fabric (this insures that the new SM will con-	28
		figu	re all the links and create the multi-cast join).	29
	3)	Sta	rt an SM (All SM's will need to be tested) and let it initialize	30
		a)	Visually verify that all devices are in the active state. Verify that the LED	31
			is on when the port is active.	32
		b)	Run "ibdiagnet -r" and verify that the SM you started is the one that is running and and that it is the master. You will need to know the GUID of	33
			the device since the SM will be reassigned on each reboot.	34
		c)	Verify that all nodes and switches were discovered.	35 36
			Note: Ibdiagnet may show more switches than indicated by the physical	37
			number of switch platforms present. This is because some switches have	38
		_	multiple switch chips.	39
	4)		amine the arp table (via arp -a) and remove the destination node's ib0 ad- ss from the sending node's arp table (via arp -d).	40
	5)	lss	ue the command: sysctl net.ipv4.neigh.ib0.unres_qlen=33	41

		a) This sets the qlen variable to 33 which increases the buffer size so that you do not get an initial dropped packet when using ping sizes 8192 and greater.	1 2
	6)	Ping every HCA except localhost with packet sizes of 511, 1025, 2044, 8192, 32768 and 65507.	3 4 5
		a) ping -i 0.2 -t 3 -c 10 -s <ping size=""> <destination></destination></ping>	5 6
		i) "-i" - interval 0.2 seconds	7
		ii) "-t" - IP Time to Live equals 3 seconds	8
		iii) "-c" - count equals 100	9
		iv) "-s" - size of the ping	10
		v) "destination" - the IP address of the IPoIB interface being pinged.	11
		b) Repeat step #4 before issuing each ping command. Every packet size is a new ping command.	12 13
	7)	In order to pass Step A, a reply must be received for every ping sent (without	14
		losing a single packet) while using each one of the SMs available in the cluster.	15 16
Step B	1)	Bring up all HCAs but one.	17
	2)	Start an SM (all SMs will need to be tested).	18
	3)	Check for ping response between all node (All to All).	19
		a) A response from the disconnected HCA should not be returned.	20
	4)	Disconnect one more HCA from the cluster.	21
	5)	Ping to the newly disconnected HCA from all nodes (No response should be returned).	22 23
	6)	Connect the first machine (the one that was not connected) and check for ping response from all nodes that are still connected.	24 25
	7)	Connect the disconnected HCA to a different switch on the subnet which will change the topology.	26 27
	8)	Ping again from all nodes (this time we should get a response).	28
	9)	Follow Step B, this time bring the interface down and then back up using if-	29
		config ibX down and ifconfig ibX up commands instead of physically disconnecting the HCAs.	30 31
		Note : Each step must exhibit the expected behavior while using each SM in order for the device to pass Step B overall.	32 33
Step C	1)	Follow Step A and B using a different SM until all SM's have been used. Only one instance of each available SM is required. Steps A, B, and C must pass in order for the device to pass 10.4.4 overall.	34 35 36
	2)	Issue the command: sysctl net.ipv4.neigh.ib0.unres_qlen=3	37
		a) This sets the glen variable back to the default.	38
11.4.5 SFTP PROCEDURE			39
		P procedures require an SFTP server to be configured on each machine in partner pair. An SFTP client needs to be available on each machine as well.	40 41
		default RHEL install includes both.	42

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	par	MB file will be SFTP'd to the partner and then SFTP'd ed to the original file, this will be done in each directior ng every SM available.	2	
11.4.5.1 SETUP				4
	4)	Males are refined in installed on each words for OFTD		ļ
	1)	Make sure vsftpd is installed on each node for SFTP		(
	2)	A special account for this should be created as follow	/S:	
		b) Username: Interop		0
		c) Password: openfabrics		
1.4.5.2 PROCEDURE				
	Ru	n SFTP server on all nodes.		
	1)	Start an SM (all SM's will need to be tested) and let it	initialize	
	.,	a) Verify that the running SM is the one you started.		
	2)	SFTP:		
	2)		o specified user name	
		 a) Connect an HCA pair via SFTP on IPoIB using th and password. 	le specifieu user fiame	
		b) Put the 4MB file to the /tmp dir on the remote hos	st.	
		c) Get the same file to your local dir again.		
		d) Compare the file using the command <i>cmp tfile tfil</i>	le oria	
		i) The two must be identical	c.ong.	
	3)	Repeat the procedure with a different SM.		
	5)		vising all SM's and the	
		Note : Every node must SFTP the 4MB file to all others files must be identical as determined by the binary co device to pass 10.4.5 overall.	-	
		Note: Sections 10.4.4 and 10.4.5 must pass using th	e configuration deter-	
		mined by sections 10.4.1, 10.4.2, and 10.4.3 for the o	•	
		Datagram mode overall.		

1.5 IB SM FAILOVER AND HANDOVER PROCEDURE USING OFED 1			1
11.5.1 SETUP			2
1)	onnect HCAs	per the selected topology.	3
2)	this test. all a	ctive SMs on the fabric which are going to be tested, must	4
_,		he vendor. They will be tested pairwise; two at a time.	5
11.5.2 PROCEDURE			6
1)	sable all SMs ir.	in the cluster then start a SM on either machine in a chosen	7 8
2)	in "saquery"	on a node in the fabric.	9
	Verify that a	Il nodes in the cluster are present in the output	10 11
3)	sing the ibdiag	net tool with the -r option, verify that the running SM is the	12
4)	art a SM on tl	a second machine in the current pair	13
5)			14 15
0)	net -r" again.		15
	SM with hig	heat a marine la mianite exclusion and the athentic in	17
	standby.		18
		have the same priority value then the SM with the smallest ter and the other is in standby.	19
6)	in "saquery"	on either machine in the current pair	20 21
	Verify that a	Il padas in the aluster are present in the autnut	22
7)	utdown the n		23
8)	rify the other		24
	ain.		25
9)	in "saquery"	on either machine in the current pair.	26
	Verify that a	Il nodes in the cluster are present in the output.	27
10)	art the SM yo	u just shutdown.	28
11)	rify that the r	ewiy started Sivi resumes it's position as master while the	29
	ner goes into		30
12)	in "saquery"	in either machine in the current pair.	31
	Verify that a	il nodes in the cluster are present in the output.	32
13)	utdown the s	andby SM	33
14)	rify that the p	revious master SM is still the master	34 35
15)	In "saquery"	a side an use ships in the summant usin	36
	Verify that a		37
16)	•		38
,	• •		39
	First SM to		40
	Second SM	to be started having highest numerical priority value.	41
			42

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c) Both SMs having equal numerical priority values.	1
17) Repeat steps 1-16 until all possible SM pairs from identical vendors ir	
cluster have been tested.	3
18) All of the "saquery" commands must return the expected list of nodes	
order for the SMs in this test to receive a passing grade.	5
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11.6 IB SRP USING OFED 2 11.6.1 SETUP 1) Edit the file srp daemon.conf and make sure it contains the following line 4 a) "a max sect=65535" 5 2) Connect the HCAs and switches as per the Architected Network and make 6 sure that no SM is running on the Fabric. 7 Note: As of the April 2012 Interop events, one SRP target (i.e.target port) should 8 present 2 or more volumes. All other target ports may be limited to one volume 9 per port. This decision was made in order to reduce the amount of time required to run the tests. 10 11 Note: As of October 2012, the SRP Extended Procedure is a Beta test 12 13 **Note:** NetApp targets only support writing and reading from one controller at a time. Therefore only one controller per device should be attached to the test 14 fabric. The controller that accepts writes is on a per LUN basis, the controller that 15 owns the volume. 16 17 11.6.2 SRP CORE PROCEDURE - MANDATORY 18 1) Start an SM (all SM's will need to be tested) and let it initialize 19 a) Verify that the running SM is the one that you started 20 Choose a node to work with 21 3) Unload the srp module 22 Load srp module with cmd sg entries=255 23 a) Example: modprobe ib_srp cmd_sg_entries=255 24 25 b) Let it initialize 26 5) Verify that the module loaded correctly 27 a) Example: Ismod | grep ib srp 28 6) Load srp daemon with -e -o -n options 29 a) Example: srp daemon -e -o -n 30 b) Let it initialize 31 7) Find all volumes from all targets 32 a) Use Isscsi 33 34 Note: As of April 2012, the OFILG mandated that the target only include two volumes when doing mandatory testing. 35 36 Note: For Ubuntu, Isscsi is not installed by default. Please do 'apt-get install Isscsi' to install it. 37 8) Perform 6GB read from srp volume to null 38 39 a) Example: dd if=\$drive of=/dev/null count=600 bs=10M 40 9) Perform 6GB write from zero to srp volume

a) Example: dd if=/dev/zero of=\$drive count=600 bs=10M

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	10)	Perform steps #8 and #9 for both volumes found from each target mined by step #7	as deter-
	11)	Unload srp module	
	12)	Repeat steps 2 through 9 for all HCAs	
	13)	Reboot all devices in the fabric and repeat the procedure using a SM.	different
		Note : An HCA must successfully complete all DD operations to an volumes on all targets using all available SM's in order to pass SR	
11.6.3 SRP EXTENDED PROCEDUR	?F -	Βετα	
	1)	Start an SM (all SM's will need to be tested) and let it initialize	
	''	a) Verify that the running SM is the one that you started	
	21	Choose a node to work with	
	2) 3)	Unload the srp module	
	3)		
	4)	Load srp module with cmd_sg_entries=255 allow_ext_sg=1 indirect_sg_entries=2048	
		 a) Example: modprobe ib_srp cmd_sg_entries=255 allow_ext_s indirect_sg_entries=2048 	g=1
		b) Let it initialize	
	5)	Verify that the module loaded correctly	
		a) Example : lsmod grep ib_srp	
	6)	Load srp_daemon with -e -o -n options	
		a) Example : srp_daemon -e -o -n	
		b) Let it initialize	
	7)	Find all volumes from all targets	
	,	a) Use Isscsi	
		Note: As of April 2012, the OFILG mandated that the target on two volumes when doing mandatory testing.	ly include
	8)	Perform 6GB read from srp volume to null	
	,	a) Example : dd if=\$drive of=/dev/null count=600 bs=10M	
	9)	Perform 6GB write from zero to srp volume	
	-,	a) Example : dd if=/dev/zero of=\$drive count=600 bs=10M	
	10)	Perform steps #8 and #9 for both volumes found from each target mined by step #7	as deter-
	11)	Unload srp module	
		Repeat steps 2 through 9 for all HCAs	
	,	Reboot all devices in the fabric and repeat the procedure using a SM.	different

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Note : An HCA must successfully complete all DD operations to and from all volumes on all targets using all available SM's in order to pass SRP testing	1 2
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11.7 IB ETHERNET GATEWAY USING OFED

11.7.1 PROCEDURE

1)	Connect the HCA of the IB host to the IB fabric. Connect the Ethernet	3
,	Gateway to the IB fabric. Connect the Ethernet gateway to the Ethernet net-	4
	work or Ethernet device. Start the SM to be used in this test.	5
2)	Determine which I II P your ethernet gateway uses and be sure that I II P is	6

- Determine which ULP your ethernet gateway uses and be sure that ULP is running on the host (VNIC or IPoIB).
- Restart the ULP or using the tool provided by the ULP, make sure that the host "discovers" the Ethernet Gateway. Configure the interfaces and make sure they are up.
- 4) Run ping from the host to the Ethernet device. While the ping is running, kill the master SM. Verify that the ping data transfer is unaffected.
- 5) Reboot the Ethernet Gateway. After the Ethernet Gateway comes up, verify that the host can discover the Ethernet Gateway as it did before and we are able to configure the interfaces.
- 6) Restart the ULP used by Ethernet Gateway and verify that after the ULP comes up, the host can discover the Ethernet Gateway and we are able to configure the interfaces.
- Unload the ULP used by Ethernet Gateway and check that the Ethernet Gateway shows it disconnected. Load the ULP and verify that the Ethernet gateway shows the connection.
- 8) Repeat step 4 by using ssh and scp instead of ping.

11.8 IB FIBRECHANNEL GATEWAY USING OFED

11.8.1 PROCEDURE

		2
1)	Connect the HCA of the IB host to the IB fabric. Connect the FC Gateway	3
,	to the IB Fabric (how to do this is determined by the FC Gateway vendor).	4
	Connect the FC Gateway to the FC network or FC device. Start the SM to be used in this test.	5
•		6
2)	Configure the FC Gateway appropriately (how to do this is vendor specific).	7
3)	Use ibsrpdm tool in order to have the host "see" the FC storage device. Add the storage device as target.	8 9
4)	Run basic dd application from the SRP host to the FC storage device.	10
5)	Run basic dd application from the SRP host to the FC storage device. While the test is running, kill the master SM. Verify that the test completes properly.	11 12 13
6)	Unload the SRP host / SRP Target (target first/host first) and check that the SRP connection is properly disconnected.	14 15
7)	Load the SRP host / SRP Target. Using ibsrpdm, add the target.	16
8)	Run basic dd application from the SRP host to the FC storage device.	17
9)	Reboot the FC Gateway. After FC Gateway comes up, verify using ibsrpdm	18
,	tool that the host see the FC storage device. Add the storage device as target.	19 20
10)	Run basic dd application from the SRP host to the FC storage device.	21
11)	Follow steps 1-10 above with each SM to be tested and with each HCA to be tested, until each HCA and each SM has been tested with the FC	22
	Gateway.	23
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12 ETHERNET SPECIFIC INTEROP PROCEDURES USING OFED					
12.1 IWARP LINK INITIALIZE USING OFED					2
12.1.1 PURPOSE					
12.1.1 FURPOSE	ть	a :\A) Link initialize test is a validation that all $W(ADD)$ devices resplicing the	4
	The iWARP Link Initialize test is a validation that all iWARP devices receiving the OFA Logo can link and pass traffic under nominal (unstressed) conditions.				
	0.		ogo		6
12.1.2 RESOURCE REQUIREMENT	S				7
	1)	Gię	gabit	or 10Gigabit iWARP RNIC,	8
	2)	Gię	gabit	or 10Gigabit Ethernet Switch	9
	3)	Со	mpli	ant Cables	10
12.1.3 DISCUSSION					11
	Th	e va	lidat	ion of the underlying transport infrastructure is essential to the end-	12
				rience of the operation of the OFED software stack. To this end, this	13
				is that iWARP devices receiving the OFA Logo can suitably link and in any configuration. Exhaustive compliance testing of BER perfor-	14 15
	•			the channel or electrical signaling of the ports is not performed; how-	16
				essful completion of this test provides further evidence of the	17
	rot	oustr	ness	of the OFA logo bearing device.	18
12.1.4 PROCEDURE					19
	1)	Со	nne	ct the two link partners together utilizing compliant cables.	20
	2)	Ch	eck	all relevant LEDs on both ends of the link.	21
	3)	Ve	rifv t	hat basic IP connectivity can occur by driving minimum size ICMP	22
	-,	ecl	ho re	equests and replies across the link or equivalent traffic (including	23
			DMA traffic if readily configured, in which case an additional RNIC re-		24
				er station is required). To verify that an RDMA link has been initialized in Host A and Host B run the following commands:	25
		a)		rt a server in verbose mode on Host A:	26
		- /	i)	rping -sv	27 28
		b)		Int a client on Host B to ping Host A.	29
		/	i)	rping -cv -a Host A RNIC_IP_Address	30
		C)	,	tional Command for the client	31
		0)	i)	rping -cv -a Host A RNIC_IP_Address -C 4 -S 50	32
			''	Note : This sends a count of 4 pings and character strings of size 50	33
	4)	Re	nea	steps 1-3 for all combinations of 2 RNICs to switches, switch to	34
	• • •			and RNIC to RNIC link partner combinations. Previously tested com-	35
		bin	natio	ns resident in the OFILG cluster may be omitted.	36
12.1.5 OBSERVABLE RESULTS					37
	1)	Lin	ık sh	ould be established on both ends of the channel.	38
	2)			should pass in both directions. Error rates of 10e-5 or better should	39
		be	read	lily confirmed (no lost frames in 10,000).	40 41
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12.1.6 POSSIBLE PROBLEMS 1) Traffic directed to a switches IP management address may not be processed at high speed, in such cases, traffic should be passed across the switch to a remote responder.

12.2 ROCE LINK INITIALIZE USING OFED						
12.2.1 PURPOSE						
	Th	e Ro	CE Link Initialize test is a validation that all RoCE devices receiving the	3		
	OF	ALC	go can link and pass traffic under nominal (unstressed) conditions.	4 5		
12.2.2 RESOURCE REQUIREMENTS						
	1)	10	or 40 Gigabit RoCE Channel Adapter (RCA)	6		
	2)		or 40 Gigabit RoCE Switch (DCB Enabled)	7 8		
	2) 3)			9		
	3)	00	mpliant Cables	10		
12.2.3 DISCUSSION	-			11		
			idation of the underlying transport infrastructure is essential to the end- xperience of the operation of the OFED software stack. To this end, this	12		
			firms that RoCE devices receiving the OFA Logo can suitably link and	13		
	•		affic in any configuration. Exhaustive compliance testing of BER perfor-	14		
			of the channel or electrical signaling of the ports is not performed; how- uccessful completion of this test provides further evidence of the	15		
			ess of the OFA logo bearing device.	16		
12.2.4 PROCEDURE				17		
12.2.4 PROCEDURE	1)	0.	enert the two link pertoant together utilizing compliant ophics	18		
	1)		nnect the two link partners together utilizing compliant cables.	19		
	2)		eck all relevant LEDs on both ends of the link.	20 21		
	3)		ify that basic IP connectivity can occur by driving minimum size ICMP or requests and replies across the link or equivalent traffic (including	22		
			MA traffic if readily configured, in which case an additional RoCE re-	23		
			onder station is required). To verify that an RDMA link has been initialized	24		
			ween Host A and Host B run the following commands:	25		
		a)	Start a server in verbose mode on Host A:	26		
			i) rping -sv -a Host A RCA_IP_Address	27		
		b)	Start a client on Host B to ping Host A.	28		
			i) rping -cv -a Host A RCA_IP_Address	29		
		C)	Optional Command for the client	30		
			i) rping -cv -a Host A RCA_IP_Address -C 4 -S 50	31		
			Note : This sends a count of 4 pings and character strings of size 50	32		
	4)		peat steps 1-3 for all combinations of 2 RCAs to switches, switch to tch, and RCA to RCA link partner combinations. Previously tested combi-	33 34		
			ions resident in the OFILG cluster may be omitted.	35		
12.2.5 OBSERVABLE RESULTS				36		
	1)	Lin	k should be established on both ends of the channel.	37		
	2)		ffic should pass in both directions. Error rates of 10e-5 or better should	38		
	,		readily confirmed (no lost frames in 10,000).	39		
				40		
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12.3 ROCE FABRIC INIT USING		1
	This test will be developed for the April 2014 Interop De	ebug event ²
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12.4 RoCE IPoCE			
12.4.1 SETUP			
	Co	nnect RCAs and switches as per the Fabric Diagram.	
12.4.2 IPoCE NETWORK CONFIGU	_		
	1)	Configure IPoCE addresses so that all hosts reside on	
		a) Set interfaces to 10.3.X.X/16 via ifconfig eth2 10.3 255.255.0.0	.X.X netmask
12.4.3 PING PROCEDURES		200.200.010	
Step A	1)	Power cycle all switches in the fabric.	
	2)	Visually verify that all devices are in the active state by	inspecting link LEDs
	2) 3)	Examine the arp table via 'arp -a' and remove the dest	
	0)	address from the sending node's arp table via arp $-d < d$	
	4)	Ping every RCA in the topology except localhost with p	acket sizes of 511,
		1025, 2044, 8192, 32768, and 65507.	
		a) ping -i 0.2 -t 3 -c 10 -s <payload size=""> <destination< td=""><td>></td></destination<></payload>	>
		i) "-i" - interval 0.2 seconds	
		ii) "-t" - IP Time to Live equals 3 seconds	
		iii) "-c" - count equals 10	
		iv) "-s" - size of the ping	
		v) "destination" - the IP address of the IPoIB inter	01 0
	5)	Clear the arp table before each ping. Each payload siz command.	e is a separate ping
	6)	In order to pass Step A a reply must be received for ever	ery ping sent, without
		losing a single packet.	
Stor D	1)	Developelly disconnect a single DCA is the tenders (no	4-0)
Step B	1) 2)	Physically disconnect a single RCA in the topology (no	
	2)	Check for ping response from all nodes (all-to-all ping to a local state)	
	•	a) A response from the disconnected RCA (node0) sh	
	3)	Physically disconnect a second RCA from the topology	. ,
	4)	Ping the newly disconnected node (node1) from all oth	
		a) A response from the disconnected RCA (node1) sh	
	5)	Reconnect node0 to the fabric and check for ping resp RCAs in the fabric.	onses from all other
		a) A response from the reconnected RCA (node0) sh	ould be returned.
	6)	Connect node1 to a different switch in the topology.	
	7)	Ping node1 from all other nodes.	
		a) A response from the reconnected RCA (node1) sh	ould be returned.
	8)	Repeat step B, this time by logically disabling the inter- eth2` instead of physically disconnecting the nodes.	aces using `ifdown

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			_
		a) There should be no change in behavior from steps 1-7.	1
	No	te: Steps A and B must pass in order for the device to pass 12.4.3 overall.	2
12.4.4 SFTP PROCEDURE			3
	DL pro	MB file will be SFTP'd from the DUT to a link partner, and then back to the IT. The file will then be compared to the original as fidelity verification. SFTP ocedures require that SFTP server and client programs be installed on all hosts the fabric.	4 5 6 7 8
12.4.4.1 Setup			9
	1)	Ensure that sftp is installed and running on all nodes in the topology.	1(
12.4.4.2 SFTP PROCEDURE	,		1
	1)	Create a 4MB file on the host to test.	1
	1)	a) dd if=/dev/urandom of=temp_file.orig bs=4194304 count=1	1
	2)		1
	2)	a) echo "put temp_file.orig /tmp/temp_file" > put.in	1
		 b) sftp -b put.in <destination address=""></destination> 	1
	2)		1
	3)	Get the same file back to the DUT.	1
		 a) echo "get /tmp/temp_file /tmp/<client>.temp_file" > get.in</client> b) office h got in constituen addresses 	2
		b) sftp -b get.in <destination address=""></destination>	2
	4)	Compare the files via `cmp temp_file.orig /tmp/ <client>.temp_file`.</client>	2
	N -	a) The files must be identical	2
	NO	tes:	2
	•	Every node must correctly SFTP the 4MB file to all other nodes in order for the device to pass 12.4.4 overall.	2
	•	Sections 12.4.3 and 12.4.4 must pass using the configuration determined by	2
		sections 12.4.1, 12.4.2, and 12.4.4.1 in order for the device to pass IPoCE	2 2
		overall.	3
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12.5 ROCE INFINIBAND GATE	WAY	1
	This test will be developed for the April 2014 Interop Debug event	2
12.6 ROCE FIBRE CHANNEL G		3
12.0 NOOL TIBRE ONAMALE C	This test will be developed for the April 2014 Interop Debug event	4 5
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TI iSER using OFED RELEASE 1.50

13 TRANSPORT INDEPENDENT	INTE	ROP PROCEDURES USING OFED	1
13.1 TI ISER USING OFED			2
13.1.1 IB SETUP			3
	Сс	nnect initiator/target to switch as well as run one or more SMs (embedded in	4
		e switch or host based). If more than one SM, let the SMs split into master and	5 6
	SIE	ve.	7
	O	tional: In the procedures below, an IB analyzer can be inserted in the appro-	
	•	ate link to obtain traces and validate the aspects of the procedures specifically	9
	ae	ailed below in subsequent sections.	10
13.1.2 IWARP SETUP			11
	Сс	nnect iSER host initiator and target RNICs to an 10GbE switch.	12
			13
13.1.3 ROCE SETUP	0		14
		nnect iSER host initiator and target RCA to a 10/40 GbE switch which is DCB abled.	15
			16
13.1.4 PROCEDURE			17 18
	1)	Load iSER target and iSER initiator to hosts from OpenFabrics tree, check iSER connection.	19
	0)		20
		Run basic dd application from iSER initiator host connected to target.	21
	3)	[IB Specific Test] Run basic dd application from iSER initiator host con- nected to target. Kill the master SM while test is running and check that it	22
		completes properly.	23
	4)	Unload iSER initiator from a Host and check iSER connection properly dis-	24
		connected on a target host.	25
	5)	Unload iSER target from a Host and check iSER connection properly dis-	26
		connected on an initiator host.	27
	6)	[IB Specific Test] Repeat steps 2-5 now with the previous slave SM (we did not actually stop the target).	28
		not actually stop the target).	29
			30 31
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13.2 TI NFS OVER RDMA USING 13.2.1 Installation	G OFE	D	1 2
		Steps 2-4 are unneeded if an OFED supported OS is used along with an OFED release downloaded from http://www.openfabrics.org	3 4
		NFSoRDMA is not installed by default in OFED v.1.4.2 and therefore this not supported by Ubuntu 12-4 and 12-10 server.	5 6 7
	1) Ve use	rify that you are using a Linux kernel with NFS/RDMA on every system	8 9
	a)	The NFS/RDMA client and server are both included in the mainline Linux kernel version 2.6.25 and later. This and other versions of the 2.6 Linux kernel can be found at: ftp://ftp.kernel.org/pub/linux/kernel/v2.6/	10 11
		Note: OFED supported OS releases of lower kernel revision than men- tioned above have been updated by their respected maintainers to allow NFS RDMA to function. Check the nfs-rdma.release-notes.txt provided with the OFED release you are using for supported OS releases.	12 13 14 15
		Note: As of OFED 1.5.3 rc2 NFSoRDMA is not installed by default. To do so you must have built OFED from src with nfsrdma=y directive contained within the ofed.conf file used by the OFED installer.	16 17 18
		i) To generate an ofed.conf file run the following from within the down- loaded OFED src.	19 20
		1. \$./install.pl -p	21
		ii) Add the following directives to the generated ofed-all.conf file	22
		1. nfsrdma=y	23
		iii) Install OFED	24
		1/install.pl -c ofed-all.conf	25
	2) Co	nfigure the RDMA stack on every system used	26
	a)	Make sure your kernel configuration has RDMA support enabled. Under Device Drivers => InfiniBand support, update the kernel configuration to enable InfiniBand support.	27 28 29
		Note : the option name is misleading. Enabling InfiniBand support is required for all RDMA devices (IB, iWARP, etc.).	30 31
	b)	Enable the appropriate IB HCA support (mlx4, mthca, ehca, ipath, qib, etc.) or iWARP adapter support (amso, cxgb3, etc.).	32 33
	c)	If you are using InfiniBand, be sure to enable IP-over-InfiniBand (IPoIB) support.	34 35
	3) Co	nfigure the NFS client	36
	a)	Your kernel configuration must also have NFS file system support	37
		and/or NFS server support enabled. These and other NFS related con- figuration options can be found under File Systems => Network File	38 39
		Systems.	40
	4) Bu	ild, install, reboot	41
			42

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	a)	are hid	The NFS/RDMA code will be enabled automatically if NFS and RDMA are turned on. The NFS/RDMA client and server are configured via the hidden SUNRPC_XPRT_RDMA config option that depends on SUN-RPC and INFINIBAND. The value of SUNRPC_XPRT_RDMA will be:					
		i)	 N if either SUNRPC or INFINIBAND are N, in this case the NFS/RDMA client and server will not be built 	4 5				
		ii)	- M if both SUNRPC and INFINIBAND are on (M or Y) and at least one is M, in this case the NFS/RDMA client and server will be built as modules	6 7 8				
		iii)	- Y if both SUNRPC and INFINIBAND are Y, in this case the NFS/RDMA client and server will be built into the kernel	9 10				
	b)		ou have followed the steps above and turned on NFS and RDMA, the S/RDMA client and server will be built.	11 12				
	C)	Bu	Build a new kernel, install it and boot it					
5)	Ch	eck	RDMA Setup	14				
	a)	If you are using InfiniBand, make sure there is a Subnet Manager (SM) running on the network.						
	b)	Us	e IPoIB to ping two hosts.	17				
6)			ure NFS exports, start NFS server	18				
,	a) b)	Use two machines, one to act as the client and one to act as the server.						
		 On the server system, configure the /etc/exports file and start the NFS/RDMA server. Export entries with the following formats have been tested: 						
		i)	/vol0 192.168.0.47(fsid=0,rw,async,insecure,no_root_squash)	23				
		ii)	/vol0 192.168.0.0/255.255.255.0(fsid=0,rw,async,inse- cure,no_root_squash)	24 25				
	C)	The IP address(es) is (are) the client's IPoIB address for an InfiniBa HCA or the client's iWARP address(es) for an RNIC.						
	doe	ote : The "insecure" option must be used because the NFS/RDMA client bes not use a reserved port. This does not interfere with normal NFS over CP/IP operations.						
	d)	Th	The remainder of this section will assume an export of /server					
	e)) Start the NFS server						
		i)	If the NFS/RDMA server was built as a module (CONFIG_SUNRPC_XPRT_RDMA=m in kernel config), load the RDMA transport module:	33 34 35				
			1. \$ modprobe svcrdma	36				
		ii)	Regardless of how the server was built (module or built-in), start the server:	37 38				
			1. \$ /etc/init.d/nfs start or service nfs start	39				
		iii)	Instruct the server to listen on the RDMA transport:	40				
			 \$ echo rdma 20049 > /proc/fs/nfsd/portlist 	41				
7)	Ch	eck	NFS Setup	42				

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	a)		he NFS components enabled above (client and tionality over standard Ethernet using TCP/IP c		1 2
	b)	On t	he client system:		3
		i)	Jse this command to mount the NFS server ex	port:	4
			 \$ mount <server address="" ip="" name="" or="" tcp=""> path></server> 	:/ <export> /<mount< td=""><td>5 6</td></mount<></export>	5 6
			To verify that the mount is using TCP, run "cat / check the "proto" field for the given mount.	proc/mounts" and	7 8
8)	Ch	eck N	FS/RDMA Setup		9
	a)		he NFS components enabled above (client and tionality over RDMA.	/or server), test their	10 11
	b)	On t	he client system:		12
		,	f the NFS/RDMA client was built as a module CONFIG_SUNRPC_XPRT_RDMA=m in kerne RDMA client module:	el config), load the	13 14 15
			1. \$ modprobe xprtrdma		16
		,	Regardless of how the client was built (module command to mount the NFS server export:	or built-in), use this	17 18
			 \$ /sbin/mount.rnfs <ipoib a<br="" name="" or="" server="">/<mount path=""> -o \ rdma,port=20049</mount></ipoib> 	ddress>:/ <export></export>	19
			Note : OFED will build and install the mount utility s called mount.rnfs. Either this binary or the mo with nfs-utils revision greater than version 1.1 c mainder of this section will assume mount.rnfs used.	ount binary provided an be used. The re-	20 21 22 23 24
			To verify that the mount is using RDMA, run "ca check the "proto" field for the given mount.	at /proc/mounts" and	25 26
9)	Со	nnect	athon		20
	a)		nload the Connectathon test suite from http://v on.org/nfstests.html	www.connec-	28 29
	b)	Insta	Il Connectathon on every client to be used		30
			Modify tests.init within the connectathon tarball ment.	to suit your environ-	31 32
			 The MOUNTCMD, UMOUNTCMD and MN tives are unimportant as we will be calling t tathon binary directly. 		33 34
			Be sure to remove the -fwritable-strings op CFLAGS variable. Your build will fail if this		35 36
		ii)	Run make to build the connectathon binaries.		37
10	D) Tes	st the	connectathon runtests binary		38
	a)	Run tem.	sudo ./runtests -a -t /mnt/ to test the binary aga	inst the local file sys-	39 40
	b)	All te	ests should pass but you will see 1 warning. Th	is is ok.	41 42

			1
13.2.2 NFSoRDMA Test Procedure			2
1)	No	te: This step is for IB Only - the rest of the steps apply to all transports.	3
	a)	Start an SM	4
2)	Sei	ver setup	5
	a)	Add nfs rdma server support to the running kernel if not already present.	6
		i) \$ modprobe svcrdma	8
	b)	Clean up any existing mount paths and create a new one	9
		i) \$ rm -rf /tmp/nfsordma	10
		ii) \$ mkdir -p /tmp/nfsordma/srv	11
		iii) \$ chmod -R 777 /tmp	12
	C)	Start the server	13
		i) \$ /etc/init.d/nfs restart	14
	d)	Tell the server to listen for rdma connection requests on port 20049	15
		i) \$ echo 'rdma 20049' sudo tee -a /proc/fs/nfsd/portlist	16
3)	Clie	ent setup	17
	a)	Add nfs rdma client support to the running kernel if not already present.	18 19
		i) \$ modprobe xprtrdma	20
	b)	Mount the servers export using rdma	21
		i) \$ mkdir -p /tmp/nfsordma/ <server></server>	22
		ii) \$ mount -t nfs <server>-<interface>:/tmp/nfsordma/srv /tmp/nfsord- ma/<server> -o rdma,port=20049</server></interface></server>	23 24
	C)	Verify that the mount is using the rdma protocol	25
		i) Verify that the mount is using RDMA, run "cat /proc/mounts" and check the "proto" field for the given mount.	26 27
4)	Ru	n Connectathon's runtests binary	28
	a)	\$./runtests -a -t /tmp/nfsordma/ <server>/<client>/</client></server>	29
5)	Repeat steps 2-4 using a new client-server pair until all nodes have a		30
	bot	h a server and a client.	31
6)	Repeat steps 2-5 using a new SM until all registered SM's have been used		
7)		Il tests run by the connectathon runtests binary must pass on all client	
	nodes rdma mount points from all server nodes using all SM's in the device to pass <u>NFSoRDMA Test Procedure</u> overall.		34
		<u></u>	35 36
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13.3 TI RELIABLE DATAGRAM SE	RVIC	E (RDS) USING OFED	1 2
3.3.1 RDS-PING PROCEDURE			
N	ote	RDS does not support iWARP	3 4
1)	Us	se the command <i>modprobe rds_rdma</i> to add RDS support to the kernel	5
2)	Ve	erify that the kernel supports RDS by issuing the rds-info command.	6
	a)	The rds-info utility presents various sources of information that the RDS kernel module maintains. When run without any optional arguments rds-info will output all the information it knows of.	7 8 9
		ote: Package rds-tools 1.4.1-OFED-1.4.2-1 is required to run rds-info on ountu. Also the rdstcp module needs to be loaded - 'modprobe rds-tcp'	10 11
3)	[F	or IB] Start one of the Subnet Managers in the cluster	12
	ar	bte : RDS is IP based so you need to provide a host address either through out of band Ethernet connection or through IPoIB. RDS also requires the Ds to be set in an InfiniBand Fabric and therefore an SM must be run.	13 14 15
	No	ote: All SMs in the fabric should be tested.	16
4)		noose a host and use <i>rds-ping host</i> to communicate with every other end pint in the fabric.	17 18
		ote : Be sure that you identify the correct host when using the command <i>rds-ng host</i> .	
	a)	rds-ping is used to test whether a remote node is reachable over RDS. Its interface is designed to operate in a similar way to the standard ping(8) utility, even though the way it works is pretty different.	21 22
	b)	rds-ping opens several RDS sockets and sends packets to port 0 on the indicated host. This is a special port number to which no socket is bound; instead, the kernel processes incoming packets and responds to them.	23 24 25 26
5)	Ve	erify that all nodes respond without error.	27
	No	ote: To avoid losing packets, do not run this while RDS-Stress is running.	28
13.3.2 RDS-STRESS PROCEDURE			29
1)		noose a host and start a passive receiving session for the RDS Stress test. only needs to be told what port to listen on.	30 31
	a)	\$ rds-stress -p 4000	32
2)	dr	nose a second host and start an active sending instance giving it the ad- ess and port at which it will find a listening passive receiver. In addition, it given configuration options which both instances will use.	33 34 35
	a)	\$ rds-stress -T 5 -s recvhost -p 4000 -t 1 -d 1	36
		Note: If you repeat the test in less than one minute you may get the error	37
		message "Cannot assign requested address" since the port numbers are not immediately reusable. Either wait or change the port number using	38 39
		the -p option	40
			41
			42

Note: The -t option is for the number of tasks (child processes), which de-1faults to 1 so "-t 1" is optional. The -d option is for the message queue2depth, which also defaults to 1 so "-d 1" is optional.3

- Every second, the parent process will display statistics of the ongoing stress test. If the -T option is given, the test will terminate after the specified time and a summary is printed.
- 4) Verify that the test completes without error.
- 5) Repeat steps 1-4 until all end points in the cluster have been tested.

13.4 TI UDAPLTEST COMMAN	IDS USING OFED	1
	Server Command: dapItest -T S -D <ia_name></ia_name>	2
13.4.1 Setup		3
	• The /etc/dat.conf needs to be verified to be sure that the correct interface is used. By default the dapl interface for IB is ib0 and for iWARP is eth2. If these are not correct for the current cluster then errors will occur.	4 5 6 7
	• It is also important to verify that the desired dapl library is being used.	8
	[For IB] an SM needs to be running.	9
	 [For iWARP hosts with Chelsio RNICs] Ensure that /sys/module/iw_cxgb3/parameters/peer2peer contains '1' on all hosts. 	10 11
13.4.2 GROUP 1: POINT-TO-POIN	ΤΟΡΟLΟGΥ	12 13
	[1.1] 1 connection and simple send/recv:	13
	 dapItest -T T -s <server_name> -D <ia_name> -i 100 -t 1 -w 1 -R BE</ia_name></server_name> client SR 256 1 server SR 256 1 	15 16
	[1.2] Verification, polling, and scatter gather list:	17
	 dapItest -T T -s <sever_name> -D <ia_name> -i 100 -t 1 -w 1 -V -P -R BE</ia_name></sever_name> client SR 1024 3 -f \ server SR 1536 2 -f 	18 19 20 21
13.4.3 GROUP 2: SWITCHED TOP		22
	InfiniBand Switch: Any InfiniBand switch	23
	iWARP Switch: 10 GbE Switch	24
	RoCE Switch: 10/40 GbE DCB Enabled switch	25 26
	[2.1] Verification and private data:	27
	 dapItest -T T -s <server_name> -D <ia_name> -i 100 -t 1 -w 1 -V -P -R BE</ia_name></server_name> 	28 29
	• client SR 1024 1 \	30
	server SR 1024 1	31
	 [2.2] Add multiple endpoints, polling, and scatter gather list: dapltest -T T -s <server_name> -D <ia_name> -i 100 -t 1 -w 10 -V -P -R</ia_name></server_name> BE client SR 1024 3 \ 	32 33 34
	server SR 1536 2	35
	[2.3] Add RDMA Write :	36
	 dapItest -T T -s <server_name> -D <ia_name> -i 100 -t 1 -w 1 -V -P -R BE</ia_name></server_name> client SR 256 1 \ 	37 38
	server RW 4096 1 server SR 256 1	39
	[2.4] Add RDMA Read:	40
	 dapItest -T T -s <server_name> -D <ia_name> -i 100 -t 1 -w 1 -V -P -R BE</ia_name></server_name> 	41 42

	• client SR 256 1 \
	server RR 4096 1 server SR 256 1
3.4.4 GROUP 3: SWITCHED TOPOLOG	WITH MULTIPLE SWITCHES
Not	te: This test is not applicable to RoCE for the October 2012 Events
[3.1] Multiple threads, RDMA Read, and RDMA Write:
-	• dapltest -T T -s <server_name> -D <ia_name> -i 100 -t 4 -w 8 -V -P -R BE</ia_name></server_name>
	• client SR 256 1 \
	• server RR 4096 1 server SR 256 1 client SR 256 1 server RW 4096 1 \
	server SR 256 1
[3.2	Pipeline test with RDMA Write and scatter gather list:
	 dapltest -T P -s <server_name> -D <ia_name> -i 1024 -p 64 -m p RW 8192 2</ia_name></server_name>
[3.3	B] Pipeline with RDMA Read:
	• InfiniBand: dapItest -T P -s <server_name> -D <ia_name> -i 1024 -p 64</ia_name></server_name>
	-m p RR 4096 2
	• iWARP : dapltest -T P -s <server_name> -D <ia_name> -i 1024 -p 64 -m</ia_name></server_name>
10 4	p RR 4096 1
[3.4] Multiple switches:
	 dapltest -T T -s <server_name> -D <ia_name> -i 100 -t 1 -w 10 -V -P -R</ia_name></server_name>
	BE client SR 1024 3 \ D 1500 0
	server SR 1536 2

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13.5 TI RDMA BASIC INTERO	P		1
	Note: This test cannot be run on Ubuntu 12-4 or 12-10 S	Server due to the lack of	2
	supported packages for Ubuntu		3
42.5.4 Dumpere			4
13.5.1 Purpose	-		5
	To demonstrate the ability of endpoints to exchange core across a simple network path. This test procedure validation	-	6
	points at the RDMA level, in a simple network configurat	-	7
	The Design DDMA interest to this difference to the second se		8
	The Basic RDMA interop test identifies interoperability iss	sues in one of four ways:	9
	• The inability to establish connections between endpo	oints	1
	The failure of RDMA operations to complete		1
	 Incorrect data after the completion of RDMA exchan Inconsistent performance levels. 	ges	1
13.5.2 General Setup			1
	The RDMA interop procedure can be carried out using the	ne OFA Verbs API to	1
	create RDMA Connections and send RDMA operation.		1
13.5.3 Topology			1
10.0.0 10001099	The topology of the network that interconnects the switc	hes can be changed to	1
	validate operation of the endpoints over different network	-	1
	mended that this procedure first be executed between er	ndpoints connected by a	2
	single switch, and then the process repeated for more co rations.	omplex network configu-	2
			2
13.5.4 IB Setup			2
	Connect endpoints to switch and run one or more SMs (embedded in the switch	2
	or host based).		2
13.5.5 iWARP Setup			2
	Connect iWARP RDMA endpoints to a 10 or 40 GbE sw	itch.	2
			2
13.5.6 RoCE Setup			3
	Connect RoCE RCAs to a 10 or 40 GbE switch which is	DCB Enabled.	3
13.5.7 RDMA Connectivity Set	un		3
	P Each of the tests described below must be run twice with	Host A being the server	3
	and then Host B being the server. This ensures that the	5	3
	sociated with active and passive sides of the connection		3
	each RDMA interface tested will be sending RDMA data and receiving RDMA data (Target) in the next.	(Requestor) in one test	3
			3
13.5.8 Small RDMA READ Proc	cedure		3
	1) Select the two devices that will be tested:		3
	2) On the server device issue the following command of	on command line:	4
	a) [For IB & RoCE] ib_read_bw -d <dev_name> -i</dev_name>	<port> -s 1 -m 2048</port>	4
			4,

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	b)	[For iWARP] ib_read_bw -d <dev_name> -i <port< td=""><td>> -s 1 -m 2048 -R -x 0</td><td>,</td></port<></dev_name>	> -s 1 -m 2048 -R -x 0	,
3)	0	n the client device issue the following command on c	command line:	4
	a)	[For IB & RoCE] ib_read_bw -d <dev_name> -i <p 2048 <i>Server IP Address</i></p </dev_name>	oort> -s 1 -n 25000 -m	2
	b)	[For iWARP] ib_read_bw -d <dev_name> -i <port 2048 -R -x 0 <i>RNIC_IP_Address</i></port </dev_name>	> -s 1 -n 25000 -m	(
4)		erify that the operation completed without error and t ance achieved is reasonable and as expected.	he level of perfor-	
13.5.9 Large RDMA READ Procee	dure)		(
1)	S	elect the two devices that will be tested:		
2)	0	n the server device issue the following command on	command line:	
	a)	[For IB & RoCE] ib_read_bw -d <dev_name> -i <µ 2048</dev_name>	oort> -s 1000000 -m	
	b)	[For iWARP] ib_read_bw -d <dev_name> -i <port> -R -x 0</port></dev_name>	> -s 1000000 -m 2048	
3)	0	n the client device issue the following command on c	command line:	
	a)	[For IB & RoCE] ib_read_bw -d <dev_name> -i <µ 300 -m 2048 <i>Server IP Address</i></dev_name>	oort>-s 1000000 -n	
	b)	[For iWARP] ib_read_bw -d <dev_name> -i <port m 2048 -R -x 0 <i>RNIC_IP_Address</i></port </dev_name>	>-s 1000000 -n 300 -	
4)		erify that the operation completed without error and t ance achieved is reasonable and as expected.	he level of perfor-	
13.5.10 Small RDMA Write Proce	dure	9		
1)	S	elect the two devices that will be tested:		
2)	0	n the server device issue the following command on	command line:	
	a)	[For IB & RoCE] ib_write_bw -d <dev_name> -i <</dev_name>	port> -s 1 -m 2048	
	b)	[For iWARP] ib_write_bw -d <dev_name> -i <port< td=""><td>> -s 1 -m 2048 -R -x 0</td><td></td></port<></dev_name>	> -s 1 -m 2048 -R -x 0	
3)	0	n the client device issue the following command on c	command line:	
	a)	[For IB & RoCE] ib_write_bw -d <dev_name> -i <p 2048 <i>Server IP Address</i></p </dev_name>	oort> -s 1 -n 25000 -m	
	b)	[For iWARP] ib_write_bw -d <dev_name> -i <poi 2048 -R -x 0 <i>RNIC_IP_Address</i></poi </dev_name>	rt> -s 1 -n 25000 -m	
4)		erify that the operation completed without error and t ance achieved is reasonable and as expected.	he level of perfor-	
13.5.11 Large RDMA Write Proce	dur	9		
1)	S	elect the two devices that will be tested:		
2)	0	n the server device issue the following command on	command line:	
	a)	[For IB & RoCE] ib_write_bw -d <dev_name> -i < 2048</dev_name>	port> -s 1000000 -m	

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		b) [For iWARP] ib_write_bw -d <dev_name> -i <port> -R -x 0</port></dev_name>	-s 1000000 -m 2048
	3)	On the client device issue the following command on co	mmand line:
		a) [For IB & RoCE] ib_write_bw -d <dev_name> -i <po 300 -m 2048 Server IP Address</po </dev_name>	ort> -s 1000000 -n
		b) [For iWARP] ib_write_bw -d <dev_name> -i <port>- m 2048 -R -x 0 RNIC_IP_Address</port></dev_name>	-s 1000000 -n 300 -
	4)	Verify that the operation completed without error and the mance achieved is reasonable and as expected.	e level of perfor-
13.5.12 Small RDMA SEND Pro	ceo	lure	
		s procedure may fail due to the inability of a endpoint to re fers.	epost the consumed
	1)	Select the two devices that will be tested:	
	2)	On the server device issue the following command on c	ommand line:
		a) [For IB & RoCE] ib_send_bw -d <dev_name> -i <pre>point</pre></dev_name>	ort> -s 1 -m 2048
		b) [For iWARP] ib_send_bw -d <dev_name> -i <port></port></dev_name>	-s 1 -m 2048 -R -x 0
	3)	On the client device issue the following command on co	mmand line:
		a) [For IB & RoCE] ib_send_bw -d <dev_name> -i <po 2048 Server IP Address</po </dev_name>	rt> -s 1 -n 25000 -m
		b) [For iWARP] ib_send_bw -d <dev_name> -i <port> 2048 -R -x 0 RNIC_IP_Address</port></dev_name>	-s 1 -n 25000 -m
	4)	Verify that the operation completed without error and the mance achieved is reasonable and as expected.	e level of perfor-
13.5.13 Large RDMA SEND Pro	oce	lure	
		s procedure may fail due to the inability of a endpoint to re fers.	epost the consumed
	1)	Select the two devices that will be tested:	
	2)	On the server device issue the following command on c	ommand line:
	,	a) [For IB & RoCE] ib_send_bw -d <dev_name> -i <per>2048</per></dev_name>	
		b) [For iWARP] ib_send_bw -d <dev_name> -i <port> -R -x 0</port></dev_name>	-s 1000000 -m 2048
	3)	On the client device issue the following command on co	mmand line:
		a) [For IB & RoCE] ib_send_bw -d <dev_name> -i <po 300 -m 2048 Server IP Address</po </dev_name>	ort>-s 1000000 -n
		b) [For iWARP] ib_send_bw -d <dev_name> -i <port>- m 2048 -R -x 0 RNIC_IP_Address</port></dev_name>	-s 1000000 -n 300 -
	4)	Verify that the operation completed without error and the mance achieved is reasonable and as expected.	e level of perfor-

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13.5.14 Additional IB N	otes			1
	1)	Alte	ernate read commands available	2
		a)	Server command: ib_read_bw -m 2048	3
		b)	Client command (small): ib_read_bw -s 1 -n 25000 <i>IPoIB Address for server</i> -m 2048	4 5
		c)	Client command (large): ib_read_bw -s 1000000 -n 300 <i>IPoIB Address for server -</i> m 2048	6 7
	2)	Alte	ernate write commands available	8
		a)	Server command: ib_write_bw -m 2048	9
		b)	Client command (small): ib_write_bw -s 1 -n 25000 <i>IPoIB Address for</i> server	10 11
		c)	Client command (large): ib_write_bw -s 1000000 -n 300 <i>IPoIB Address</i> for server -m 2048	12 13
	3)	Alte	ernate send commands available	14
		a)	Server command: ib_send_bw -m 2048	15 16
		b)	Client command: ib_send_bw -s 1 -n 25000 <i>IPoIB Address for server</i> -m 2048	17
		c)	Client command (large): ib_send_bw -s 1000000 -n 300 <i>IPoIB Address for server</i> -m 2048	18 19
	4)	Exp	planation of parameters	20 21
		a)	"-d" allows you to specify the device name which may be obtained from the command lane: <i>ibv_devinfo</i>	22 23
		b)	"-i" allows you to specify the port number. This may be useful if you are running the tests consecutively because a port number is not immediately released and this will allow you to specify another port number to run the test.	23 24 25 26
		c)	"-m" - this specifies the IB PMTU size. As of 10/3/2011 some devices did not support greater than 2048	27 28
		d)	"-n" - this it the number of operations you wish to complete.	29
		e)	"-R" - Connect QPs with rdma_cm and run test on those QPs	30
		f)	"-s" - this is the size of the operation you wish to complete	31
		g)	"-t" - Size of tx queue (default 128)	32 33
		h)	"-x 0" - Test uses GID with GID index (Default: IB - no GID. ETH - 0)	33 34
				35
IB Example: DevInfo - Server				36
				37
hca_id: mthca0	1.2.0			38
fw_ver: node_guid:	0002:c902	2:00	20:b4dc	39
sys_image_guid:	0002:c		0020:b4df	40
vendor_id: vendor_part_id:	0x02c9 25204			41 42

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hw_ver: 0xA0	1
board_id: MT_0230000001	2
phys_port_cnt: 1	- 3
port: 1	
state: PORT_ACTIVE (4)	4
max_mtu: 2048 (4)	5
active_mtu: 2048 (4) sm_lid: 1	6
port lid: 2	7
port_Imc: 0x00	8
	9
Command Line: ib_read_bw -d mthca0 -i 1	10
	11
DevInfo - Client	12
hca_id: mlx4_0	
fw_ver: 2.2.238	13
node_guid: 0002:c903:0000:1894 sys_image_guid: 0002:c903:0000:1897	14
vendor id: 0x02c9	15
vendor_part_id: 25418	16
hw_ver: 0xA0	17
board_id: MT_04A0110002	18
phys_port_cnt: 2	19
port: 1	
state: PORT_ACTIVE (4)	20
max_mtu: 2048 (4)	21
active_mtu: 2048 (4) sm_lid: 1	22
port_lid: 1	23
port_Imc: 0x00	24
pro-	25
Command Line: ib_send_bw -d mlx4_0 -i 1 10.0.0.1 -s 1 -n 300	26
	27
	Δ1

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13.6 TI RDMA STRESS TEST			
	lote: This test cannot be r upported packages for Ut	un on Ubuntu 12-4 or 12-10 Se puntu	erver due to the lack of
13.6.1 Purpose			
	erformed over interconne	entify problems that arise when ction devices in the fabric. The te or switching capacity of a de ntify failures.	test is not designed to evice, but does use per-
	est failures are identified	by the following events:	
	The failure of RDMA o	completion of RDMA exchange	ints
13.6.2 Topology			
	witch or across a RDMA f	detailed topology and can be abric that may include gatewa figuration depends on the num	ys to and from other
13.6.3 Switch Load			
		tes proper operation of a switc /IA frames. This test is analogo	ous to normal switch
) Attach a device to eac	h port on the switch.	
) Select two ports on the	e switch to test (This will be you	
		FE Operations of size 1024 byt the following commands	
	a) On the server devi	ce issue the following commar	
	i) [For IB & Ro 1024 -m 2048	CE] ib_write_bw -d <dev_na< td=""><td>ame> -i <port> -s</port></td></dev_na<>	ame> -i <port> -s</port>
	ii) [For iWARP] i 2048 -R -x 0	b_write_bw -d <dev_name></dev_name>	
	b) On the client devic	e issue the following comman	
	· -	CE] ib_write_bw -d <dev_na 0 -m 2048 <i>Server IP Address</i></dev_na 	ame> -i <port> -s</port>
	ii) [For iWARP] i	b_write_bw -d <dev_name> .8 -R -x 0 <i>RNIC_IP_Address</i></dev_name>	
		both devices at the same time	

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	5)		other pairs generate RDMA WRITE Operations until the control stream completes.	of size 1 byte continu-	
	6)	Repea	t above steps until all port pairs are tested.		
	7)	chang	t the above steps with all endpoint pairs, excep ed such that the size of the RDMA WRITE oper (~1 MB)		ļ
13.6.4 Switch FAN in		-			6
	in t	he pres e test re	fan in test attempts to validate proper operation ence of traffic loads that exceed the forwarding quires a minimum of two switches that are interc	capacity of the switch.	
	1)	must t	ect all possible endpoint pairs such that data excl raverse the pair of ports interconnecting the swi ns must be across the interconnect network.		
	2)		two ports such that it has to cross both switche I stream)	s. (This will be your	
	3)		ate RDMA WRITE Operations of size 1024 byte levice by issuing the following commands	es 25,000 times on	
		a) Or	the server device issue the following comman	d on command line:	
		i)	[For IB & RoCE] ib_write_bw -d <dev_na 1024 -m 2048</dev_na 	me> -i <port> -s</port>	
		ii)	[For iWARP] ib_write_bw -d <dev_name> 2048 -R -x 0</dev_name>	-i <port> -s 1024 -m</port>	
		b) Or	n the client device issue the following command	on command line:	
		i)	[For IB & RoCE] ib_write_bw -d <dev_na 1024 -n 25000 -m 2048 Server IP Address</dev_na 	me> -i <port> -s</port>	
		ii)	[For iWARP] ib_write_bw -d <dev_name> 25000 -m 2048 -R -x 0 <i>RNIC_IP_Address</i></dev_name>	-i <port> -s 1024 -n</port>	
	4)	This m	nust be done on both devices at the same time.		
	5)		other pairs generate RDMA WRITE Operations until the control stream completes.	of size 1 byte continu-	
	6)	Repea	t above steps until all port pairs are tested.		
	7)	chang	t the above steps with all endpoint pairs, excepted such that the size of the RDMA WRITE oper (~1 MB)		
13.6.5 RoCE Simultaneous Str	ess	-	· · · ·		
	Str	ess the	RoCE Adapter (RCA) by simultaneously transm IP level Ethernet traffic.	nitting both RoCE/IB	

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1)	ea	tablish two connections using a two RoCE ada ch adapter. The connections may use a switch ectly.		1 2 3
	a)	Channel 1 should be established and configunection.	red as an Ethernet con-	4
	b)	Channel 2 should be established and configured ethernet connection.	red as an RDMA over Con-	5 6
2)	Sir	nultaneously transmit traffic on both channels		7 8
	a)	Transmit Ethernet traffic on Channel 1 using	uperf (www.uperf.org).	9
	b)	Transmit RDMA traffic on Channel 2 using da such as ib_write_bw.	pltest or the OFED utilities	10
3)		lidate that the RCA is able to sustain traffic on b ffic on one channel does not interfere with the t		11 12 13
				14
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13.7 TI RSOCKETS USING OFED

13.7.1 GENERAL SETUP			2
		librspreload.so library should be loaded prior to running the tests and then oved after all tests are run. Please complete the following steps	3 4 5
	1)	echo \$LD_PRELOAD	5 6
		a) This will show you what the system already has loaded	7
	2)	export LD_PRELOAD=\$LD_PRELOAD:/usr/lib64/rsocket/librspreload.so	8
		a) This will add the rsocket library to the LD_PRELOAD variable	9
	3)	echo \$LD_PRELOAD	10
		a) This verifies that you have added the library. The result should include but may not be limited to the following:	11 12
		 :/usr/lib64/rsocket/librspreload.so 	13
	4)	To remove the setting for the LD_PRELOAD variable, give one of these commands:	14 15
		a) export LD_PRELOAD=	16 17
		b) unset LD_PRELOAD	18
		e : if the first command indicated that there was already a PRELOAD before added the rsocket PRELOAD, then you should restore that PRELOAD.	19 20
13.7.2 ETHERNET SETUP			21
	Co	nect RSocket Channel Adapters to a 10 or 40 GbE switch.	22 23
13.7.3 IB SETUP			24
	no	nnect the HCAs and switches as per the Fabric Diagram and make sure that SM is running on the Fabric (verify using the command sminfo). Start OpenSM one of the HCAs	25 26 27
13.7.4 INSTALLATION REQUIREMEN	NTC		28
		e sure that the OFA ULP "RSockets" is installed on all nodes.	29 30
13.7.5 RSOCKETS TEST PROCEDU	RE		31
		re are five separate test procedures to be run on each client/server pair. All	32
		es should be tested.	33
13.7.5.1 Socket Procedure			34
13.7.3.1 Socket Procedure			35
	1)	Start an rstream server on a system:	36
		a) rstream -T s -S all	37
	2)	For each client, run socket tests for all sizes	38
		a) rstream -s <server-ip-address> -T s -S all</server-ip-address>	39 40
			40 41
			71

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3.7.5.2 Asynchronous Procedur	e		
	1)	Start an rstream server on a system:	
		a) rstream -T a -S all	
	2)	For each client, run socket tests for all sizes	
		a) rstream -s <server-ip-address> -T a -S all</server-ip-address>	
3.7.5.3 Blocking Procedure			
	1)	Start an rstream server on a system:	
		a) rstream -T b -S all	
	2)	For each client, run socket tests for all sizes	
		a) rstream -s <server-ip-address> -T b -S all</server-ip-address>	
3.7.5.4 Non-blocking Procedure			
	1)	Start an rstream server on a system:	
		a) rstream -T n -S all	
	2)	For each client, run socket tests for all sizes	
		a) rstream -s <server-ip-address> -T n -S all</server-ip-address>	
		<i>,</i>	

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13.7.5.5 Verified Transfers Procedure

1)	Start an rstream server on a system:
	a) rstream -T v -S all

- 2) For each client, run socket tests for all sizes
 - a) rstream -s <server-ip-address> -T v -S all

13.8 TI MPI - OPEN MPI USING	OF	ED		1
7	The	follo	owing values are used in examples below:	2
	•		PIHOME: The absolute directory location of the Open MPI installation is common to all systems under test.	3 4 5
•	•	\$NF	P: The number of MPI processes to use in the test.	5 6
•	•	\$HC	OSTFILE: The absolute filename location of the hostfile	7
•	•		B) tools installation that is common to all systems under test	8 9
13.8.1 CLUSTER SETUP				10
	1)	Net	work configuration requirements	11
		a)	All systems must be reachable by each other over IPoIB.	12
		,	All nodes must agree on the IPoIB IP addresses of all systems (e.g., via /etc/hosts, DNS, or some other mechanism).	13 14
2	2)		e same version of OFED must be installed in the same filesystem location all systems under test.	15 16
3	3)		e same version of the Intel MPI Benchmark (IMB) tools must be installed ne same filesystem location on all systems under test.	17 18
		,	MPL is to be used IMP can be downloaded from Intel's web site:	19 20
			http://software.intel.com/en-us/articles/intel-mpi-bench- marks/2wapkw=intel%20mpi%20benchmarks	21 22
2	4)		e same version of Open MPI must be available in the same filesystem lo- on on all systems under test	23 24
			Open MPI can be used from the OFED installation, or, if a later version is required, can be downloaded and installed from the main Open MPI	25 26
			http://www.open-mpi.org/	27
			i) If building Open MPI from source, and if the OpenFabrics libraries	28 29
			and headers are installed in a non-default location, be sure to use thewith-openib= <dir> option to configure to specify the OpenFab-</dir>	30
			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	31
				32
			is available on all nodes, or can be individually installed on all sys- tems. The main requirement is that Open MPI's filesystem location	33 34
			III) If Open MPT is built from source, theprefix value given to configure should be the filesystem location that is common on all systems un- der test. For example, if installing to a network filesystem on the file- system server, be sure to specify the filesystem location under the common mount point, not the "native" disk location that is only valid on the file server.	35 36 37 38 39 40

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			Note that Open MPI is included in some er operating systems. Multiple versions or co-exist on a system as long as they are system locations (i.e., configured with a d All MPI tests must be built and run with a MPI.	f Open MPI can peacefully installed into separate file- lifferentprefix argument).	
		,	Ensure that the Open MPI installation inc port:	ludes OpenFabrics sup-	
			shell\$ \$MPIHOME/bin/ompi_info grep o	penib	
			MCA btl: openib (MCA v1.0, API v1.0.1, 0	Component v1.4)	
			The exact version numbers displayed wil version of Open MPI. The important part pears showing the openib component.		
		sim	ic Open MPI run-time functionality can firs ple non-MPI applications. This ensures th /or ssh settings are correct, etc.		
		she nam	ll\$ \$MPIHOME/bin/mpirun -ssh -np \$NP - ne	-hostfile \$HOSTFILE host-	
		ŗ	The output should show the hostname of hostfile; the hostname should appear as lines in the hostfile. The list of hostnames der; this is normal	many times as there are	
			Note that any serial application can be ru short test that clearly identifies that speci	-	
Ę		must be will laun (e.g., all	ems must be setup with at least one idention able to SSH or RSH to all systems under ch the Open MPI tests with no additional SSH host keys should already be cached should be emitted, etc.).	r test from the system that output to stdout or stderr	
6			cable memory limits on each machine sho ocked memory per process.	ould be set to allow un-	
7		The und reliable.	lerlying OpenFabrics network used in the	test should be stable and	
8	,	No othe tests.	r fabric interoperability tests should be rur	nning during the Open MPI	
ç		systems available	ver possible the MPI tests should be run a to stress the OpenFabrics network. If on e, one can run in loopback mode with the self' to the mpirun command.	ly one single system is	
13.8.2 INSTALL OPEN MPI FOR OF	ED	3.5 ANI	D LATER		
1			ad the latest stable version of Open MPI k ww.openmpi.org/software/ompi/v1.6/	nere:	
		•	inge to the directory where you unpacked	the tar ball	
		b) Invo	oke the command: ./configureprefix=/u	usr/local Đ you can build	

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		c) Invoke the command: make all install	
	2)	Now you must build IMB-MPI1: you can download it here http://software.intel.com/en-us/articles/intel-mpi-benchmarks/	
		a) Unpack the IMB tar file and cd to the unpacked directory and go to the subdirectory 'src'	
		 b) Open the make_ict file and change line 3 from CC = mpicc to CC = mpicc 	
		c) While still in the 'src' directory, invoke "make all"	
		d) Copy IMB-MPI1 which has just been built to the directory "/usr/local/bin	ר"
3 8 3 CONFIGURING AND BUILDIN	G 0	PEN MPI 1.6.X FOR POWERLINUX SYSTEMS	
	The	ese are the instructions for configuring and building Open MPI 1.6.x on a ver Linux system.	
	1)	cmdline	
	,	 ./configureprefix=/usr/local/openmpi-1.6.4with-platform=/con- 	
		trib/platform/ibm/optimized-ppc64-gcc && make -j 16 && make install	
		The setting of the prefix will depend on where you usually do the installs	
		With RHEL6.x we typically use the module command from the environ- ment-modules rpm to dynamically adjust the environment to pick up a	-
		specific MPI build. But, mpi-selector will work as well. Also, the value	
		given to -j on the make is dependent on the number of available cores.	
		For example on the P7 system at UNH-IOL, 16 should work fine.	_
	2)	The main specifications are in the associated platform file. The one item of import for IB/RoCE testing is the line: <i>with_openib=/usr</i> This will ensure	
		that the IB transport is supported. It also assumes that the RDMA stack is in	۱-
		stalled in the standard place. If not, then this parameter will have to be ad-	
		justed accordingly.	
		enable_mem_debug=no	
		enable_mem_profile=no	
		enable_debug=no	
		 enable_contrib_no_build=libnbc,vt 	
		enable_ft_thread=no	
		 with_openib=/usr 	
		enable_shared=yes	
		enable_static=no	
		CXXFLAGS=-m64	
		CCASFLAGS=-m64	
		FCFLAGS=-m64	
		• FFLAGS=-m64	
		CFLAGS=-m64	
		 with_wrapper_cflags=-m64 	

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		with_wrapper_fflags=-m64	
	•	with_wrapper_fcflags=-m64	
	3) N	IPI Executable	
	•	mpirunbind-to-core -np 16host <sys1>,<sys2> ./IMB-MPI1</sys2></sys1>	4
	•	The MPI executables should find the RDMA adapters and then figure out the appropriate connection method. Thebind-to-core can improve performance, but is certainly optional.	Э
13.8.4 Test Setup			
	t c r r	Create a hostfile (\$HOSTFILE) listing the hostname of each system that wi be used in the test. If a system under test can run more than one MPI pro- cess (such as multiprocessor or multicore systems), list the hostname as many times as MPI processes are desired. For example, for two systems named node1.example.com and node2.example.com that are each able to un 4 processes:	
		shell\$ cat hostfile.txt	
		node1.example.com	
		node2.example.com	
	,	Determine the number of Open MPI processes (\$NP) that are to be run de ermined by the number of host entries in the created hostfile.	
	t r t t	Open MPI defaults to probing all available networks at run-time to determine which to use. The mpirun parameter,mca btl openib,self, will force all raffic over the RDMA fabric for iWARP, InfiniBand, and RoCE. Also, it neans that processes on the same system will use the OFA stack for com- nunication rather than shared memory. This is also how you do "loopback" o force the use of an RDMA adapter on a single system. For OpenFabrics esting for iWarp, InfiniBand and RoCE, add this extra command line pa- ameter.	-
	-	-mca btl openib,self	
	ŕ	t has been discovered that the following Open MPI command line pa- ameter is required to facilitate multi RDMA adaptor vendor MPI rings; both Warp and InfiniBand:	
	-	-mca pml ob1mca btl_openib_flags 306	
	ŕ	t has been discovered that the following Open MPI command line pa- ameter is required to facilitate multi RNIC adaptor vendors MPI rings; iWarp specific:	p

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		mca btl_openib_receive_queues P,65536,256,19	02,128	,
13.8.5 TEST PROCEDURE				2
	,	Create a hostfile listing the MPI ring nodes, proces number of processes to use as indicated in steps 1 The filesystem location of this hostfile is irrelevant.	and 2 of section 12.11.2.	2
	,	Locate the "mpirun" binary that will be used. This o Open MPI that will be used.	determines the version of	6
	,	Locate the "IMB-MPI1" IMB binary. This must have version of Open MPI selected above. If using an O process has already been performed.	-	6
	4)	Verify that a subnet manager has configured the fa	abric. If not, start one.	-
		Verify that all hosts present within the hostfile are		,
		Run the IMB-MPI1 benchmarks		,
		Repeat steps 4-6 using a different subnet manage	r until all subnet man-	,
		agers under test have been used.		
	,	All IMB benchmarks must pass successfully using		
		under test in order for the devices under test define	ed within the hostfile pass.	
13.8.6 METHOD OF IMPLEMENTATION				
		To perform step 4 of section 12.9.3 use "ibdiagnet the mpi hostfile and look for an "SM - Master" entr		
	,	To perform step 5 of section 12.9.3 ping the IPoIB fined in the mpi hostfile from a host defined in said		
	,	To perform step 6 of section 12.9.3 use the following that can access all hosts defined within the hostfile the host the	-	
		a) For InfiniBand :		
		\$MPIHOME/bin/mpirunmca btl openib,self,s btl_openib_flags \ 306 -np \$NP -hostfile \$HOS MPI1	•	
		b) For iWarp :		4
		\$MPIHOME/bin/mpirunmca btl openib,self,s	mmca pml ob1mca \	
		btl_openib_flags 306mca btl_openib_receive P,65536,256,192,128 -np \ \$NP -hostfile \$HOS		
		MPI1		
		c) For RoCE :		
		\$MPIHOME/bin/mpirunmca btl openib,self,s btl_openib_flags 306mca btl_openib_receive P,65536,120,64,32mca btl_openib_cpc_incle hostfile \$HOSTFILE \$IMBHOME/IMB-MPI1	e_queues	
		d) For PowerLinux Systems :		
		mpirunmca btl openib,selfbind-to-core -np ./IMB-MPI1	16host <sys1>,<sys2></sys2></sys1>	

13.9 TI MPI - OHIO STATE UNIVER 13.9.1 MVAPICH - SETUP	SITY USING OFED	1 2
1)	Network configuration requirements	3
	a) All systems must be reachable by each other a common network that supports TCP (Ethernet, IPoIB, etc.)	4 5
	 All nodes must agree on the IP addresses for all TCP networks on all systems (e.g., via /etc/hosts, DNS, or some other mechanism). 	6 7
2)	The same version of OFED must be installed in the same filesystem location on all systems under test.	8 9
3)	MVAPICH is included in OFED distributions. The updated versions of MVAPICH can be obtained from OpenFabrics website.	10 11
4)	The same version of MVAPICH must be available in the same filesystem lo- cation on all systems under test.	12 13
	a) MVAPICH can be installed once on a shared network filesystem that is available on all nodes, or can be individually installed on all systems. The main requirement is that MVAPICH filesystem location is the same on all systems under test.	14 15 16 17
5)	All systems must be setup with at least one identical user account. This user must be able to SSH or RSH to all systems under test from the system that will launch the MVAPICH tests with no additional output to stdout or stderr (e.g., all SSH host keys should already be cached, no password/passphrase prompts should be emitted, etc.).	18 19 20 21
6)	The lockable memory limits on each machine should be set to allow un- limited locked memory per process. This can be achieved by using ulimit command.	22 23 24
7)	The underlying IB network(s) used in the test should be stable and reliable. No other fabric interoperability tests should be running during the MVAPICH tests.	25 26
8)	Multiple versions of MVAPICH can peacefully co-exist on a system as long as they are installed into separate filesystem locations (i.e., configured with a differentprefix argument). All tests must be built and run with a single in- stallation of MVAPICH.	27 28 29 30
9)	MVAPICH tests should be run across at least 5 separate systems to force the use of the IB networks (vs. using just shared memory for in-system communication).	31 32 33
	Note : MVAPICH is commonly referred to as MVAPICH1 to distinguish it from the new and updated MVAPICH2	34 35
13.9.2 MVAPICH - TEST SETUP AND	PROCEDURE	36
1)	Test Setup	37
	a) Create a hostfile listing the hostname of each system that will be used in the test. If a system under test can run more than one MPI process (such as multiprocessor or multicore systems) list the hostname as many times as MPI processes are desired. For example, for two 2 pro- cessor systems named host1 and host2	38 39 40 41

		at hostfile.txt	1
	hos	-	2
	hos	it2	3
	hos	d2	4
b)	Do	wnload and install Intel® MPI Benchmarks on all nodes from:	5
		://www.intel.com/cd/software/products/asmo-	6
	<u>na/</u>	eng/cluster/mpi/219848.htm	7
	Fol	low the instructions below to install:	8
	i)	untar downloaded archive	9
	ii)	open <natured directory="">/src/make_mpich and fill in the following variables:</natured>	10 11
		 MPI_HOME=<path directory="" mvapich1="" to=""> #mine was /usr/mpi/gcc/mvapich-1.0.1</path> 	12 13
		CPPFLAGS= -DCHECK	14
	iii)	gmake -f make_mpich	15
	Thi	s will install the benchmarks inside the MPI_HOME/tests directory	16
	No	te: Intel® MPI Benchmarks are installed with OFED installation by de-	17
	fau		18
C)	Ent	er all nodes and run the following commands:	19
	i)	echo "PATH=\\$PATH: <path directory="" mvapich1="" to="">/bin:<path th="" to<=""><th>20</th></path></path>	20
	,	mvapich1 directory>/tests/IMB-3.0" >> / <username>/.bashrc # or</username>	21
		.cshrc	22
	ii)	echo "ulimit -l unlimited" >> / <username>/.bashrc # or .cshrc</username>	23
	iii)	source / <username>/.bashrc # or .cshrc</username>	24
		te: these commands may fail or produce unexpected results with a red \$HOME	25 26
Tes	sting	Procedure	27
a)	The	e following values are used in the examples below	28
	i)	\$MPIHOME - The absolute directory location of the MVAPICH in-	29
		stallation that is common to all systems under test	30
	ii)	\$NP - The number of MPI processes that are to be run determined by the number of host entries in the created hostfile.	31 32
	iii)	\$HOSTFILE - The absolute location of the hostfile	33
b)	Ru	n Intel® MPI Benchmarks:	34
	i)	Run the PingPong and PingPing point-to-point tests	35
		\$MPIHOME/bin/mpirun_rsh -ssh -np \$NP IMB-MPI1 -multi 0 Ping-	36
		Pong PingPing -hostfile \$HOSTFILE	37
	ii)	Run all the tests (PingPong, PingPing, Sendrecv, Exchange, Bcast,	38
		Allgather, Allgatherv, Alltoall, Reduce, Reduce_scatter, Allreduce,	39
		Barrier), in non-multi mode.	40
		\$MPIHOME/bin/mpirun_rsh -ssh -np \$NP IMB-MPI1 -multi 0 -hostfile \$HOSTFILE	41
		····	42

2)

13.9.3 MVAPICH2 - SETUP			1
	1)	Download and install OFED on all nodes from:	2
		http://www.openfabrics.org/downloads/OFED	3
	2)	Download and install Intel® MPI Benchmarks on all nodes from:	4
		http://www.intel.com/cd/software/products/asmo-	5
		na/eng/cluster/mpi/219848.htm	6
		You will have to accept a license. Follow the instructions below to install.	7 8
		a) untar downloaded archive	o 9
		open <untarred directory="">/src/make_mpich and fill in the following vari- ables:</untarred>	10
		 MPI_HOME=<path directory="" mvapich2="" to=""> #mine was /usr/mpi/gcc/mvapich2-1.0.3</path> 	11 12
		ii) CPPFLAGS= -DCHECK	13
		c) gmake -f make mpich	14
		This will install the benchmarks inside the MPI_HOME/tests directory	15
	3)	All nodes should be physically connected.	16 17
	4)	Enter all nodes and run the following cmds:	18
	.,	a) echo "PATH=\\$PATH: <path directory="" mvapich2="" to="">/bin:<path th="" to<=""><th>19</th></path></path>	19
		mvapich2 directory>/tests/IMB-3.0" >> / <username>/.bashrc # or .cshr</username>	20
		b) echo "ulimit -l unlimited" >> /<username>/.bashrc;</username>	21
		c) source / <username>/.bashrc # or .cshrc</username>	22
	5)	Create an mpi ring:	23
		a) Construct a file called hosts that has the following format. Include as many lines as you have hosts. Be sure to leave a blank line at the end of the file:	24 25 26
		i) <host>ifhn=<infiniband address="" ip=""></infiniband></host>	27
		b) Run the following commands	28
		i) mpdboot -n `cat hosts wc -l` -f hostsifhn= <localhost infiniband="" ip<="" th=""><th>29</th></localhost>	29
		address>	30 31
		ii) mpdtrace -I #OPTIONAL, shows current ring members.	32
	6)	MVAPICH tests should be run across at least 5 separate systems to force the use of the IB networks (vs. using just shared memory for in-system com	~ ~
		munication).	34
13.9.4 MVAPICH2 - TEST PROCED	DUR		35
Step A:	[Fo	IB] Run a subnet manager from one node only.	36
Step B	Ru	Intel® MPI Benchmarks:	37
			38 39
	1)	Two sets of tests should be run, with these command lines	39 40
		[For IB]	41
			42

			_
	a)	mpirun_rsh -ssh -np <number node="" nodes="" number="" of="" processors="" x=""> IMB-MPI1 -multi 0 PingPong PingPing</number>	1
	b)	mpirun_rsh -ssh -np <number node="" nodes="" number="" of="" processors="" x=""> IMB-MPI1</number>	3
	[Fo	r iWARP]	5
	a)	mpirun_rsh -ssh -np <number node="" nodes="" number="" of="" processors="" x=""> MV2_USE_IWARP_MODE=1 MV2_USE_RDMA_CM=1 IMB-MPI1 - multi 0 PingPong PingPing</number>	6 7 8
	b)	mpirun_rsh -ssh -np <number node="" nodes="" number="" of="" processors="" x=""> MV2_USE_IWARP_MODE=1 MV2_USE_RDMA_CM=1 IMB-MPI1</number>	9 1
		e first command runs just the PingPong and PingPing point-to-point tests, makes all tasks active (pairwise).	1 1
	cha	e second command runs all the tests (PingPong, PingPing, Sendrecv, Exange, Bcast, Allgather, Allgatherv, Alltoall, Reduce, Reduce_scatter, Allrece, Barrier), in non-multi mode.	1 1
2)	-	r IB] If the test passes shutdown current subnet manager and start an- er one on a different node; run both tests again.	1
3)	[Fo tes	r IB] Repeat until all nodes have run a subnet manager and passed all ts.	1
			1
			2
			2
			2
			2
			2
			2
			2

14 INFINIBAND SPECIFIC INTE	ROP	PROCEDURES USING WINOF	1
14.1 IB LINK INITIALIZE USING	G WIN		2
14.1.1 Setup			3 4
		te : The WinOF Subnet Manager and diagnostics are still evolving as com- red to OFED. Therefore, you must include an OFED Linux node along with the	4 5 6 7
	1)	Disconnect the full topology and select a cable whose length should be a maximum of 15 meters for SDR and 10 meters for DDR when using copper cables OF node to run diagnostics for this test	8 9 10 11
	2)	Varify that we OM is muching	11 12
	3)		13
	4)	ssh to the OFED node.	14
			15
		b) Run "ibdiagnet -ls 2.5" to check link speed. Interpret output and com-	16 17 18
		Note: This command will only produce output if the link speed is anything	19 20
	5)	ropout otopo i o with a amorone dovido paining.	21
		a) All device dall's musi de lesieu except orr laidel lo orr laidel.	22
			23 24
			25
			26
			27
			28
			29 30
		Note : HCA to Target and HCA to HCA cannot be tested under WinOF 2.0.2 because there are no utilities available. Switches can be tested by using a Linux Host and the OEED Utilities	31 32
		b) Each device must link to all other devices in order for the device to pass	33 34 35
14.1.2 Recommendations			36
	cor	order to determine Switch to Target and Switch to Switch link parameters, run nmands from an HCA linked to the switch under test. This does require more erpretation of the output to differentiate the reported parameters.	37 38 39 40 41 42 28
			29
			20

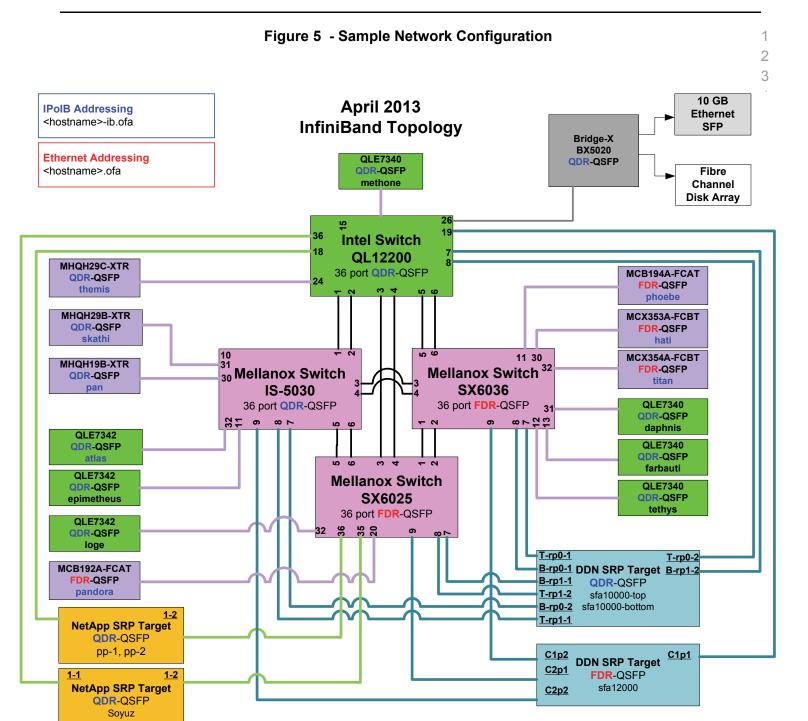
- 30
- 31

14.2 IB FABRIC INITIALIZATION	USII		1
14.2.1 Architect the Network w	e w	ant to build.	2
	pare	e: The WinOF Subnet Manager and diagnostics are still evolving as comed to OFED. Therefore, you must include an OFED Linux node along with the OF node to run diagnostics for this test.	3 4 5
	2)	Design and implement a Cluster Topology. End to end IPoIB connectivity is required between all end points. Therefore you must create and assign IP addresses to each IB end point. See <u>Figure 5- Sample Network Configuration</u> below.	6 7 8 9
14.2.2 Procedure			10 11
	2) 3)	Connect the HCAs and switches as per the Architected Network and make sure that no SM/SA is running on the Fabric. Start an SM on a device and let it initialize (all SMs will need to be tested) Visually verify that all devices are in the active state using LEDs (however the vendor decided to implement it). The following step s must be done using a Linux OFED end point. a) Run "ibdiagnet -pc" to clear all port counters b) Wait 17 seconds as per the specifications requirements.	12 13 14 15 16 17 18
		c) Run "ibdiagnet -c 1000" to send 1000 node descriptions.	19
		 d) Run "ibdiagnet" to generate fabric report and open report to see results. /tmp/ibdiagnet.sm e) Run "ibchecknet" to build guid list. 	20 21 22
14.2.3 Verification Procedures			23 24
	2)	Review "PM Counters" section of the fabric report. There should be no il- legal PM counters. The Specification says there should be no errors in 17 seconds. Review "Subnet Manager " section of the fabric report. Verify that the running SM is the one you started and verify number of nodes and switches in the fabric. Review the ibchecknet report and verify that there are no duplicate GUIDs in the fabric Note : the reports are located in the /tmp directory	25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32
	SM	tart all devices in the fabric and follow Sections 13.2.2 and 13.2.3. Run the from a different device in the fabric until all SMs present have been used. All s on managed switches and one instance of opensm must be used.	33 34 35
		h device must pass all verification procedures with every SM to pass Fabric alization test.	36 37 38 39 40 41

Table 29 - ibdi	iagnet commands
Commands	Description

lbdiagnet -c 1000	send 1000 Node Descriptions
ibdiagnet -h	Help
Ibdiagnet -lw 4x - ls 2.5	Specify link width and speed
Ibdiagnet - pc	Clear Counter
ibdiagnet -t <file></file>	Compare current topology to saved topology
ibdiagnet -wt	Writes the topology to a file

Note: The topology file is being generated after the SM starts but before any testing has started. The topology comparison is being performed after testing has been completed but before the systems get rebooted. A topology check is performed during every part of every test section that does not specifically state "change the topology". For example Fabric Init only has 1 part so there is only 1 check but RDS has 2 parts so 2 checks are performed. However, IPoIB has 3 parts for each of 2 modes but 1 of those parts specifically says to change the topology so only 4 checks occur.



- 36
- 37
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- 40
- 41
- 41

14.3 IB IPOIB DATAGRAM MODE (DM) USING WINOF 1 14.3.1 SETUP 2 Note: WinOF 2.0.2 only supports IPoIB Datagram Mode. Future WinOF releases will support IPOIB Connected-Mode. 5 Connect the HCAs and switches as per the Architected Network and make sure that no SM is running on the Fabric. 6 This procedure, as the previous ones, will be based on the cluster connectively. An SMXSA which supports IPoIB Guidficient IB multicast support) will be running on the HCAs, or on a switch with an embedded SM/SA or a third HCA which wold only run SM/SA for the partner pair (with a switch in the middle). This procedure has been developed for the Windows environment. Optional: In the procedures below, an IB analyzer can be inserted in the appropriate link to obtain traces and validate the aspects of the procedures specifically detailed below in subsequent sections. 15 14.3.2 IPOIB INTERFACE CREATION AND IPOIB SUBNET CREATION 1 1 1 Onfigure IPOIB address. All addresses must reside on the same subnet. 1 2) Verify which "Local Area Connection" the IPOIB interfaces are bound to: a) Start Server Manager View Network Connections. 1 b) Find the Open Fabrics IPOIB interfaces (no per HCA port). If your platform has two Ethernet ports, then IPOIB interfaces (ikely will be assigned Local Area Connection 3' & "Local Area Connection 3' as the Etherization 2'. 2 a) netsh interface ip set address "Local Area Connection 3'' as the Etherize to the Ubol 3'. Start a SM (SE 255.255.0) 3					
Note: WinOF 2.0.2 only supports IPoIB Datagram Mode. Future WinOF releases will support IPoIB Connected-Mode. 4 Connect the HCAs and switches as per the Architected Network and make sure that no SM is running on the Fabric. 7 This procedure, as the previous ones, will be based on the cluster connectivity. An SM/SA which supports IPoIB (sufficient IB multicast support) will be running on the HCAs, or on a switch with an embedded SM/SA or a third HCA which would only run SM/SA for the partner pair (with a switch in the middle). This procedure has been developed for the Windows environment. Optional: In the procedures below, an IB analyzer can be inserted in the appropriate link to obtain traces and validate the aspects of the procedures specifically detailed below in subsequent sections. 14.3.2 IPoIB INTERFACE CREATION AND IPOIB SUBNET CREATION 1 Configure IPoIB address. All addresses must reside on the same subnet. 2) Verify which "Local Area Connection" the IPOIB interfaces inkely will be assigned "Local Area Connection" and "Local Area Connection and "Local Area Connection and "Local Area Connection" and "Local Area Connection and" Local Area Connection and "Local Area Connection and "Local Area		DE (DM) USING WINOF	1 2
Connect the HCAs and switches as per the Architected Network and make sure that no SM is running on the Fabric. 7 This procedure, as the previous ones, will be based on the cluster connectivity. An SM/SA which supports IPOIB (sufficient IB multicast support) will be running on the HCAs, or on a switch with an embedded SM/SA or a third HCA which would only run SM/SA for the parthere pair (with a switch in the middle). This procedure has been developed for the Windows environment. Optional: In the procedures below, an IB analyzer can be inserted in the appropriate link to obtain traces and validate the aspects of the procedures specifically detailed below in subsequent sections. 14.3.2 IPOIB INTERFACE CREATION AND IPOIB SUBNET CREATION 1 Configure IPOIB address. All addresses must reside on the same subnet. 2 Verify which 'Local Area Connection' the IPOIB interfaces are bound to: a) Start Server Manager View Network Connections. b) Find the OpenFabrics IPOIB interfaces (nee per HCA) ff your platform has two Ethemer ports, then IPOIB interfaces likely will be assigned 'Local Area Connection' and 'Local Area Connection and 'Local Area Connection' and 'Local Area Connection and 'Local Area Connection and 'Local Area Connection and 'Local Area Connection and 'Local Area Connection' and 'Local Area Connection' and 'Local Area Connection and					4
This procedure, as the previous ones, will be based on the cluster connectivity. 8 An SM/SA which supports IPolB (sufficient IB multicast support) will be running on the HCAs, or an switch with an embedded SM/SA or a third HCA which would only run SM/SA for the partner pair (with a switch in the middle). This procedure has been developed for the Windows environment. 11 Optional: In the procedures below, an IB analyzer can be inserted in the appropriate link to obtain traces and validate the aspects of the procedures specifically detailed below in subsequent sections. 13 14.3.2 IPOIB INTERFACE CREATION AND IPOIB SUBNET CREATION 16 1 0 Configure IPolB address. All addresses must reside on the same subnet. 17 2) Verify which 'Local Area Connection' the IPoIB interfaces are bound to: 18 a) Start Server Manager View Network Connections. 19 b) Find the OpenFabrics IPoIB interfaces likely will be assigned 'Local Area Connection' and 'Local Area Connection' and 'Local Area Connection' and 'Local Area Connection' and 'Local Area Connection a'' as the Ethernet ports, then IPolB interfaces likely will be assigned 'Local Area Connection' and 'Local Area Connection a'' as the Ethernet ports, then IPolB interfaces likely will be assigned 'Local Area Connection a'' as the Ethernet ports, then IPolB interfaces in the appropriate are assigned 'Local Area Connection a''' as the Ethernet ports, then IPolB interfaces likely will be assigned 'Local Area Connection a'' as the Ether- 20 a) Set interfaces to 10.0.x/24 (10.0.0.x/netmask 255.25				•	6
priate link to obtain traces and validate the aspects of the procedures specifically detailed below in subsequent sections. 14.3.2 IPolB INTERFACE CREATION AND IPOIB SUBNET CREATION 15 14.3.2 IPolB INTERFACE CREATION AND IPOIB SUBNET CREATION 10 Configure IPolB address. All addresses must reside on the same subnet. 17 2) Verify which 'Local Area Connection' the IPolB interfaces are bound to: a) Start Server Manager View Network Connections. 19 b) Find the OpenFabrics IPolB interfaces (one per HCA port). If your platform has two Ethernet ports, then IPolB interfaces likely will be assigned 'Local Area Connection 3' & 'Local Area Connection 4' as the Ethernet ports are assigned 'Local Area Connection 3' & 'Local Area Connection 4' as the Ethernet ports. 23 3) Set interfaces to 10.0.0.x/24 (10.0.0.x/netmask 255.255.255.0) using the following commands: 26 27 a) netsh interface ip set address "Local Area Connection 3" static 10.10.4.x 255.255.255.0 28 29 b) netsh interface ip set address "Local Area Connection 4" static 10.10.4.y 255.255.255.0 28 29 c) View the IPOIB IP address using the following command a) netsh interface ip set address "Local Area Connection 3" 21 14.3.3 PING PROCEDURES 23 30 Start and verify that none are running 31 3) Ster interface ip set address in the fabric (this insures that the new SM will configure all the links and create the multi-cast join). <td< th=""><th></th><th>An on woi</th><th>SM/ the I uld c</th><th>SA which supports IPoIB (sufficient IB multicast support) will be running HCAs, or on a switch with an embedded SM/SA or a third HCA which only run SM/SA for the partner pair (with a switch in the middle). This pro-</th><th>8 9 10 11</th></td<>		An on woi	SM/ the I uld c	SA which supports IPoIB (sufficient IB multicast support) will be running HCAs, or on a switch with an embedded SM/SA or a third HCA which only run SM/SA for the partner pair (with a switch in the middle). This pro-	8 9 10 11
1) Configure IPoIB address. All addresses must reside on the same subnet. 17 2) Verify which 'Local Area Connection' the IPoIB interfaces are bound to: a) Start Server Manager View Network Connections. 90 a) Start Server Manager View Network Connections. 91 91 b) Find the OpenFabrics IPoIB interfaces (one per HCA port). If your platform has two Ethernet ports, then IPoIB interfaces likely will be assigned 'Local Area Connection 3' & 'Local Area Connection 4' as the Ethernet ports are assigned 'Local Area Connection' and 'Local Area Connection 2'. 23 3) Set interfaces to 10.0.0.x/24 (10.0.0.x/netmask 255.255.255.0) using the following commands: 26 a) netsh interface ip set address "Local Area Connection 3" static 27 10.10.4.x 255.255.255.0 28 b) netsh interface ip set address "Local Area Connection 4" static 29 10.10.4.x 255.255.255.0 30 4) View the IPoIB IP address using the following command 31 a) netsh interface ip set address "Local Area Connection 3" 32 14.3.3 PING PROCEDURES 33 Step A 1) Stop all SM's and verify that none are running 35 3) Start an SM (All SM's will need to be tested) and let it initialize 36 3) Start an SM (All SM's will need to be tested) and let it initialize 36 3) Start an SM (All S		pria	ate li	nk to obtain traces and validate the aspects of the procedures specifically	14
 1) Conligute in OB address. All addresses interfaces of the relate of the state state. 2) Verify which 'Local Area Connection' the IPolB interfaces rebound to: a) Start Server Manager View Network Connections. b) Find the OpenFabrics IPolB interfaces (one per HCA port). If your platform has two Ethernet ports, then IPolB interfaces likely will be assigned 'Local Area Connection 3' & 'Local Area Connection 4' as the Ethernet ports are assigned 'Local Area Connection 3' & 'Local Area Connection 4' as the Ethernet ports are assigned 'Local Area Connection 2'. 3) Set interfaces to 10.0.0.x/24 (10.0.0.x/netmask 255.255.255.0) using the following commands: a) netsh interface ip set address "Local Area Connection 3" static b) netsh interface ip set address "Local Area Connection 4" static 10.10.4.x 255.255.255.0 b) netsh interface ip set address "Local Area Connection 4" static 10.10.4.y 255.255.255.0 b) netsh interface ip set address "Local Area Connection 3" static a) netsh interface ip set address "Local Area Connection 3" static 10.10.4.y 255.255.255.0 b) netsh interface ip set address "Local Area Connection 3" static a) netsh interface ip set address "Local Area Connection 3" c) View the IPoIB IP address using the following command a) netsh interface ip show address "Local Area Connection 3" 14.3.3 PING PROCEDURES Step A Stop all SM's and verify that none are running Start an SM (All SM's will need to be tested) and let it initialize Note: For link testing it is recommended to use an OFED Linux OpenSM as the Windows version of OpenSM does not support all SA queries and functionality of the OFED 1.4 OpenSM. 	14.3.2 IPOIB INTERFACE CREATIC	N A	ND I	POIB SUBNET CREATION	
 2) Verify with Clocal Area Connection the Polis Interfaces are bound to. a) Start Server Manager View Network Connections. b) Find the OpenFabrics IPOIB interfaces (one per HCA port). If your platform has two Ethernet ports, then IPOIB interfaces likely will be assigned 'Local Area Connection 3' & 'Local Area Connection' at as the Ethernet ports are assigned 'Local Area Connection' and 'Local Area Connection 2'. 3) Set interfaces to 10.0.0.x/24 (10.0.0.x/netmask 255.255.255.0) using the following commands: a) netsh interface ip set address "Local Area Connection 3" static b) netsh interface ip set address "Local Area Connection 4" static c) 10.10.4.x 255.255.255.0 c) netsh interface ip set address "Local Area Connection 4" static c) 10.10.4.y 255.255.255.0 d) view the IPOIB IP address using the following command a) netsh interface ip show address "Local Area Connection 3" 14.3.3 PING PROCEDURES Step A Stop all SM's and verify that none are running Power cycle all switches in the fabric (this insures that the new SM will configure all the links and create the multi-cast join). Start an SM (All SM's will need to be tested) and let it initialize Note: For link testing it is recommended to use an OFED Linux OpenSM as the Windows version of OpenSM does not support all SA queries and functionality of the OFED 1.4 OpenSM. 		1)	Co	nfigure IPoIB address. All addresses must reside on the same subnet.	
 a) Start Server Manager View Network Connections. b) Find the OpenFabrics PolB interfaces (one per HCA port). If your platform has two Ethernet ports, then IPolB interfaces likely will be assigned 'Local Area Connection 3' & 'Local Area Connection 4' as the Ethernet ports are assigned 'Local Area Connection' and 'Local Area Connection 2'. 3) Set interfaces to 10.0.0.x/24 (10.0.0.x/netmask 255.255.255.0) using the following commands: a) netsh interface ip set address "Local Area Connection 3" static 10.10.4.x 255.255.255.0 b) netsh interface ip set address "Local Area Connection 4" static 10.10.4.y 255.255.255.0 4) View the IPolB IP address using the following command a) netsh interface ip show address "Local Area Connection 3" 14.3.3 PING PROCEDURES 35 tep A Stop all SM's and verify that none are running Power cycle all switches in the fabric (this insures that the new SM will configure all the links and create the multi-cast join). 3) Start an SM (All SM's will need to be tested) and let it initialize Note: For link testing it is recommended to use an OFED Linux OpenSM as the Windows version of OpenSM does not support all SA queries and functionality of the OFED 1.4 OpenSM. 		2)	Ver	ify which 'Local Area Connection' the IPoIB interfaces are bound to:	
 b) Find the OpenFabrics IPolB interfaces (one per HCA port). If your platform has two Ethernet ports, then IPolB interfaces likely will be assigned 'Local Area Connection' 3' & 'Local Area Connection 4' as the Ethernet ports are assigned 'Local Area Connection' and 'Local Area Connection 2'. 3) Set interfaces to 10.0.0.x/24 (10.0.0.x/netmask 255.255.255.0) using the following commands: a) netsh interface ip set address "Local Area Connection 3" static 10.10.4.x 255.255.255.0 b) netsh interface ip set address "Local Area Connection 4" static 10.10.4.y 255.255.255.0 4) View the IPolB IP address using the following command a) netsh interface ip show address "Local Area Connection 3" 14.3.3 PING PROCEDURES Step A Stop all SM's and verify that none are running Power cycle all switches in the fabric (this insures that the new SM will configure all the links and create the multi-cast join). Start an SM (All SM's will need to be tested) and let it initialize Note: For link testing it is recommended to use an OFED Linux OpenSM as the Windows version of OpenSM does not support all SA queries and functionality of the OFED 1.4 OpenSM. 			a)	Start Server Manager View Network Connections.	
Iowing commands:26a) netsh interface ip set address "Local Area Connection 3" static2710.10.4.x 255.255.255.028b) netsh interface ip set address "Local Area Connection 4" static2910.10.4.y 255.255.255.0304) View the IPoIB IP address using the following command31a) netsh interface ip show address "Local Area Connection 3"31a) netsh interface ip show address "Local Area Connection 3"3214.3.3 PING PROCEDURES33Step A1) Stop all SM's and verify that none are running342) Power cycle all switches in the fabric (this insures that the new SM will configure all the links and create the multi-cast join).363) Start an SM (All SM's will need to be tested) and let it initialize37Note: For link testing it is recommended to use an OFED Linux OpenSM as the Windows version of OpenSM does not support all SA queries and functionality of the OFED 1.4 OpenSM.39			b)	form has two Ethernet ports, then IPoIB interfaces likely will be assigned 'Local Area Connection 3' & 'Local Area Connection 4' as the Ether- net ports are assigned 'Local Area Connection' and 'Local Area Con -	21 22 23
a) netsh interface ip set address "Local Area Connection 3" static 27 10.10.4.x 255.255.255.0 28 b) netsh interface ip set address "Local Area Connection 4" static 29 10.10.4.y 255.255.255.0 30 4) View the IPOIB IP address using the following command 31 a) netsh interface ip show address "Local Area Connection 3" 31 14.3.3 PING PROCEDURES 33 Step A 1) Stop all SM's and verify that none are running 34 2) Power cycle all switches in the fabric (this insures that the new SM will configure all the links and create the multi-cast join). 36 3) Start an SM (All SM's will need to be tested) and let it initialize 37 Note: For link testing it is recommended to use an OFED Linux OpenSM as the Windows version of OpenSM does not support all SA queries and functionality of the OFED 1.4 OpenSM. 39		3)		· · · · ·	
b) netsh interface ip set address "Local Area Connection 4" static 10.10.4.y 255.255.255.0 30 4) View the IPoIB IP address using the following command a) netsh interface ip show address "Local Area Connection 3" 32 14.3.3 PING PROCEDURES 5 tep A 1) Stop all SM's and verify that none are running 2) Power cycle all switches in the fabric (this insures that the new SM will configure all the links and create the multi-cast join). 3) Start an SM (All SM's will need to be tested) and let it initialize Note: For link testing it is recommended to use an OFED Linux OpenSM as the Windows version of OpenSM does not support all SA queries and func- tionality of the OFED 1.4 OpenSM.			a)		27
4)View the IPoIB IP address using the following command a) netsh interface ip show address "Local Area Connection 3"3114.3.3 PING PROCEDURES33Step A1)Stop all SM's and verify that none are running342)Power cycle all switches in the fabric (this insures that the new SM will configure all the links and create the multi-cast join).353)Start an SM (All SM's will need to be tested) and let it initialize37Note: For link testing it is recommended to use an OFED Linux OpenSM as the Windows version of OpenSM does not support all SA queries and functionality of the OFED 1.4 OpenSM.31			b)	•	29
a) netsh interface ip show address "Local Area Connection 3"3214.3.3 PING PROCEDURES33Step A1) Stop all SM's and verify that none are running342) Power cycle all switches in the fabric (this insures that the new SM will configure all the links and create the multi-cast join).353) Start an SM (All SM's will need to be tested) and let it initialize37Note: For link testing it is recommended to use an OFED Linux OpenSM as the Windows version of OpenSM does not support all SA queries and functionality of the OFED 1.4 OpenSM.38		4)	Vie	w the IPoIB IP address using the following command	
Step A1)Stop all SM's and verify that none are running342)Power cycle all switches in the fabric (this insures that the new SM will configure all the links and create the multi-cast join).363)Start an SM (All SM's will need to be tested) and let it initialize37Note: For link testing it is recommended to use an OFED Linux OpenSM as the Windows version of OpenSM does not support all SA queries and functionality of the OFED 1.4 OpenSM.3840			a)	netsh interface ip show address "Local Area Connection 3"	
 2) Power cycle all switches in the fabric (this insures that the new SM will configure all the links and create the multi-cast join). 3) Start an SM (All SM's will need to be tested) and let it initialize Note: For link testing it is recommended to use an OFED Linux OpenSM as the Windows version of OpenSM does not support all SA queries and functionality of the OFED 1.4 OpenSM. 	14.3.3 PING PROCEDURES				33
 2) Fower cycle all switches in the fabric (this insules that the new Six will configure all the links and create the multi-cast join). 3) Start an SM (All SM's will need to be tested) and let it initialize Note: For link testing it is recommended to use an OFED Linux OpenSM as the Windows version of OpenSM does not support all SA queries and functionality of the OFED 1.4 OpenSM. 	Step A	1)	Sto	p all SM's and verify that none are running	
Note: For link testing it is recommended to use an OFED Linux OpenSM as the Windows version of OpenSM does not support all SA queries and functionality of the OFED 1.4 OpenSM. 38		2)			
the Windows version of OpenSM does not support all SA queries and func- tionality of the OFED 1.4 OpenSM.		3)	Sta	rt an SM (All SM's will need to be tested) and let it initialize	
			the	Windows version of OpenSM does not support all SA queries and func-	39 40

	vic	te: All WinOF installed systems contain a disabled OpenSM windows ser- e. A WinOF installation option/feature is to automatically 'start/enable' the penSM service on the local node.	1 2 3
	•	Start Server Manager Configuration Services InfiniBand Subnet Manager Automatic apply	4
	•	Start Apply will enable the local OpenSM to start and be started upon system boot.	5 6
	a)	Visually verify that all devices are in the active state. Orange led will be on if the port is active.	7 8
	b)	From a Linux system, Run "ibdiagnet" and verify that the SM you started is the one that is running and and that it is the master. You will need to know the GUID of the device since the SM will be reassigned on each reboot; the Windows 'vstat' command displays HCA info.	9 10 11 12
	c)	Verify that all nodes and switches were discovered.	13
	d)	WinOF 2.0.2 does not provide a ibdiagnet utility.	14
		Note : Ibdiagnet may show more switches than indicated by the physical number of switch platforms present. This is because some switches have multiple switch chips.	15 16 17
4)		amine the arp table (via arp -a) and remove the destination node's ib0 ad- ess from the sending node's arp table (via arp -d).	18 19
5)	lss	ue the command: sysctl net.ipv4.neigh.ib0.unres_qlen=18	20
	a)	This sets the qlen variable to 18 which increases the buffer size so that you do not get an initial dropped packet when using ping sizes 8192 and greater.	21 22 23
6)		ng every IPoIB interface IPv4 address except localhost with packet sizes 511, 1025, 2044, 8192, 32768 and 65500. 'ping /?' displays ping help.	23 24 25
	a)	10 packets of each size will be sent	25 26
	b)	Every packet size is a new ping command.	27
		Note: Windows does not support 65507 so we used 65500.	28
		Note : This is done from the Head Node utility "Run a Command" using the following command:	29 30
		for %i in (64, 511, 2044, 8192, 32768 and 65500) DO %d arp -d %d & ping -i 1 -n 10 -l %i %d & arp -d %d	31 32
7)	los	order to pass Step A, a reply must be received for every ping sent (without ing a single packet) while using each one of the SMs available in the ster.	33 34 35
	-		36
Step B 1)		ng up all HCAs but one.	37
2)		art an SM (all SMs will need to be tested).	38
3)		eck for ping response between all node (All to All).	39
		A response from the disconnected HCA should not be returned.	40 41
4)	Dis	sconnect one more HCA from the cluster.	41
			:

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	5)	Ping to the newly disconnected HCA from all nodes (returned).	No response should be	1
	6)	Connect the first machine (the one that was not comping response from all nodes that are still connected		3 4
	7)	Connect the disconnected HCA to a different switch or change the topology.	on the subnet which will	5
	8)	Ping again from all nodes (this time we should get a	response).	7
	9)	Follow Step B, this time bring the interface down and Server Manager View Network Connections IPolB disable and enable commands instead of physically HCAs.	(Local Area connection)	8 9 1
		Note : Each step must exhibit the expected behavior order for the device to pass Step B overall.	while using each SM in	1 1: 1:
Step C	1)	Follow Step A and B using a different SM until all SM Only one instance of each available SM is required. pass in order for the device to pass 13.3.3 overall.		14 13 10
	2)	Issue the command: sysctl net.ipv4.neigh.ib0.unres_	_qlen=3	1
		a) This sets the glen variable back to the default.		1
14.3.4 FTP PROCEDURE				2
	pai	P procedures requires an FTP server to be configured ther pair. An FTP client needs to be available on each P client is a standard Windows component.		2 2
		FTP server is a component of the IIS ' Internet Informa ich not a part of a standard Windows installation:	ation Services' manger	2 2 2
	Se age	e Start Server Manager Roles Add IIS. Configure er.	FTP server via IIS man-	2
14.3.4.1 SETUP				2
	1)	Make sure ftpd is installed on each node for the FTP	application	2 3
	2)	A special account for this should be created as follow		3
	2)	b) Username: Interop	<i>N</i> 0.	3
				3
14.3.4.2 PROCEDURE		c) Password: opentabrics		3
	_			3
	Ru	n FTP server on all nodes.		3
	1)	Start an SM (all SMs will need to be tested) and let in work utilities docs)	t initialize (ref MS Net-	3 3
		a) Verify that the running SM is the one you started	I.	3
	2)	FTP:		4
	Z)	FIF.		4

	a)	Connect an HCA pair via FTP on IPoIB using the specified user name and password.	1 2
	b)	Put the 4MB file to the %windir%\temp folder (generally C:\Win- dows\Temp) on the remote host.	3 4
	c)	Get the same file to your local dir again.	5
	d)	Binary compare the file using the Windows command 'fc /B tfile tfile.orig'.	6 7
		i) The two must be identical	8
3) Re	peat the procedure with a different SM.	9
	file	te : Every node must FTP the 4MB file to all others using all SMs and the s must be identical as determined by the binary compare in order for the vice to pass 13.3.4 overall.	10 11 12
	mi	te : Sections 13.3.3 and 13.3.4 must pass using the configuration deterned by sections 13.3.1 and 13.3.2 for the device to pass IPoIB Datagram ode overall.	13 14 15
			16
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14.4 IB SM FAILOVER AND HAND		VER I	PROCEDURE USING WINOF	1
14.4.1 SETUP				2
1)	Conn	ect HCAs per the selected topology.	3
2			test, all active SMs on the fabric which are going to be tested, must	4
_			m the same vendor. They will be tested pairwise: two at a time.	5
14.4.2 PROCEDURE				6
1)	Disab	le all SMs in the cluster.	7
2	2)	Start	a SM on either machine in a chosen pair.	8 9
			tart Server Manager Configuration Services InfiniBand Subnet lanager start apply	10
3	3)	Run '	vstat" on all Windows nodes in the fabric.	11 12
		a) V	erify HCA link active in vstat output.	13
4	l)	Verify	IPoIB is active on each node	14
			erify Local Area Connection assigned to IPoIB interface:	15
		í)		16
		,	work Connections.	17
		b) S	how IPv4 address assigned to IPoIB Interface(s):	18
		i)	netsh interface ip show address "Local Area Connection 3"	19
		ii	netsh interface ip show address "Local Area Connection 4"	20
			erify the IPoIB devices (one per cabled connected HCA port) are visi- le & operational from a device driver perspective using Device Manag-	21 22 23
				23 24
		(i 1)		25
			ing the IPoIB interface IPv4 address local and remote, verify traffic is ctually going in/out over IPoIB 'local area connection x'.	26
5	5)	Start	an Open SM on the second machine in the current pair.	27
6	5)	Verify	that the SMs behave according to the SM priority rules.	28
		a) T	he Windows OpenSM log file is located at '%windir%\temp\osm.log'.	29
		N	ote: The SM with highest numerical priority value is master and the	30 31
			ther is in standby. If both SMs have the same priority value then the SM	32
			ith the smallest guid is master and the other is in standby.	33
7			that all nodes in the cluster are present - ping all IPoIB interfaces	34
8	3)	Shuto	lown the master SM.	35
9))	Verify	the other active SM goes into the master state: see osm.log file.	36
1	0)	Verify	that all nodes in the cluster are present - ping all IPoIB interfaces	37
1	1)	Start	the SM you just shutdown.	38
1		•	that the newly started SM resumes it's position as master while the goes into standby again; see '%windir%\temp\osm.log'.	39 40
1	3)	Verify	that all nodes in the cluster are present - ping all IPoIB interfaces	41
				42

14)) Shutdown the standby SM.	1
,		2
15)	, ·····, ·····, ···· [·················	3
16)) Verify that all nodes in the cluster are present - ping all IPoIB interfaces	4
17)	Repeat proceeding steps [1-16] 2 more times with the same node pair, en-	5
		6
		7
		8
		9 10
		11
18)	Repeat steps 1-17 until all possible Sivi pairs from identical vendors in the	12
		13
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	2	25
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	2	42

14.5 IB SRP USING WINOF			1
14.5.1 SETUP			2
	1)	Connect the HCAs and switches as per the Architected Network and make	3
		sure that no SM is running on the Fabric.	4
	2)	Configure and Start a Linux OFED SRP target - VDISK BLOCKIO mode;	5
		(some assembly required) - <u>https://wiki.openfabrics.org/tiki-</u> index.php?page=SRPT+Installation	6 7
		a) assume /dev/sdb1 & /dev/sdc1 are formatted with /sbin/mkfs.msdos	8
		b) Setting SRPT LOAD=yes in /etc/infiniband/openib.conf is not good	9
		enough. It only loads ib_srpt module and does not load scst and its dev_handlers.	10 11
		c) modprobe scst	12
		d) modprobe scst_vdisk	13
		e) echo "open vdisk0 /dev/sdb BLOCKIO" > /proc/scsi_tgt/vdisk/vdisk	14
		f) echo "open vdisk1 /dev/sdc BLOCKIO" > /proc/scsi_tgt/vdisk/vdisk	15
		g) echo "add vdisk0 0" >/proc/scsi tgt/groups/Default/devices	16
		h) echo "add vdisk1 1" >/proc/scsi_tgt/groups/Default/devices	17
			18
		te: For the April 2012 Interop events, the OFILG decided that each target	19 20
		ould only advertise two volumes in order to reduce the amount of time required un the tests	20
	101		22
14.5.2 WINDOWS PROCEDURE			23
	1)	Start an SM (all SM's will need to be tested) and let it initialize.	24
		a) Verify that the running SM is the one that you started	25
	2)	Choose a node to work with	26
	3)	Verify the SRP driver loaded correctly; locate the SRP Miniport.	27
		a) Start Control Panel Device Manager Storage Controllers [InfiniBand SRP Miniport]	28 29
	4)	Discover + Enable (bring online) the SRP drive(s)	30
		a) Start Server Manager Storage Disk Management	31
	5)	You will find a basic 'unknown' and 'offline' disk; this one of your SRP volume(s).	32 33
	6)	Right-click the offline disk and select 'online'.	34
	, 7)	Right-click the volume space, assign the drive letter 'T'.	35
	ý 8)	Right-click the volume space, format the volume.	36
	,	Access the SRP drive via assigned drive letter. From a Windows/DOS	37 38
	-)	command prompt window, execute the following commands.	30 39
		a) vol T:	40
		b) dir T:\ (should be empty)	41
			42

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c) mkdir T:\tm	ιp	1
d) copy /B Wi	inOF_wlh_x64.msi T:\tmp	2
e) fc /B WinO	F_wlh_x64.msi T:\tmp\WinOF_wlh_x64.msi	3
	tmp\WinOF_wlh_x64.msi T:\tmp\WOF2.msi	4
	o\WinOF_wlh_x64.msi T:\tmp\WOF2.msi	5
h) fc /B WinO	F_wlh_x64.msi T:\tmp\WOF2.msi	6
	tmp\WOF2.msi WOF3.msi	7 8
	IF_wlh_x64.msi WOF3.msi	9
k) del T:\tmp\\		1(
	WinOF_wlh_x64.msi	11
m) dir T:\tmp	(should be empty)	12
n) rmdir T:\tm		13
,	buld be empty)	14
p) del WOF3.		15
	target located in Procedure #4	16 17
,	ep 9 for each volume found for all targets as determined by	18
•	Procedure step #4 - see Discover + Enable (bring online) the	19
11) Take SRP drive		20
,	/er Manager Storage Disk Management	2' 22
	the online disk and select 'offline'	23
c) dir T:\ (shc		24
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	ices in the fabric and repeat the procedure using a different	25
SM.		26
	t successfully complete all operations to and from all volumes	27
on all targets using per target are all th	all available SM's in order to pass SRP testing. Two volumes at is required	28
		29 30
		3
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		4(
		4
		42

14.6 IB UDAPLTEST COMMANDS	USING WINOF	1
Se	rver Command: dapl2test -T S -D <ia_name></ia_name>	2
14.6.1 IB SETUP		3
14.0.1 ID SETOP	The %SystemDrive%\DAT\dat.conf needs to be verified to be sure that the	4
	correct interface is used. The DAPL interface for IB is ibnic0v2.	5 6
	It is also important to verify that the desired dat/dapl libraries are available	7
	%windir%\dat2.dll	8
	%windir%\dapl2.dll	9
	To run dapl2test on IB, an SM needs to be running.	10
14.6.2 GROUP 1: POINT-TO-POINT TO		11
	3] 1 connection and simple send/recv:	12 13
[1.4	 dapl2test -T T -s <server_name> -D <ia_name> -i 100 -t 1 -w 1 -R BE</ia_name></server_name> 	14
	 client SR 256 1 server SR 256 1 	15
[1]	4] Verification, polling, and scatter gather list:	16
[dapl2test -T T -s <sever_name> -D <ia_name> -i 100 -t 1 -w 1 -V -P -R</ia_name></sever_name> 	17
	BE	18
	• client SR 1024 3 -f \	19
	• server SR 1536 2 -f	20
14.6.3 GROUP 2: SWITCHED TOPOLOGY		21
Infi	niBand Switch: Any InfiniBand switch	22 23
[2]	5] Verification and private data:	23 24
[—··	 dapl2test -T T -s <server_name> -D <ia_name> -i 100 -t 1 -w 1 -V -P -R</ia_name></server_name> 	25
	BE	26
	• client SR 1024 1 \	27
	• server SR 1024 1	28
[2.0	6] Add multiple endpoints, polling, and scatter gather list:	29
	 dapl2test -T T -s <server_name> -D <ia_name> -i 100 -t 1 -w 10 -V -P -R</ia_name></server_name> 	
	BE client SR 1024 3 \	31
	• server SR 1536 2	32 33
[2.]	7] Add RDMA Write :	34
	 dapl2test -T T -s <server_name> -D <ia_name> -i 100 -t 1 -w 1 -V -P -R BE</ia_name></server_name> 	35
	client SR 256 1 \	36
	server RW 4096 1 server SR 256 1	37
[2.3	B] Add RDMA Read:	38
	 dapl2test -T T -s <server_name> -D <ia_name> -i 100 -t 1 -w 1 -V -P -R BE</ia_name></server_name> 	39 40
	client SR 256 1 \	41 42

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	• server RR 4096 1 server SR 256 1	
4.6.4 GROUP 3: SWITCHED TOPO	OGY WITH MULTIPLE SWITCHES	
	[3.5] Multiple threads, RDMA Read, and RDMA Wri	te:
	 dapl2test -T T -s <server_name> -D <ia_nai BE</ia_nai </server_name> 	me> -i 100 -t 4 -w 8 -V -P -R
	client SR 256 1 \	
	• server RR 4096 1 server SR 256 1 client SF	R 256 1 server RR 4096 1 \
	server SR 256 1	
	[3.6] Pipeline test with RDMA Write and scatter gat	ner list:
	 dapl2test -T P -s <server_name> -D <ia_na 8192 2</ia_na </server_name> 	me> -i 1024 -p 64 -m p RW
	[3.7] Pipeline with RDMA Read:	
	 dapl2test -T P -s <server_name> -D <ia_na 4096 2</ia_na </server_name> 	me> -i 1024 -p 64 -m p RR
	[3.8] Multiple switches:	
	 dapl2test -T T -s <server_name> -D <ia_nai< li=""> </ia_nai<></server_name>	me> -i 100 -t 1 -w 10 -V -P -R
	BE client SR 1024 3 \	
	• server SR 1536 2	
4.6.5 WINOF DAPL2TEST WRAPP	R SCRIPTS	
	All the specified DAPL tests are conveniently located DAPL test server & client scripts.	d in the WinOF distributed
	 %ProgramFiles(x86)%\WinOF\dt-svr.bat 	
	 To run the dapl2test Server, to a Window type 'dt-svr'. Only one server is necessa communicate with a single dapl2test ser different nodes can exist. A single dapl2 with only one dapl2test server at a time. 	ary – multiple clients can rver; multiple servers on test client communicates
	 No further server action is required as the sistent; looping waiting for dapltest clien 	
	 %ProgramFiles(x86)%\WinOF\dt-cli.bat 	
	 'dt-cli' no arguments, will display dt-cli co 	ommand args & options.
	 Dapl2test client invocation: 'dt-cli IPoIB_ cmd' 	0
	 If the dt-svr command was executed on a interface address is 10.10.4.200 then 	a system where the IPoIB
	 'dt-cli 10.10.4.200 interop' would run the tween the client and server. 	above dap2tests be-
	 'dt-cli 10.10.4.200 conn' is a simple, qui client server connection is operational. 	•

14.7 IB MPI - INTEL MPI USING W	ΙΝΟ)F 1	1
14.7.1 Requirements		2	2
1)		el MPI is not part of the WinOF installation; acquire Intel MPI installer file m Intel.	
2)		tall same O/S version (Windows Server 2008-HPC) on homogenous56_64 systems.6	
3)		PI testing requires a reliable IB fabric without other fabric interop testing 7 curring.	
4)	Priv	vate Ethernet Network configuration	
	a)	DNS names must match hostnames in hosts file.	10
5)	Wir	nOF Installation requirements	11
	a)	Install the latest version of windf on all systems (double-click	12 13
		i) <u>http://www.openfabrics.org/downloads/WinOF/README</u> ¹	14
		ii) Select the default set of install features, includes uDAPL.	15
		III) Run OpenSM either on the headnode OR from one of the IB switch-	16 17
			18 19
	b)		20 21
		,,,,,	22 23
			24 25
		 netsh interface ip set address "Local Area Connection 4" static 10 40 4 x 255 255 0 	26 27
		This allows you to get the IDAID ID address	28
			29
			30
		iii) Verify by pinging IPoIB interface addresses on all nodes.	31
		3	32
14.7.2 Setup information for Intel MPI		3	33
•		ntel MPL on every cluster node:	34
			35
1)	Inte		36
	a)	niip.//www.inter.com/cu/software/products/asmo-na/eng/306295.ntm	37 38
2)	Inte	el MPI Benchmarks.	39
	a)	http://www.intel.com/cd/software/products/asmo-na/eng/clus- ter/mpi/219848.htm	10
3)	Ade	d identical user account (%SystemDrive%\users\test) on every node	41 42

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4) Headnode mount points (%SystemDrive%\test\export) on user accounts.

			_
14.7.3 Additional Information			3
1		to the individual test directories and follow the steps in the respective ADME-*.txt files.	4 5
2		r Intel MPI Support Services go to:	6
2		http://software.intel.com/en-us/articles/intel-mpi-library-for-win-	7
	a)	dows/all/1/	8
	b)	See Intel MPI Reference Manual for Additional information	9 10
			11
14.7.4 Intel MPI (MVAPICH 2) - Test I	Proce	dure	12
1	Ru	n a subnet manager from one node only.	13
2	Ru	n Intel® MPI Benchmarks from the HPC head-node:	14
	a)	Two sets of tests should be run, with these command lines	15
		 mpiexec -np <number li="" nodes="" number="" of="" proces-<="" x=""> </number>	16
		sors/node> IMB-MPI1 -multi 0 PingPong PingPing	17
		 mpiexec -np <number nodes="" number="" of="" proces-<br="" x="">sors/node> IMB-MPI1</number> 	18 19
		The first command runs just the PingPong and PingPing point-to- point tests, but makes all tasks active (pairwise).	20 21
		The second command runs all the tests (PingPong, PingPing, Send- recv, Exchange, Bcast, Allgather, Allgatherv, Alltoall, Reduce, Reduce_scatter, Allreduce, Barrier), in non-multi mode.	22 23 24
	b)	If the test passes shutdown current subnet manager and start another one on a different node; run both tests again.	25
3	Re	peat until all nodes have run a subnet manager and passed all tests.	26 27
			28
14.7.5 Interpreting the results			29
1) TB	A	30
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15 BUG REPORTING METHODOLO	OGY	DURING PRE-TESTING	1
		following bug reporting methodology will be followed during the execution of operability pre-testing at UNH-IOL.	2 3
	'	JNH-IOL and the OEMs (e.g. Chelsio, Data Direct, Intel, NetApp, Mellanox) will assign a focal point of contact to enable fast resolution of problems.	4
:	2) I	Bug reports will include:	6 7
	i	a) Detailed fail report with all relevant detail (Test/Application, Topology.).	/ 8
	I	b) [For IB] IB trace if needed.	9
	(c) [For iWARP] iWARP, TCP and SCTP traces if needed.	10
:		Bug reports will be sent via email by UNH-IOL to the focal point assigned by he OEM	11 12
2	4) I	Bug reports and suggested fixes will be sent to the OpenFabrics devel-	13
	, (opment community - OFA Bugzilla. When such reports are communicated,	14
		JNH-IOL will ensure that confidentiality between UNH-IOL and the OEM will be maintained. Bug reports will be generalized and not include any company	15
		specific proprietary information such as product name, software name,	16
		version etc.	17
	'	All bug fixes/issues that are found during testing will be uploaded to the	18
		OpenFabrics repository. Documentation related to fixes will not mention any company specific proprietary information.	19
			20
		e: This test plan does not cover how bugs will be reported by IBTA/CIWG or i WARP during or after interoperability testing at plugfests.	21
			22 23
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			4.0

16 RESULTS SUMMARY

16.1 INFINIBAND SPECIFIC TEST RESULTS

Please add a check mark whenever a test case passes and when the system is behaving according to the criteria mentioned below. Otherwise indicate a failure along with a comment explaining the nature of the failure.

Results Table 1 - IB Link Initialize

Test #	Test	Pass	Fail	Comment	
1	Phy link up all ports				

Results Table 2 - IB Fabric Initialization

Test #	Test	Pass	Fail	Comment	1
1	Verify that all ports are in Armed or Active state				1

Results Table 3 - IB IPoIB - Connected Mode (CM)

Test #	Test	Pass	Fail	Comment
1	Ping all to all - Ping using SM 1			
2	Ping all to all - Ping using SM 2			
3	Ping all to all - Ping using SM 3			
4	Ping all to all - Ping using SM 4			
5	Ping all to all - Ping using SM 5			
6	Ping all to all - Ping using SM 6			
7	Ping all to all - Ping using SM x			
8	Connect/Disconnect Host			
9	FTP Procedure			

Test #	Test	Pass	Fail	Comment	
1	Ping all to all - Ping using SM 1				
2	Ping all to all - Ping using SM 2				
3	Ping all to all - Ping using SM 3				
4	Ping all to all - Ping using SM 4				
5	Ping all to all - Ping using SM 5				
6	Ping all to all - Ping using SM 6				
7	Ping all to all - Ping using SM x				
8	Connect/Disconnect Host				
9	FTP Procedure				

Results Table 4 - IB IPoIB - Datagram Mode (DM)

Table 5 - IB SM Failover/Handover

Test #	Test	Pass	Fail	Comment	
1	Basic sweep test				
2	SM Priority test				
3	Failover test - Disable SM1				
4	Failover test - Disable SM2				

Results Table 6 - IB SRP

Test #	Test	Pass	Fail	Comment	
1	Basic dd application				
2	IB SM kill				3

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Test #	Test	Pass	Fail	Comment	
1	Basic Setup				
2	Configure Gateway				
3	Add Storage Device				
4	Basic dd application				
5	IB SM kill				
6	Disconnect Host/Target				
7	Load Host/Target				
8	dd after SRP Host and Target reloaded				
9	Reboot Gateway				
10	dd after FC Gateway reboot				

Results Table 8 - Ethernet Gateway - (IB Specific)

Test #	Test	Pass	Fail	Comment
1	Basic Setup			
2	Start ULP			
3	Discover Gateway			
4	SM Failover			
5	Ethernet gateway reboot			
6	ULP restart			
7	Unload/load ULP			

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16.2 ETHERNET SPECIFIC TEST RESULTS Results Table 9 - iWARP Link Initialize Test # Test Pass Fail Comment Phy link up all ports Verify basic IP connectivity Table 10 - RoCE Link Initialize Test # Test Pass Fail Comment Phy link up all ports Verify basic IP connectivity

16.3 TRANSPORT INDEPENDENT TEST RESULTS

Results Table 11 - TI iSER

Test #	Test	Pass	Fail	Comment	
1	Basic dd application				
2	IB SM kill				
3	Disconnect Initiator				
4	Disconnect Target				
5	Repeat with previous SM Slave				

Results Table 12 - TI NFS Over RDMA

Test #	Test	Pass	Fail	Comment	1
1	File and directory creation				
2	File and directory removal				
3	Lookups across mount point				
4	Setattr, getattr, and lookup				
5	Read and write				
6	Readdir				
7	Link and rename				
8	Symlink and readlink				
9	Statfs				1

Results Table 13 - TI RDS

Test #	Test	Pass	Fail	Comment	34
1	rds-ping procedure				35
2	rds-stress procedure				36

Results	Table	14 - TI	uDAPL
Itcourto	Lanc		

Test #	Test	Pass	Fail	Comment
1	P2P - Connection & simple send receive			
2	P2P - Verification, polling & scatter gather list			
3	Switched Topology -Verification and private data			
4	Switched Topology - Add multiple endpoints, polling, & scatter gather list			
5	Switched Topology - Add RDMA Write			
6	Switched Topology - Add RDMA Read			
7	Multiple Switches - Multiple threads, RDMA Read, & RDMA Write			
8	Multiple Switches - Pipeline test with RDMA Write & scatter gather list			
9	Multiple Switches - Pipeline with RDMA Read			
10	Multiple Switches - Multiple switches			

Results Table 15 - TI RDMA Basic Interop

Test #	Test	Pass	Fail	Comment	2
1	Small RDMA READ				2
					2
2	Large RDMA READ				2
3	Small RDMA Write				2
4	Large RDMA Write				3
5	Small RDMA SEND				3
6	Large RDMA SEND				3
7	Small RDMA Verify				3
8	Large RDMA Verify				3

Results Table 16 - TI RDMA Stress Tests

Test #	Test	Pass	Fail	Comment	4
1	Switch Load				6
2	Switch Fan In				7

Table 17 - RSockets

Test #	Test	Pass	Fail	Comment
1	Socket calls			
2	Asynchronous calls			
3	Blocking calls			
4	Non-blocking calls			
5	Verified transfers			

16.4 OPEN MPI TEST RESULTS

Results Table 18 - TI MPI - Open MPI							
Test #	Test Suite	Pass	Fail	Comment			
	Phase 1: '	'Short''	tests				
2	OMPI built with OpenFabrics support						
3	OMPI basic functionality (hostname)						
4.1	Simple MPI functionality (hello_c)						
4.2	Simple MPI functionality (ring_c)						
5	Point-to-point benchmark (NetPIPE)						
6.1.1	Point-to-point benchmark (IMB PingPong multi)						
6.1.2	Point-to-point benchmark (IMB PingPing multi)						
	Phase 2: '	"Long"	tests				
6.2.1	Point-to-point benchmark (IMB PingPong)						
6.2.2	Point-to-point benchmark (IMB PingPing)						
6.2.3	Point-to-point benchmark (IMB Sendrecv)						
6.2.4	Point-to-point benchmark (IMB Exchange)						
6.2.5	Collective benchmark (IMB Bcast)						
6.2.6	Collective benchmark (IMB Allgather)						
6.2.7	Collective benchmark (IMB Allgatherv)						
6.2.8	Collective benchmark (IMB Alltoall)						
6.2.9	Collective benchmark (IMB Reduce)						
6.2.10	Collective benchmark (IMB Reduce_scatter)						
6.2.11	Collective benchmark (IMB Allreduce)						
6.2.12	Collective benchmark (IMB Barrier)						
6.3.1	I/O benchmark (IMB S_Write_Indv)						
6.3.2	I/O benchmark (IMB S_IWrite_Indv)						
6.3.3	I/O benchmark (IMB S_Write_Expl)						
6.3.4	I/O benchmark (IMB S_IWrite_Expl)						
6.3.5	I/O benchmark (IMB P_Write_Indv)						
6.3.6	I/O benchmark (IMB P_IWrite_Indv)						

Results Table 18 - TI MPI - Open MPI

Test #	Test Suite	Pass	Fail	Comment
6.3.7	I/O benchmark (IMB P_Write_Shared)		-	
6.3.8	I/O benchmark (IMB P_IWrite_Shared)			
6.3.9	I/O benchmark (IMB P_Write_Priv)			
6.3.10	I/O benchmark (IMB P_IWrite_Priv)			
6.3.11	I/O benchmark (IMB P_Write_Expl)			
6.3.12	I/O benchmark (IMB P_IWrite_Expl)			
6.3.13	I/O benchmark (IMB C_Write_Indv)			
6.3.14	I/O benchmark (IMB C_IWrite_Indv)			
6.3.15	I/O benchmark (IMB C_Write_Shared)			
6.3.16	I/O benchmark (IMB C_IWrite_Shared)			
6.3.17	I/O benchmark (IMB C_Write_Expl)			
6.3.18	I/O benchmark (IMB C_IWrite_Expl)			
6.3.19	I/O benchmark (IMB S_Read_Indv)			
6.3.20	I/O benchmark (IMB S_IRead_Indv)			
6.3.21	I/O benchmark (IMB S_Read_Expl)			
6.3.22	I/O benchmark (IMB S_IRead_Expl)			
6.3.23	I/O benchmark (IMB P_Read_Indv)			
6.3.24	I/O benchmark (IMB P_IRead_Indv)			
6.3.25	I/O benchmark (IMB P_Read_Shared)			
6.3.26	I/O benchmark (IMB P_IRead_Shared)			
6.3.27	I/O benchmark (IMB P_Read_Priv)			
6.3.28	I/O benchmark (IMB P_IRead_Priv)			
6.3.29	I/O benchmark (IMB P_Read_Expl)			
6.3.30	I/O benchmark (IMB P_IRead_Expl)			
6.3.31	I/O benchmark (IMB C_Read_Indv)			
6.3.32	I/O benchmark (IMB C_IRead_Indv)			
6.3.33	I/O benchmark (IMB C_Read_Shared)			
6.3.34	I/O benchmark (IMB C_IRead_Shared)			
6.3.35	I/O benchmark (IMB C_Read_Expl)			
6.3.36	I/O benchmark (IMB C_IRead_Expl)			

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Results Table 18 - TI MPI - Open MPI

Test #	Test Suite	Pass	Fail	Comment	
.3.37	I/O benchmark (IMB Open_Close)				

16.5 OSU MPI TEST RESULTS

Results Table 19 - TI MPI - OSU

Test #	Test	Pass	Fail	Comment
1	Test 1: PingPong			
2	Test 1: PingPing point-to-point			
3	Test 2: PingPong			
4	Test 2: PingPing			
5	Test 2: Sendrecv			
6	Test 2: Exchange			
7	Test 2: Bcast			
8	Test 2: Allgather			
9	Test 2: Allgatherv			
10	Test 2: Alltoall			
11	Test 2: Alltoallv			
12	Test 2: Reduce			
13	Test 2: Reduce_scatter			
14	Test 2: Allreduce			
15	Test 2: Barrier			

Results Table 20 Remarks

General Remarks: Comments about the set-up, required updates to the TD, and any other issues that came up during the testing.